NEW YORK CLIPPER

THE OLDEST AMERICAN SPORTING AND THEATRICAL JOURNAL.

FRANK QUEEN, Editor and Proprietor. | NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JULY 4, 1868. | VOLUME XVI.—No. 13. PRICE TEN CENTS.

FOURTH OF JULY.

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER.

Now all ye jolly sports attend, and a story you shall hear,
About some men who have been dead for many and many a year,
But who have gained so high a place within the niche of fame
That all the rolling tide of years makes brighter every name.

The men of whom I sing are they who early occupied
The mighty land which is to day the freeman's boast and pride,
But which was then a minor part of Johnny Bull's dominions,
O'er which our sun-fed eagle bird scarce dared to spread his pinions.

In Philadelphia City you may any time behold,
On Chestnut street, a building which is very quaint and old;
There two and ninety years ago, the Fourth day of July,
Some five and fifty patriot men resolved to do or die.

They placed their names upon a scroll, where every one could see,
And then and there declared themselves and their descendants FREE;
They swore a solemn oath, my lads; and did they keep their word?
Go ask the wind that bleached the bones of the hosts of George the Third.

Upon the State House green a crowd assembled, and they all,
With aching hearts and straining eyes, looked to the little hall
Where the Continental Congress sat, deliberating on
The greatest deed that ever yet by human minds was done.

When Thomas Jefferson came up the populace made way;
The charter of a nation's life was in his hand that day.
John Adams smiled—he always smiled—but those who knew him best
Insisted that their smiling friend was ready for the test.

The great free sun in heaven looked down with fierce and fervid heat;
But fiercer, hotter beat the hearts of those who thronged the street.
I tell you, boys, this rough old earth saw never sight more grand
Than that which was enacted there in the quiet Quaker land.

"The Declaration's signed!" The news spread fast from mouth to mouth;
The north-wind bore it to the north, the south-wind to the south.
Defiantly the people spoke; the new flag was unfurled,
And the State House bell rang forth a peal that echoed round the world.

Now, all ye jolly sports, rise up and drink this toast with me:
"America, the land we love, God keep her always free!"
And here's to those who stand so high within the niche of fame
That each succeeding "Fourth" adds gems to every honored name.

H. J. D.

BOYLANCE-PURCELL, ENGRS.

SPORTS OF AUSTRALIAN ABORIGINES. BOOMERANG EXERCISES.

For description read elsewhere in the CLIPPER.

SHE WOULD BE AN ACTRESS.

A TALE OF THEATRICAL LIFE.

PART THE THIRD.

CHAPTER VIII.

THE ALARM—THE RESCUE—THE MANAGER'S SPEECH—THE MEETING—THE RIDE TO LIMEHOUSE—MRS. GRANT'S ALARM—THE MISSING DOCTOR.

"Fire!" It was a terrible word to ring through the busy hive of a theatre, where everything is constructed, as it seems, to court the advance of the terrible destroyer; where wood and canvas and inflammable matter of all kinds are recklessly exposed to the flame of hundreds of gas jets, which flicker and flare with every current of the draught which pours in through a thousand loop-holes.

A fearful sound to the troupe of girls who stand in the wings waiting their signal to bound on to the stage; one spark to their gauzy drapery and life might be the sacrifice. A cry of terror to a crowded audience, suggestive of tumult and panic, and danger; of trampling feet and rushing people, each intent on saving his own life, whether at the expense of his neighbor's or not. There was terrible excitement in the Albert Theatre as the cry arose. The assembled people could see the sudden flame and the confusion, and a rush of figures on to the stage, and then the heavy crimson curtains with their fanciful emblazonments fell hurriedly and hid everything from view. Then they rose *en masse*, and with wild haste those nearest the doors began to flee for their lives, deeming the theatre on fire, and spreading the report wherever they went, so that, when the performances were over, those who remained had to make their exit through a considerable throng, assembled to see something, they scarce knew what, and refusing to disperse though assured by their own eyes of the safety of the building. Those who kept their seats saw nothing, heard nothing, except a little confusion behind the curtain; there were no more screams, no more flames, and in a very few moments Mr. Adrian Wortley made his appearance, hat in hand, and trim and stylish as ever. His appearance was the signal for a good deal of applause; people began to think there could not be very much the matter, he was so very cool and composed; but then, perhaps, nothing that did not touch his pocket or injure his reputation as a manager would affect him much. Indeed, there were one or two people present who went so far as to say that the accidental burning of a *ballet girl* would have been nothing to him, supposing he were in no way to blame.

Be that as it may, he had something to say to them, and they prepared themselves to listen; the gentlemen setting him down as a snob and the ladies whispering behind their fans that they had no idea the manager of the Albert was such a handsome, gentlemanly man.

Certainly he looked to the best advantage by gaslight; his exquisitely fitting dress, his snowy shirt front sparkling with gleaming studs, his elaborately curled hair and white hand (for he had one glove off) a large hand it was, but very white and sparkling with rings, his thin boots, a marvel of faultless workmanship, the glossy hat he held so gracefully, all combined to give him an aristocratic and distinguished appearance.

He bowed—a most orthodox, managerial bow—and laid his hand upon his heart, so that the light might flash upon the fifty guinea diamond on his finger, and began in tones which faltered just to the right extent with his recent alarm and agitation, to assure his kind friends and patrons that all danger was over; that he was truly thankful to be able to inform them that the dear young lady had suffered from nothing except the alarm; that the fire had been instantly extinguished, and that if they would kindly pardon the delay the performance would begin immediately.

This speech was received with great applause, but there were a few uneasy spirits in the house who somehow did not believe in Mr. Wortley, and who demanded ocular demonstration of the young lady's safety.

Cries arose of—

"Where is she? Let's see her! Bring her on!" &c.

The manager was not in the least disconcerted; he had spoken truly and he smiled blandly.

"Certainly," he replied, bowing profoundly, and smiling so as to show his glittering white teeth, "he should be most happy; Miss Ross was necessarily very much alarmed, but they should see her since they were so kind as to wish it."

He left the stage, and in a very few moments returned, leading Maggie by the hand. She was wrapped in a large blue cloak hastily thrown around her by one of the ladies to conceal her burnt dress, and it had the effect of making her golden brown hair with its pendant dew-drops, and her fair arms and neck look more dazzling than ever.

She seemed to have taken no harm; the only trace of her recent peril was visible on the ends of her long hair, which were slightly blackened and scorched.

Mr. Wortley had said she was frightend, and she trembled visibly as she curtseyed, pleased and grateful for the kind applause she received, but there was a joyous sparkle in her eye and a tumult of glad emotion in her face which plainly told that some pleasurable sensation had replaced the fright before she was summoned to receive their congratulations.

And she made her final curtsey and withdrew, and the business of the evening went on; and people speculated among themselves how she could possibly have been saved from such imminent danger, and gave the management credit for having wet blankets and all sorts of appliances at hand for the prevention of such catastrophes, and remarked upon the admirable manner in which Mr. Wortley's theatre was managed.

And how had Maggie been saved? Whose had been the hand which had extinguished the climbing flames whose terrible heat she had felt upon her face and neck? How her heart beat with joy and agitation when she found it was Willie Burn's arms that encircled her, and his voice which whispered in her ear calling her his own darling Maggie, and bidding her look up and speak to him.

It was all a very matter of fact piece of business, the impulse of a quick perception to do the right thing at the right moment, though a grand story went the round of the papers afterwards, setting it forth as an "Accident at the Royal Albert Theatre—narrow escape—astonishing presence of mind."

There was a heavy cloak hanging on the wing by which he stood, ready for use in the next piece, and the young man seized it and sprang across the stage. The flame was extinguished in a moment, with no greater harm than a slight scorching of his hands.

Maggie could hardly believe her senses when she saw who was her preserver. She had heard of Willie, but had never seen him since his good fortune, and she fancied herself forgotten.

"Willie!" she said timidly, when she had recovered her breath and her scared senses, "is it possible?"

"Ay, Maggie, my darling!" he whispered, with a closer embrace, and his old well remembered smile. "Under heaven, becoming suddenly the means of saving you. We'll talk by and bye," he added, with a blush, conscious of the observant eyes around them. "You'll go home with me to Mrs. Grant's—you know her?"

"Yes," replied Maggie, in a whisper, and disengaging herself from his arms, blushing, as, all danger to their flimsy clothing at an end, the girls came flocking round, pleased and congratulating, and Mr. Wortley approached, stately and managerial, to thank the stranger who had been so prompt.

"You have done me a great service, sir," he said, "a very great service. Allow me to thank you in the name of all my company; the young lady will best speak her own gratitude to her preserver."

He spoke with a half consciousness that the young man's face was familiar to him, but the dress puzzled him. Willie laughed, and exclaimed—

"Why, Mr. Wortley, is it possible you don't know me? Am I so much altered as that? It isn't so long since I saw you."

"What, Burn!" said the manager, holding out his hand. "Mr. Burn, I should say now. I did not know you. I must congratulate you on your good fortune."

"Thank you, sir. I suppose I can take Miss Ross away for this evening? She will be hardly fit to appear again to-night."

"Certainly—certainly," replied the manager, noticing Maggie's face, from which the flush of excitement was rapidly fading; "I could not expect it from her. She will need a rest. Ah, I shall have to go and quiet them, I hear."

And he walked away to speak to the alarmed audience, while his company grouped themselves at the entrances to hear and criticise the "governor's speech," after the manner of theatrical companies generally.

Maggie stayed with Willie by her side for the same purpose, and it was well she did, for had she gone up to her dressing-room the manager could not have exhibited her in proof of his reassuring words. She was soon dressed and seated by Willie's side in a cab, and whirling away towards Limehouse.

Oh, how much they had to say to each other—how much they had to tell! But it seemed as if they could speak of nothing on that first meeting but their love and their joy.

Willie forgot all Barton's fancy, forgot the high fortune which might be in store for his darling, could think of no future but one of joyous life and happiness; and as for Maggie, business, danger, applause, the realities of her daily life, were all alike forgotten in the happiness of his return.

No more feeling alone in the world. No more envy of happier girls who had fathers, mothers, sisters, and loving brothers to go hand in hand with them through life. Had she not Willie Burn, her own Willie, unchanged in heart through all the long time since she had seen him? Willie, whom her father had liked, to whom he had promised to give her?

She wept with very joy when she contemplated the new light that had come upon her existence. She never asked him why he wanted her at Limehouse; she had not seen Mrs. Grant for a long time, and had no idea why she should be required there; she was going with him, and that was enough.

"You haven't once asked me why I want you at Limehouse," he said, when they drew near their journey's end.

"I never thought of it," she replied, blushing at the consciousness that she had not cared so as she was with him. "I was—"

"Too glad to see me, or too frightened, which, Maggie?"

"Oh, not too frightened," she said. "I was hardly frightened at all. It is far more terrible to look back upon. It was so soon over I hardly knew I was on fire till it was out. Oh, Willie, to think I should owe my life to you!"

"As much to yourself, dear; if you had not stood so still what I did would have availed nothing. You are sure you are not hurt?"

"Quite sure, not a scorch. I shall have to cut my hair, that's all; the ends are all frizzled."

"That's a pity," said the young man, caressing a stray curl which fell from under her hat, and looking playfully at the burnt ends. "Your hair is so nice. Do you know a Dr. Cameron, Maggie?"

"Cameron?" she said hesitatingly," I ought to know the name."

"Of Kinghorn?"

"Oh, I remember. But how do you know I ever lived at Kinghorn?"

"I came at the knowledge accidentally, Miss Matthews," he said slyly,

"Oh, Willie!" she said, in a half reproachful tone, as the name unheard for so many years fell from his lips, and the thought of all that was connected with it flashed across her mind.

"Have I pained you, dearest, by the mention of it?" he said tenderly. 'Forgive me if I did—forget that I used it, and I will never do it again."

"Oh, no," she replied, "you could not know all the sorrow, all the memories that the mention of it brings up. There was a dreadful reason for our changing our name. You'll know all about it, sometime. But why did you ask me about Dr. Cameron? He was a great friend, or, rather, perhaps I should say acquaintance of my poor father's."

"I know he was. He is here."

"Here?"

"Here, in London; Mrs. Grant is his sister. He is at her house and wants to see you."

"To see me?"

"Yes, particularly. I promised he should see you to-night; you mustn't be surprised at anything he says to you, for do you know, Maggie, dear, he seems to me very feeble and confused in his mind."

"He'll be an old man now; I remembered him always white haired and old looking."

"He's upwards of seventy. But see, here we are, that's the house. There's Mrs. Grant looking out. What's the matter with her, I wonder?"

For the second time that evening a cab stopped at the widow's door, to the great satisfaction of her neighbors, who began to spread all sorts of reports concerning the splendor of her visitors.

"Here's Miss Ross," said Willie, handing her out "and a great deal earlier than I expected to bring her—it's only ten o'clock, instead of twelve. But what's the matter, Mrs. Grant?"

"Oh, it's my brother, Mr. Burn. I'm so frightened! He went out two hours ago and isn't come back. He's lost himself, I know he has. I would have gone myself, only I can't leave Annie."

"Oh, he'll soon be found," said Willie, smiling. "There are plenty of people about, to say nothing of policemen; people can't be very well lost in London, unless they're taken ill, or something of that sort. He'll ask his way from some one, never fear."

"I don't know," said his sister, shaking her head. "I'm afraid something's happened to him; he's not well, I'm sure. He talked very oddly before he went out. He seemed dazed and stupid, I fancied, and I thought the air would do him good; I wish I hadn't let him go."

"Oh, we'll go and seek him," said Maggie, "and bring him back safe and sound, never fear. Which way did he go?"

"Down to the water; I watched him through the window."

"Very well, we'll go to the water, too," said Willie, and drawing Maggie's arm through his, they started on their errand.

CHAPTER IX.

MR. BARTON'S SECRET—CHECK—A CHANGED MOOD—THE SECRETARY'S DEPARTURE—THE PROPOSAL—A DINNER IS PROPECT.

Mrs. Saville rose from her seat with the card in her hand.

"Excuse me for a few minutes, gentlemen," she said, turning round with her most fascinating smile; "I will see this person, though I cannot think what he wants with me. "I am not going on the stage again."

"The stage!" said the duke, inquiringly.

"Yes; it is Worthy's secretary, or whatever he calls himself. What can he mean by coming here?"

"Get rid of him as soon as you can," said one of the gentlemen; "we cannot spare Mrs. Saville to any low fellow that comes to ask for her."

"Oh, stuff!" said the lady, as she left the room. "Where have you shown the gentleman?" she asked the footman, who waited her orders at the door.

"Nowhere, ma'am; he is in the hall."

"To the drawing room, then, directly, and say I am coming."

"Yes, ma'am."

In a very few moments she walked into her exquisitely furnished drawing room, and Mr. Barton started with almost as much surprise as John Thomas had exhibited only a short time before at her appearance and dress. He saluted her with a great show of respect, though any cultivated mind would have felt the contempt that lurked beneath.

"I must congratulate you, Mrs. Saville," he said, scrupulously adhering to the name she had chosen. "You seem to have dropped into a capital thing here; better than playing Juliet to a shilling gallery, or dancing at Cremorne, eh?"

"If that was all you came to say to me," she replied, with a half offended air, "you might have stayed away. I could have given myself that valuable information."

"I always thought you had deuced good taste," he continued, without heeding what she said;" I knew you'd be certain to do the thing tip top. This is better than St. John's Wood and the brougham and pair. Lord Lorraine couldn't do the thing like this."

"Better," she said, with a light laugh. "I should think it was. Brougham and pair! I might have a brougham and ten now if I chose to make such an exhibition of myself. Lord Lorraine had neither money nor taste. Money's no object here, I can tell you."

"So it seems. Again allow me to say, I congratulate you."

She curtsied with mock gravity, and gave him the full benefit of her lustrous blue eyes. He noticed with a sudden alarm the traces of serious indisposition about her; her trembling hand, her labored breathing, not hidden by her assumed gaiety.

"Can she be going off like that girl, Grant?" he asked himself. "If she is, I've no time to lose."

"You don't seem to have much to say to me," she remarked, noticing his look. "Have some champagne? It will set your wits to work, for I don't suppose you came all this way to compliment me on my taste or congratulate me on my good fortune."

"Neither one nor the other, believe me. I will have a glass of champagne. It won't be the first you and I have taken together, Miss Lennox—I beg pardon, Mrs. Saville."

"Neither the first nor the last, I hope," she said, ringing the bell and ordering in the wine, of which Mr. Barton was excessively fond, or pretended to be, because he thought it stamped him a man of taste, though in his secret heart gin and water would have been far more to his liking.

"I have something very particular to say to you; are you sure the flunkey isn't listening?"

Madeline rose with an impatient gesture and flung the door wide open.

"Satisfy yourself," she said shortly. "My servants are well trained and have neither eyes nor ears for what does not concern them."

"Ah, it's all right. I declare you queen it as if you had trained servants all your life. But they will do it; it's always best to be on the safe side."

"You are on the safe side now. Go on."

"Do you know, Mrs. Saville, I think that I have discovered a secret about you?"

"About me?"

She spoke perfectly quietly, but her heart gave a great bound as she thought of what she had heard so lately.

"Barton has found it out somehow," she thought to herself. "He'll try to trade on it, or I don't know him. I'll checkmate him if I can. I can better deal with the other than with him."

Perhaps not, had she but known the two men better. Barton would have sold his secret; not so John Thomas. Poor as he was, all her wealth would not have brought it from him after what had passed between them. He would reveal it some day, but not to *her*.

"Yes, about you," her visitor replied. "Are you sure you are the daughter of John Thomas, the showman? You see I know more of your early history than most people. Do you really think he was your father?"

"I know he was not," she replied, looking steadily at him, and seeing in a moment he was not prepared for her words. "That, at least, is no news."

"Confound it," he muttered, 'how has she discovered that? Can that fellow have seen her? No, that's impossible; he was going to tramp it and he couldn't have been here anyway till to-morrow. Ay, but I have other news," he continued aloud. "I have reason to believe—that is, I have discovered almost for a certainty—that you are not only not John Thomas' daughter, or his wife's either, but that you are the child of wealthy parents."

"Really, Mr. Barton, you are not at all happy in your projects to-night; you were to tell me some news; I have heard none as yet."

Barton was enraged, but he did not suffer it to appear.

"Of noble parents," he went on. "The proofs will be in my keeping before to-morrow night, and it rests with myself whether I give them up or destroy them."

"And you came to see what I would pay for the chance of a noble name and a princely fortune. Was not that your errand here to-night?"

"Something like it," he replied. "Your father would give anything to hold the proofs of his child's existence in his hand and look upon her face; your mother yearns for her daughter, whom she has believed dead for twenty years, and one word from me would bring the meeting about. You know me, Miss Lennox, and I know you. Shall I make a bargain with you, and give you what proofs exist of your birth, and let you appeal to your mother's heart with them, and lead her to take the most lenient view of what has passed in her daughter's career—or shall I go to your lordly father with my merchandise, and tell him to seek his long lost child in his friend's keeping?"

"Don't aggravate me, Barton," she said, with a touch of sadness in her tone. "You have told me yet nothing I did not know before. I should be a poor object to ask for a mother's love; I, who flung away all the affection I might have had years ago. You may keep your secret; six months hence it will be worth nothing to you."

Her defiant mood had passed away, perhaps some twinge of pain, some inward warning of the fell destroyer who had already laid his icy hand upon her young life had mutely spoken and reminded her how little chance she had of ever enjoying the fine things promised her; perhaps some remembrance had come over her amid her recklessness of what she might have been had she not willfully thrown away all her chances of love and happiness. The tears stood in her eyes as she spoke.

"Leave me as I am," she said. "I heard all you can tell me and more, an hour ago. Could you place me on a throne, mine by right of birth, you could not make me other than I am; could you make me a queen you could not force my subjects to respect me."

She covered her poor, thin face with its pink cheeks with her wasted hands, and wept silently and bitterly.

"Go away, James Barton," she said, at length. "Go away. Wait a little while, only a little while, and my mother will thank you more for showing her the plate of my coffin lid, the sculptured name on the tomb that covers me, than for taking her—her living child."

He was touched in spite of his coarse nature by her grief and remorse, and took her hand gently in his own.

"Don't touch me," she said. "Don't pity me. I have chosen my own path—the path that you, with the rest of the world, have helped me to walk in, with your flatteries and misrepresentations—leave me to walk in it. I little thought that I should ever weep again; it won't be for long, not many months, but I will die as I have lived, envied and gay—as gay as Madeline Lennox has always been."

She coughed frightfully when she had finished speaking, and he rose in alarm and laid his hand on the bell.

"No, no," she said. "It is nothing. I am often so; I shall die so some day. Do not leave me; have you anything more to tell me?"

"Yes, one thing, perhaps the strangest of all in this most strange affair. I believe you will not be alone in your suddenly acquired greatness. You have a sister."

"A sister?"

"A twin sister, as like yourself as you are both like your mother."

"Oh, don't say any more. I feel who it is; I know her; I hate her."

"Hate her?"

"Yes; it is that girl, Ross, is it not?"

Mr. Barton bowed.

"I knew it. I was sure from the first moment I saw her face that her fate and mine were bound up together. Her life was a living reproach to every one in the theatre, Barton."

"She was a good girl, I think."

"Good! she deserves all the good fortune that can befall her. Bah!" she exclaimed, some of her recklessness returning, "pour me out a glass of wine."

He did so and she drank it.

"Another!"

The second followed and she was herself again, with sparkling eyes and steady hand.

"The doctor (I was obliged to have a doctor the other day, do you know?) told me I was never to taste champagne; it was too exciting, he said. Exciting! What would life be but for the bubbles on the surface? The deep, dark water would overwhelm us soon. What makes you think this girl is my sister?"

"Because twin daughters existed. I can prove you to be one, and she bears on her hand the mark of the ancient family to which you both belong."

"It's quite a romantic affair," she said. "But when——"

She was interrupted by the entrance of a servant with:—"Mr. Saville's compliments, and would Mrs. Saville be detained much longer? They wanted her decision on something of importance."

"Directly, Robson," she replied, and the man withdrew. "I must go," she said, "I cannot stay any longer now. When shall I see you again?"

"Whenever you choose," he replied; "but you seem to know all I can tell you."

"Perhaps I do, but promise me one thing."

"What?"

"Not to take any step in the affair without at least letting me know. Hark, there is some one coming out of the dining room; I must go."

And hastily bidding him "good night," she left him with an expression of something very like fear on her face.

"It is a life of slavery, after all," he said to himself as he went out of the prettily arranged garden.

"Whether women find it all sunshine is a problem, I should think. Do nothing till I hear from her, or let her know; it won't matter to her for long. Poor little thing! how fast she has gone. She's led a precious fast life, she has. Well, well, I've Maggie Ross yet. She's a daughter a queen might be proud of."

Mrs. Saville rejoined her protector and his guests, who loudly complained of her desertion.

"Another moment and I should have come after you myself," he said, making room for her to sit down beside him, and filling a glass for her.

"I've been very much inclined to order Robson to pitch Mr. James Barton out at the window for the last half hour."

"He didn't deserve so hard a fate," she said, sipping her wine; "he came to talk to me about business."

"Business, ha! ha!" said Mr. Saville with a laugh, "the idea of you having business. We've got some business for you to settle; haven't we, Sephan?"

"Oh, most important," replied the gentleman addressed, "involving the date of a dinner, and the consumption of an unlimited quantity of edibles. A dinner at Blackwall has been proposed and seconded, and only waits your royal approval to become a pleasant anticipation."

"Oh, my royal approval is soon granted," she replied, lightly, "so consider it settled; and when?"

"Whenever you please; the sooner the better. The evenings will be drawing in soon, we are nearly into September. I don't think Blackwall is much fun, though."

"Oh, isn't it? It's glorious fun sometimes, but you shall choose if you like. Would you prefer Richmond?"

"Oh, I'm tired of Richmond, and I don't know so much about Blackwall; we'll go there."

"And the day?"

"Oh, how you bother me. Can't you fix for yourselves? Any day you like."

"This day week, then?"

"Yes, that'll do; at the Swan, at Blackwall, this day week; and here's to your merry meeting, gentlemen."

She raised the tall glass with its pinky contents to her lips as she spoke, and cast her eyes round the circle, making every one feel as if her glance had been meant for him alone, and they sat and talked on far into the night of the coming pleasure party by the river side, that silent highway which has secrets hidden in its own bosom, deeper than the one James Barton had thought to tell the fair mistress of Rose Villa, and only to be revealed in its own good time.

On the morning following the entertainment the duke and Mrs. Saville took equestrian exercise in the park, and the horse of the latter, while passing a terrace, became restive and reared so high that had it not been for the gallantry of a young passer-by, who caught the bridle, the rider's life would have been imperiled.

CHAPTER X.

THE DOCTOR'S SECRET—THE EVENING WALK—THE WOULD-BE SUICIDE—THE RECOGNITION—THE POLICE OFFICE—WILLIE AND MAGGIE—THE NEW AFFLICTION.

Mrs. Grant and her brother had a long talk over old times when her lodger had left them—of days when, little children, they ran happy and barefoot about the heathery hills of their simple Scottish home—of later times when her marriage separated them, and she left the north and all the pleasant associations of her girlhood for a few brief years of married prosperity and happiness, and a long dreary time of solitary privation and widowhood.

"No more privation, Mary," her brother said, gently, when she had finished her story. "I haven't made a fortune in all my years at Kinghorn, but I've something and you and Annie shall share it. I came to London on purpose to see about it."

"Such a long, hard journey," said his sister, pressing his hand.

"Such a happy one as I hoped it would be," he said, musingly, "such a joyous visit as I pictured to myself."

"And was it not a happy journey, brother? Was our meeting not joyous to you?"

"Yes, dear Mary, yes, but not unalloyed as I hoped it would be. Sister, twenty years ago I committed a crime."

"A crime! Oh, brother, it cannot be!" she exclaimed, in wonder.

"Ay, a crime, though heaven knows I did evil with a good intent. Had I not done what I did, or rather, had I not suppressed something which I knew, a mother's life might have been sacrificed. I only meant the deception to last a single night, and it has remained for twenty years."

Mrs. Grant looked at him in astonishment. She began to think his brain was surely wandering, and her voice had a soothing tone as she answered him.

"You deceive any one?" she said, earnestly; "you commit a crime? Impossible."

"Not impossible, sister. I did it. I allowed a weak, suffering mother to receive an infant not her own, in place of her dead child, and another to think that her babe was no more. I did it to ensure her a good night's rest, which was almost life to her then; but I was never able to undo what I had done; and now, after twenty years, a proof of the wrong I did exists to confound and ruin me."

"A proof, brother?"

"Yes, a proof—a mark existing only in the family whose child I suffered to be stolen. Surely my sin has found me out."

"And did no one know of it besides yourself?"

"Only one person, and she has gone to her account long since without revealing the secret."

"And the mother of the child?"

"The real mother knows not of her daughter's existence; the other—the woman for whose life's sake I sinned so deeply——"

"Well?"

"Is, if she be still alive, one of the lowest and most degraded waifs of this great sinful city. I have not heard of her for some time, but a year ago there was no company too degraded for her, no haunt too vile and foul to be her hiding place."

"How dreadful!" said Mrs. Grant, hardly knowing whether or not to attribute all she had heard to some delusion of her brother's fancy, or to believe in it as a truth. "What can you do about it now, at this distant time?"

"I will do all that I can," he replied, earnestly. "I can restore a daughter to a mother and give one whom I hear spoken of as a good and deserving girl a princely home and splendid fortune."

"And who is it?"

"Some one you know; you will see her to-night. There, don't be curious," he said, more cheerfully. "There's Annie calling; I'll stroll out while you attend to her."

"Don't lose yourself, then," she said, as she left the room. "My poor brother; he's certainly under some strange delusion."

She went to her suffering child and the doctor took up his hat and walked out into the little street. The rays of the setting sun gleamed on the opposite houses and lit a little peep of the river, which could be seen from the end of it into ripples of living gold. There are times when nature can find her way, even into the slums of mighty London; and that patch of shining water sent the old Scotchman's memory back to the broad Forth, with its fresh, clear depths, and the rocks and hills around his home. Backward went his thoughts through many a quiet uneventful year to the night of the birth of the three infants in James Matthews' house, and of the events which had followed. He was standing, looking down upon the water, the many sounds of seafaring life around him falling unheeded on his ear, when shrieks and screams mingled with shouts and jeering laughter roused him from his reverie and he turned and looked. Coming towards him was a crowd, a ragged, idle, dirty, unsavory crowd, the trim blue coats and shining buttons of policemen looking quite sumptuous by the contrast.

In the midst was something borne along and held by many hands, from which came the screams, and howls, and imprecations which rose far above the mingled laughter and remarks of the mob. Doctor Cameron was puzzled, and asked the first straggler in advance if it were an accident.

"An accident?" he replied, with a short laugh, "no, it's no accident; it's only screeching Meg."

This was so much Greek to the worthy doctor, and he looked his astonishment, which another of the unwashed perceiving, volunteered an explanation.

"We calls her screeching Meg because she allers screeches that way when she's drunk. Some on 'em takes their drop quiet, some's obstropolus other ways, but she allers makes for the river, she do, when she gets the tremmles."

"Makes for the river!" exclaimed the doctor, only half understanding, with some faint idea that *delirium tremens* was spoken of under the title of "tremmles."

"Ay, and wops herself in head first if there aint no bobby near; they're allers fishing her out of the mud like a drowned rat. Here she comes. My, aint she wet, just! Go it, Meg, go-o it!" and with a whoop responsive to the senseless howls of the drunken object the doctor's informant joined the procession.

The old gentleman looked on, and the mob parted, a little urged thereto by the greasy personage with whom he had spoken, and who had an eye to a pot of beer. There was a sudden stop just then; the lady had screamed and twisted till there was every prospect of her rolling off the stretcher and a halt was proclaimed to secure the plunging, fighting wretch, who seemed a match in her delirious strength for any two of the men around her. Truly she was a miserable object; dripping with the horrible mud of the Thames from every thread of her wretched attire, from every hair that hung in lank disorder from her restless head. Doctor Cameron felt an uneasy sensation as he looked; her face recalled a confused mass of recollections; he listened again, but her voice told nothing; it was harsh and coarse as the screech of an owl. Unconsciously he drew nearer and watched the policemen successfully strapping her down.

"Now we shall do, Bill," said one. "She won't smash in the crown of your hat now."

The crowd laughed, and indeed the article in question bore tokens of recent and severe mal-treatment.

"Up with her," said the policeman. "Ah, I thought we should quiet you, my lady."

The woman was staring at the figure of the doctor, who was looking on with a sorrowing face. Her mood had changed, and suddenly she raised her head, and looking him full in the face said with a piteous wail:—

"Where is my baby? Why dont you bring me my baby!"

The crowd shouted and laughed, but the doctor knew her now. Yes, that half-drowned, drunken drab, tied hand and foot, on her way to spend a night of delirious horror in the nearest police cell, was James Mathews' darling Maggie! The young wife he remembered so well in her happy home, who had seemingly loved her infant with such idolizing affection; the mother for whose sake he had suffered such years of repentance and remorse. He turned shuddering away as again and again the cry rose far above the ceaseless clatter of the crowd—

"Give me my baby. My little Maggie!"

"Do you know her?" asked a bystander, struck with the expression of his face as his eyes followed the throng.

"I think so; that is, I think I did years ago. Can anything be done for her?"

"Nothing," replied the gentleman; "I have been connected with the police in many ways for the last twenty years, and this woman is known at every office in London as the most notorious and troublesome prostitute and drunkard that can possibly exist."

"She was beautiful once," said the doctor, half to himself.

"So I have heard. I had a gentleman pointed out to me the other day as having brought her to town on account of her great beauty. Major Banks; you have heard of him, I daresay. She calls herself to this day, sometimes, Mrs. Banks."

"Then it is Maggie," Dr. Cameron said, sadly. "You are *sure* nothing can be done? I am a stranger in London——"

"So I perceive."

"And if any refuge could be found for this poor misguided creature——"

"She would break out of it in a week, as she has done already from half the reformatories and Magdalenes in England. No, no, my dear sir; it will be a happy day for every one connected with her when there is no one by to save her miserable life—when she throws herself into the Thames, as she has done to-night."

The old man sighed, and so sad an expression passed over his face that the stranger marked it.

"Some near relation maybe, poor old fellow," he said to himself. "I am going to the office," he continued aloud. "Would you like to step as far with me? If you are interested in this most deplorable case, you can get more information there."

"Thank you, thank you," replied the doctor; and he followed his new acquaintance, muttering to himself, sadly and wearily—"And it was for this woman I have kept the secret so long! God forgive me!"

At the office there were the officials, and the crowd of chattering idlers, and the policemen with their dismal burden—asleep now, or quiet at any rate. The inspector was directing what was to be done with her, and Dr. Cameron pressed forward to satisfy himself that he had made no mistake. It was dark by this time—long past ten o'clock—and the flaring gas lit up a strange group.

"You are sure you know her, sir?"

"Yes," he replied; "quite sure. Her name was——"

"Oh, there he is!" said a voice in the doorway; and stopping suddenly he saw Willie Burn with a young girl—very pale—on his arm.

"Back! back!" he cried, in an excited tone. "Take her away! Don't let her come in here!"

"No, it's no place for a lady," said the inspector, shortly, though with a certain kindness in his tone, as he caught sight of the young girl's face. "It's no good wasting any more time; men, take her away. Reserve 64, you'll have to stop by her after they've seen to her a bit."

"Yes, sir."

And the dripping, draggled form was lifted again, and removed to rouse under the manipulations of the attendants and the touch of the doctor, and to make night hideous for all within hearing by her fearful imprecations and screams, subsiding now and then into the plaintive wail which had gone to Dr. Cameron's heart, for her child, her baby, her little Maggie. Twenty years were erased from her poor, distempered mind, and she was living over again the happy, honest, upright portion of her life. Her old friend sank down upon a bench as she was removed.

"You should not have come here," Willie said to him. "Mrs. Grant is terrified about you; you were not fit for a scene like this. This is Miss Ross."

But he did not take the hand she held out to him, shaking strangely as she looked at him, and shrinking, as it seemed, from her touch. Willie called a cab, though the distance was so short, and assisted him into it, greatly alarmed at his appearance and manner. Mrs. Grant met them joyously.

"Oh, I was so frightened," she said, "he did say such odd things before he went out, and he has been gone over two hours."

"I am afraid he is ill," said Willie, almost lifting him down; "he had got into a crowd, but I'll tell you all about it when you have got him to bed."

They placed him in an easy chair and brought wine, but he shook his head, and thinking to rouse him, his sister pulled Margaret Ross forward and bid her speak to him.

"I have not forgotten you, Dr. Cameron," she said, "though it is so many years since I have seen you. Don't you remember me, Maggie?"

He looked at her with a strange, wild expression, moved his lips as if to speak, and with a low moan fell forward at her feet.

"He is dead," shrieked his sister. "Oh, David, David! have you come to me for this?"

"Oh no, not dead," said Willie Burn, raising his head. "Over tired, excited, ill, but not dead."

Mrs. Grant helped to raise him. Maggie, with a quick perception of what was most wanted, rushed to summon assistance. It was quickly found and medical aid was soon on the spot, the nearest surgeon, very close at hand and luckily at home. He came, pronounced it paralysis, applied all the remedies he could and promised to speak with more certainty in the morning. So Margaret Ross was again a watcher by a sick bed, in the house of Mrs. Grant, and she listened wonderingly as the sufferer babbled indistinctly and unceasingly of branded hands and changed infants and drunken women, without once imagining how near she had been that night to the mother she had promised her dying father to seek. And ever and anon Willie, her own Willie, met again at last, would come to her side and whisper of love and a bright, happy future, and Maggie would go off into some golden waking dream, till roused again by the sad reality before her.

TO BE CONTINUED.

NEW YORK CLIPPER.

SATURDAY, JULY 4, 1868.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

SUBSCRIPTION TO THE NEW YORK CLIPPER.

Single Copy	10 cents	Subscription per annum	$3 00
To Rhoades, Dean & Co.	2½ "	for 6 months	1 50
To Retail Agents	2 "	" for 3 months	1 25

To clubs of four or more, a deduction of 50 cents will be made from each annual subscription. Subscribers in Canada and the British Provinces, $1 per annum, to cover postage.

FRANK QUEEN, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR,
No. 22 Spruce street, New York.
Box 3,863 New York P. O.

NOTICE.

ADVERTISING must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock on Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.

To Correspondents.

STAKEHOLDER, Boston.—"A person owns a horse which another person says has been owned by him (the second person) within three years ago wagers $20 that such is the fact. The wager is accepted, and the money put up. The party making the wager, being about to leave by the train, says, 'I will call around in the morning.' Nine (9) months have elapsed and he has not made his appearance; being a stranger in this vicinity we are unable to find his address, although advertised for, he having put up $100 Treasury note by mistake. First party produces a bill of sale, showing that the horse has been in his possession more than three years previous to wager, perfectly authentic and satisfactory to the stakeholder, and claims the money. Should stakeholder pay him the money ($40) and what should he do with the remainder of the deposit, $80?".....The stakeholder should pay the bet to the first party and retain the balance until called for.

MEMPHIS.—We do not understand your question. You say that Beauty won the race in two straight heats; if so, how could Elgin win the first, and Wilhausen the second? If you mean that Beauty won the race by taking the third and fourth heats, then the bet between Elgin and Wilhausen is determined by their relative positions in the fourth heat; each having previously won a heat.

CAYUGA CHIEF, Auburn.—1. We cannot inform you who will visit you this season, as there are several in the State at present. 2. No other papers in the country, and the CLIPPER is the only reliable one. 3. Have not got that number. 4. Not traveling at present. 5. The locomotive Hamilton Davis, with six cars attached, is said to have made 14 miles in 11 minutes on the N. Y. Central road in 1855.

A. L. M., Davenport, Iowa.—"In billiards is it ruleable, when two object balls are near together, to push the cue ball between them, thereby touching both before withdrawing the cue?"..... Yes. When the push shot was first permitted in the American game, however, such a stroke was foul. The player was then not allowed to dwell on the stroke, but had to push hard and quick.

WILLIAMSBURGH.—"Four men make up a pool of $5 each and mark time on a race. A marks 2:21½, B 2:21¾, C 2:22¾, D 2:23. B and D go into partnership in the pool. Afterwards D sells out half of his interest in his mark of 2:23 for $1.25 to E. The mark 2:23 wins the pool. How much does E win?.....E wins $2.50.

PANARGES, Pittsburgh, Pa.—1. We believe that the parties do business on the square; but of course we cannot assume the responsibility of their business transactions. 2. Michael Phelan's work on billiards, with the rules of the various games, are endorsed as authority. You will find out how to address by reading Phelan & Collender's advertisement in another column.

W. O. A., Marshallown.—It is the privilege of the opening player to require the striker to play out of the "string." He may, however, elect to play at the balls as he finds them; and in the second case cited by you would, of course, be entitled to one point for the miss.

OAR, Philadelphia, Pa.—If you bet on the *day* on which the time was to be taken, the party who bet on the 19th wins, as that was the day the horses were won. If, however, the bet is on the *actual time* made, it had better be drawn, as the time given is not sufficiently authenticated.

H. S. B., Baltimore.—Henry Perritt never ran a mile in 1:39½ on the Metairie Course. It was at one time generally credited that he ran a mile in 1:42¼ over that course, but the time was not officially taken, and is not regarded as authoritative, and does not go upon the record.

FRIENDS, Philadelphia, Pa.—1. A was quite right in taking four holes for the sequence of nine, ten, knave, and one for last card. 2. At five card cribbage the non-dealer of the first hand is entitled to three points at any part of the game; but the best and most correct way is to take them at the beginning.

HUBTS, Boston.—Mrs. Williams and Mrs. Florence are sisters, but Mrs. Chanfrau is in no way related to them. Pray was their maiden name. Mrs. Williams was born in 1828, and was first married to Charles Mestayer, and is the eldest. Mrs. Florence was formerly Mrs. Littell.

NOVICE, Washington.—1. Francis Glassey Leon is his name. 2. The feat of swallowing a sword by parties who travel with a circus side show is actually done and no deception. 3. They will not visit your city, at least for several months.

N. E. NEWS COMPANY, Boston, Mass.—1. The fastest one-mile time was made by Richards and Lang, in a dead heat, viz:—4 minutes 17¼ seconds. 2. Mills ran a mile in 4 minutes 20¼ seconds.

REFRLVED, Kansas City.—Mrs. Jon Wood is still in England, and took part in a performance recently given in London by "royal command." She does not intend to return to New York for some time.

J. C. J., Philadelphia.—C. Miller rode Stonewall Jackson; Durham rode McMahon; W. Henry, Connolly; Gilpatrick, Raquette; Converse, Maid of Honor; Palmer, Gen. Yorke; and Gray, Enchantress.

SIGNOR, Pittsburgh, Pa.—Address John S. Fargis, No. 2 Reade street, this city. He manufactures and erects telegraph wires and machinery.

J. W. B.—The fastest authenticated two mile sculling time in this country was made by Josh Ward, viz, 13:53; three miles in 22:27, by James Hamill.

FRANK H. S., Fort Harker, Kansas.—We cannot say positively, but New York and New Orleans do the most business with Cuba.

NERO, Springfield, Ill.—Your items, if late and fresh, will be acceptable. Those sent did not reach us in time for last week's issue.

A. D. B.—If you can make an eight mile stretch out of three, then your friend may be right; but as you only went three miles that is the actual distance you rowed.

A. M. A., Troy, N. Y.—Your bets involve no question in the game, consequently we must leave it to yourselves to decide in regard to the payment for beer.

W. S., Norfolk, Va.—Jerome Park was opened in October, 1866. There never was any other race course of that name near New York.

W. H. MALONE.—The Heathwood fowls are so named after their breeder, Tom Heathwood, of Lowell, Mass. They are not a Derby, but a cross.

O. B. L., Mt. Pleasant, Iowa.—The boys would be only too glad to visit your pleasant mount if they could be assured of a remunerative reception.

MISS A. F. S., Philadelphia.—The managers did not start out the western concern owing to their losses at the Barnum Museum fire. The regular show went on an eastern tour.

E. R. S., Bridgeport, Ct.—You are quite right, but the error is in consequence of a misprint. The question was "three deuces, *one trey* and one six." Now count 'em and then bet.

R. F., Boston.—John E. Owens was born in Liverpool, Eng., and his *début* took place at the National Theatre, Philadelphia, under Burton's management.

OLD CIT.—Bill Jones, the eccentric old fellow, who was a member of 16 engine, and was noted for never having worn a hat or coat, is still living and resides on West Twentieth street.

BOWLER.—Take the Hunter's Point boat from James' slip, or the Fourth avenue cars to Thirty-fourth street ferry, and thence by rail to the course.

W. F. W., Annapolis, Md.—Running, 29 feet 6 inches by John Howard, in England. No record of best three standing jumps.

ASA M. A. H., Providence, R. I.—It is not probable that you will find backers until you give ocular demonstration of your ability to perform such a feat.

W. C., Newburgh, N. Y.—1. Finlay's Track is located at the corner of 72d street and Bloomingdale Road, this city. 2. The tournament takes place on the 27th inst.

G. W. C., Washington, D. C.—1. You are right—three deuces, one five and a six, count twelve at cribbage, viz., six for fifteens and six for pair-royal. 2. See answer to C. R. S.

A. B., Covington, Ky.—All bets on the McCoole and Coburn match are off, and the stakeholder must return to each man the amount he deposited with him.

B. T., Marion, O.—1. We have Nos. 4 and 7, but none of 8. 2. Who the best billiard player is, is a question that remains in abeyance.

E. H. L., Malone, N. Y.—The time given was the fastest ever made on American waters, but as it is not reliable the bet should be drawn.

F. B. S.—When they each make the number constituting "game," in some rooms they charge extra for three-handed games of "French." There is no fixed custom.

CONSTANT READER.—1. No, he did not. 2. It would require more research to answer that question than it is worthy of or we can devote to it.

PETROLEUM, Petroleum Centre.—The fastest authenticated mile time in America, with the proper weight, was made by Legal Tender, at Cincinnati, in 1:44. This will answer Rochester.

R. S., Pittsburgh.—All bets on the boat race stand, as the referee had no power or authority to declare them off after the fouling on the first day.

SHORT STOP, New York.—1. It means just what it says, and the rule is quite plain. 2. Yes, if it has been previously agreed to.

GEARY, Philadelphia.—1. You are right. 2. In the event of what you mention taking place, they will stand Keystone first, Olympic second and Geary third.

MURRY JAKE.—John Biglin is no longer connected with the fire department.

SHORT STOP.—Bates, the cricketer, is on the Metropolitan Police force, Harlem district.

CANARY.—The old Bowery Theatre has the largest stage, but the new Stadt Theatre will seat the largest number of people.

CHOPS.—The party betting that the coin is on the bottom of the tumbler loses, as it is in reality on the top at the time.

T. S., Manayunk.—The bird, having once been out of bounds, could not be scored, even if gathered in bounds subsequently.

CLIPPER READER, Providence.—1. A, who bets that Dexter's best time is 2:17¼, wins. 1. No.

IRISH, St. Joe.—The party who cut the Jack is entitled to the deal.

S. R. M., Little Rock.—The work has never appeared in book form, and the CLIPPER containing it are out of print.

WM. L. B., St. Louis.—None of the papers you inquire for can be had.

A. B. C., Factory Point, Va.—Bull terrier dogs are preferred for their pugilistic properties and propensities.

J. M., Washington Heights.—Ethan Allen and running mate's fastest time was 2:16, Dexter's 2:17½.

W. T., Pawtucket.—B takes the second money, as a horse winning a heat is better than one not winning one.

OLD PITCH, Cleveland, O.—1. If C buys the pitch, of course he has the privilege of making the trump. 2. We will try to do so.

CONSTANT READER, Providence, R. I.—Jack Rooke's first recorded fight was with T. Lane and he won it.

D. J. S., Lynn, Mass.—There is no authority published in this country.

A. F. A., Vincennes.—For gaffs you can write to W. Walton, East New York, L. I., who will furnish you with them.

ALPHA.—We have no reason to doubt the integrity of the Lubin Brothers.

CAPTAIN JINKS.—No, the dealer does not lose the deal, for that would deprive the elder hand of his beg.

SPORT, Pittsburgh, Pa.—Address John S. Fargis, No. 2 Reade street, N. Y.

W. C. B., Williamsport.—Sam Patch lost his life at the Genesee Falls, Rochester, N. Y.

ACROBAT.—Adolph Gonzales, the Chillian acrobat, is with Cramer's Circus, traveling through Illinois.

J. F. G., Williamsburgh.—A deposit should have accompanied your offer to ensure a customer.

A FAIR FISHER.—We do not know the law in the district you name.

HERBERT, Boston.—An advertisement of 22 lines will cost you $3.30 for each insertion.

HUMPTY DUMPTY.—A man is eligible if he has any religion at all.

SUCKER, Chicago.—A wins the bet, as 3 did not produce a genuine $100 bill.

BRENNIGAN, Washington, D. C.—See answer to G. W. C. and C. R. S.

M. P. C., Pittsb'g, Pa.—Playing at pool is playing at billiards, consequently C should pay forfeit.

A. B., Cincinnati.—"Beauty and the Beast," "Fortunio," or the "Invisible Prince" are all good.

E. W., Boston.—Dooney Harris was whipped on his merits by Tommy Chandler.

BIRD'S EYE.—James H. Coffey, of South Boston, never fought any one of account in or out of the P. R.

YANKEE BILL, New Orleans.—You must use your own judgment in the matter; we cannot advise you.

S. F. S., Youngstown, O.—A is first in order, and takes his seat at No. 1.

GOBBY, Baltimore.—A wager cannot be won on such a quibble, and the party who bet that the wine was from Ireland loses.

PIONEER, B. B. C., Pittsburgh, Pa.—Accept our thanks for the honor conferred.

J. G. C. Philadelphia.—B wins, as bets go with the stakes. The referee had no power to declare bets off.

G. W. S., Washington, D. C.—1. Nineteen rounds. 2. Frank Ambrose. 3. We have not got time to answer such questions.

QUICKSTEP, Springfield, O.—According to the new rules the pitcher can take a step forward when he delivers the ball.

A. R. C., Milwaukee. 1. It is hard to decide. 2. Hatfield.

C. N. L., Philadelphia.—The Atlantics defeated Central City, of Syracuse, 20 to 14.

INDEPENDENT, JR.—1. Yes. 2. It is optional with them.

MUTUAL.—Jewell is the new catcher.

O. H.—He is out with a company traveling through the west.

AMBITION.—Respectfully declined.

NEW YORK.—Counts three.

READER, Covington.—The bet is drawn.

G. H. C., Pawtucket.—See answer to W. T.

W. B.—Never heard of it.

J. D., Norfolk, Va.—Two dollars for the *Guide* received.

RUGGY BUG, Baltimore.—See reply to Gobby.

J. H. B.—Suit your own convenience.

F., New Haven, Conn.—Yes.

R. S. & D. S., Pittsburgh.—The backer of Hamill wins.

INDEPENDENCE DAY.

The present number of the CLIPPER bears date of the fourth day of July; a day celebrated beyond all other days in our national annals as the one on which the United States of America was born. Ninety-two years ago such of our grandfathers as chanced to have been here at that time chose representatives to the Continental Congress—a body which met at the old State House in Philadelphia. These worthy gentlemen, with their powdered wigs and knee breeches and buff vests, made an eminently respectable organization; but they were not quite certain what they wanted to do nor how they were to do it. It is truly a very big thing to start a nation. It requires talent to run the side show of a circus; more yet to run the circus itself. Genius is requisite to construct a single play that will prove a genuine success; great genius to manage through thick and thin, through all its ever varying fortunes, a popular theatre. What, then, shall we say of those who, on the theatre of the world, launched a nation? Well, we shall not say much, for we do not desire to steal the thunder of the buncomb orators whose sole capital consists in the glorification of the old patriots, but we may be excused for repeating our own classical thought that it is a big thing to start a nation.

Amongst those who assembled at Philadelphia in 1776 was John Hancock, a Boston merchant, who graduated from Harvard before its students had learned that handling an oar and swinging a bat are essential portions of an education. John was a plucky boy. He was very rich and was doing a large wholesale and retail business in the City of Notions; but he remarked once:—"If it be necessary in the cause of liberty, I say burn Boston and make John Hancock a beggar to-morrow." Had he been a modern politician he would have preferred to burn New York, because he didn't live there. Benjamin Franklin, too, was in the Congress.

Ben. had already proved himself sharper than lightning, for he had bottled up that troublesome element more securely than ever Butler was bottled. We are not much surprised at this, for we recollect that Ben. was a printer, and some of his fellow-craftsmen to this day—so malicious rumor says—play with lightning in the province of Jersey. It comes in bottles.

There, too, was Benjamin Rush; but we do not learn from the reports that Ben. jammed in to rush things to the extent that some of his colleagues did.

John Adams was also there. Both he and his son subsequently took a turn at the Presidency, and his grandson and great grandson are now open to negotiations for the same position. These there were and many more in the Continental Congress; but, as we have intimated, they didn't exactly know what to do. Finally, after much deliberation, they concluded that they might as well take their chances with the people of the earth and break the bonds which bound them to old England. So Thomas Jefferson read his famous Declaration of Independence; and there, on that midsummer day, in the red heat of war, our country was born.

The new nation proved a great success from the very first. It whipped its mother, coquetted with France, framed a Constitution, inaugurated a President and passed through several local squabbles before it was thirteen years old. From that time forth its position as a permanency was secured beyond peradventure. When in 1812 its flag was insulted by Great Britain it didn't hesitate at all to ask her out to fight, and when she accepted the invitation it did not fail to give her a merciless flogging. And now the child that was led forth by liberty from the State House less than a century ago has grown to be a vigorous matron, her broad arms stretching from the Atlantic to the Pacific, her vigorous footsteps threading all the space between Maine and Florida.

It is surely not improper that once yearly we should indulge in a little national bragging; that we should set apart a day specially for that purpose. We have too few holidays at best; perhaps we cannot as truthfully add that we have too little bragging, but we have large cause for self-glorification. We have maintained the integrity of our Union against foreign assaults and domestic insurrections. We have grown from three to forty millions. We have invented the steamboat, the telegraph, the printing press and the sewing machine. We have the strongest men, the prettiest women, the fattest babies, the fastest horses, the biggest corporation "ring," the longest railroad, the noisiest orators, the "loudest" leg-drama, the largest territory, the heaviest taxes and the goldarndest politicians in the world! We have whipped ourselves and healed the wounds, impeached our President and acquitted him, dodged the revenue on whiskey, sent a collector to the penitentiary, laid out the Central Park, created a number of new States and given a hearty and cordial support to the NEW YORK CLIPPER.

For all these things it is good and proper to blow the bassoon and sound the big drum—to fire cannon and explode torpedoes—to read poems and indulge in orations. Some of our political friends (all parties are our friends when they behave themselves) propose to celebrate the day by a little love-feast or camp meeting, or whatever you choose to call such a gathering as is to meet at Tammany Hall on Saturday. We hope the boys will have a good time, and that they will not get into any fight, and that if they do, there may be a fair field and no favor, and that the best man may win. We would again remind them of the proposition made in these columns some weeks ago; that is, to nominate the Hon. John Morrissey for the Presidency and thereby win our support.

On the Fourth of July let the editor drop his pen, the printer his stick, the lawyer his brief, the clergyman his text, the laborer his spade, the workman his hammer, the doctor his pills, the merchant his goods and the broker his shorts, and let us all be gay and festive, "positively for one day." But in our gaiety and festivity let us not forget the debt that we owe to our country, the mighty mother of us all, for the inestimable blessings of "*Life*, Liberty, and the Pursuit of Happiness."

OUT OF TOWN.

We have never failed to remark the pertinacity with which New Yorkers cling to the habit of "going out of town," as it is termed in fashionable phraseology, during the summer months. If this custom had been invented solely for hygenic purposes, we should regard it as worthy of commendation if not absolutely laudable, for a few weeks breathing of the pure air of the mountains will perform miracles towards reinvigorating a citizen condemned habitually to wander amid piles of brick and mortar. But "going out of town" with four-fifths of our people means nothing more nor less than leading a hotel life for a month or so at some fashionable watering place or other resort, where the female birds of the *beau monde* can display, in mutual admiration, their millinery and plumage. In fact, so far from proving beneficial to the health of a citizen, sojourns of this character almost invariably prove as detrimental to his comfort as to his purse.

As a general thing the hotels at these watering places and fashionable resorts are kept with the main idea of exacting a most exorbitant price for the meanest possible accommodation, and, as it is taken for granted that the guests are of a class migratory in their habits, none of those limits to imposition which are to be found in city establishments can be detected at these caravansaries, whose location is ordinarily within a region the reverse of everything rural. Indeed, the very nature of the establishments carries with it the evils of a city life with none of the comforts or delicacies of a civic condition, and in many instances they tempt the sojourner, through association with or example of others of the guests, to the commission of indescretions or follies which would never be dreamed of within the limits of reputable society.

It is singularly ridiculous in persons who, when at home, occupy spacious mansions, garnished with all the appliances which comfort, taste and ingenuity can suggest, going to seek health in an ill-furnished room on the top floor of a watering place hotel, peopled with individuals of a mixed order. But when we add to this inconvenience and almost total deprivation of household comfort, the unbounded insolence of those whom you are forced to accept to do your service and the extravagance in charges for everything you desire and covet, we can only arrive at a conclusion that the mere passion for personal display has turned the heads of those infatuated citizens who would delve the earth in patent leather boots or undertake to fish in white kid gloves. The insolence of waiters, who, aware of the scarcity in supply of that animated commodity, hold their presumptive masters in comparative subjection, has passed into a settled maxim, and yet people, arrogant and domineering within their own domicils, meekly submit to affronts and impertinences, fearing, perchance, that they be deprived of a few of the privileges by them dearly purchased. And yet, with all these facts staring them in the face, scores of families annually migrate to the seaside and the inland towns, and there expend handsome incomes in the name of health seeking, but in reality to indulge in a frivolous fashion, which can scarcely be repaid by the luxuries of starvation and wax candles.

If people go in search of health and relaxation amid the green fields and balmy mountain breezes of the rural districts, why not do so in a rational manner? It is highly proper, and in many instances imperatively necessary for townsfolk to seek relief during the more sultry months, through a visit to the country. As a medical remedy, change of scene, of air, of diet has proven of greater efficacy than the prescriptions of a half score of physicians; while to the man in good health, whose mental energies have been overtaxed by the cares of business, a visit to the rural regions, and there subsisting in accordance with the custom of their inhabitants, will recuperate his energies within an incredibly brief space of time. It is not alone a change of air the invalid demands, but a change of daily habit and of diet. In fact, four-fifths of the ills affecting mortal flesh when confined within city limits are the immediate product of the injudicious course of daily life in which we are educated, and in which we persist, notwithstanding the experience of our predecessors. Can the city belle, who, turning day into night, breathes the noxious midnight air, be compared in vigor, physically or mentally, with the buxom country lass, who retires to rest with the setting sun, and arises from her couch at early dawn, to drink in freshening draughts of the new born morning air? Again, can the condiments and confections with which our hotel tables are laden compete in daintiness with the rough, rugged, wholesome fare upon which the farmer husbands vitality and strength? And yet, in despite of all these admitted facts, our citizens persist in carrying city habits and city proclivities with them into the country, to which they journey nominally as pilgrims in search of health.

If a family desires to benefit its individual members by a summer visit to the country, they should seek out a respectable farm house, and while tarrying at it adapt themselves, as far as lies within their power, to the habits and tastes of its permanent inmates. There are hundreds of such farm houses located in the most picturesque and health bestowing regions of this and the adjacent States, both inland and along the seashore, the owners of which could be induced, for a moderate compensation, to receive city guests as temporary inmates of their households, provided they agree to accommodate themselves to the manners and peculiarities of their hosts. At one of these agricultural homesteads, the beauties of nature in its purity are unfolded to the wondering eit. The mysteries of that good old country life which made gentlemen of the school of Sir Roger de Coverley are unveiled to his observation; the relaxation of field sports, the pleasure of the gun and rod, are forced upon his notice, and after a month or so's tuition he returns to town a far more healthy, and, we venture to add, a much wiser man.

To female residents of a city a farm-house experience presents most beneficial results, as any who once tried the experiment cannot fail to admit—that is, those who have adapted themselves to the internal economy of a farm life. It was to the simple expedient of enforcing observance of the daily habit and diet of a yeoman farmer by medical authority, aided by the balmy atmosphere of the Welsh hills, that the managers of the famous Malvern Water Cure establishment were enabled to gain a world-wide reputation for its cures. And yet by a little resolution any invalid in this country, at a farm-house, could accomplish of his own will a like result.

THE DAY WE CELEBRATE.

THIS is fourth of July week, and the metropolis is already boiling over in anticipation of "the good time coming." Once more we have the extreme felicity and ecstatic beatitude of greeting you with a "Hurra for the Fourth of July;" not, be it understood, for one fourth, or quarter of the month, but the entire "day we celebrate;" the day our forefathers got up especially for our enjoyment, to enable us to go on excursions, shoot off fire crackers, despite Mr. Kennedy's official objections, and to allow the Democratic Convention to meet and let off *their* fireworks in the form of Chase-ers. It is a great day, and the fires of our eloquence and braggadocia will burn the brighter in that great day, because it is a national heater—a day in which all races enjoy themselves, particularly boat races; when the laziest our shuns nothing, not even excursions; when the devil seems to get his due, and is not slow to do all who come within his reach; when our youngsters become veterans by smelling powder; and our thirsty friends, being dry 'uns, take heavy wets, and thereby become wetter-'uns, but as they are almost always inveterate tasters, they manage to keep themselves in tolerably fair condition. Everybody must be gay on the irrepressible 4th, because it is our *fete;* although some call it a gala day, probably on account of the blowing indulged in by our patent orators. As we not only shoot folly as it flies, but aim at everything that comes within our reach, foolish or wise, we presume we must have our little say about the "glorious," and to this end present you with the compliments of the season and a few verses on

"THE FOURTHER JULY."

'Tis the birthday of our nation, one may with full truth say,
Because a soldier at its birth ranked General Holiday,
And as through it our country grew a free one, and made laws
And canons, on that day we hear loud cannons for its cause.

The day must suit most every one—East or West, or South or North;
The orator 'twill surely suit, for he can then "hold forth."
The druggist should, than all the rest, on that day shout the louder,
Because so many need his help and take a "little powder."

The hungry it must please, because on that day they have backers,
And hunger not, since on that day the streets are filled with "crackers;"
And even he who ridicules, and lightly the cause handles,
Must be delighted, for all hands make light of "Roman candles."

The soldiers who do like to fight where money can be made,
Must like the 4th, for on that day they make a grand "pay-rade."
Oh! 'tis a day that does, we think, of gratitude require works;
'Tis right it's made a holiday, since nothing, then, but fire works.

IN BLISSFUL REPOSE.—According to reports from the seat of war, McCoole and Coburn are treated more as guests than prisoners in Lawrenceburg. In fact, their forty days and forty nights are one steady reign, while there is a perfect deluge of sympathy for them.

HORRIBLE BUTCHERY.—It is said that the stock raisers in Illinois have such a superabundance of beef that they generally have a roast and a broil at opposite extremes of the table. That may be merely prudential, however—to "make both ends meat."

A SAD STORY.—Within the space of a few short weeks, the wife and child of Harry Hazleton, a writer of fiction, died in this city. The afflicted husband and father may learn something to our advantage by calling at this office.

THE IMPEACHMENT COMMITTEE mean to increase the tax on tobacco, seeing that they were so unceremoniously "Shook" by a Woolley Weed.

A SUMMER MEETING at Jerome Park is announced to commence on Tuesday, June 30. Isn't it a trifle too soon after the first meeting?

POOL SELLING on the Democratic nomination for President is becoming quite popular. Many go over head and ears into these pools.

JUSTICE.

A great deal has been said in the Philadelphia papers concerning the recent rowing match on the Schuylkill, between Hamill and Coulter, and much undeserved censure cast on Hamill because he did not return to the starting point when Coulter broke his oar, and make a fresh start. The writers of such articles know little or nothing about sporting matters, and only show their ignorance when they attempt to report or comment on events of the kind. Hamill did right in pulling over the course after he had once received the word, as Coulter's mishap was not chargeable to him. In a horse race, or trotting match, should any unforeseen accident happen to one of the contestants after the start is effected, the other continues on until the winning goal is reached. So, too, in a yacht race; it frequently happens, when the wind is high, that a yacht is disabled by the carrying away of a spar or some other accident; how foolish it would be to insist upon the others returning until the damage should be repaired, and a fresh start effected. Such a proceeding would but open the way for another system of roguery, and surely we have enough of that already. It has also been stated by some of the papers that Hamill never intended to row, that he meant to win by accident, or something of the kind. We happen to know a little better, and we will tell you why. By the articles governing the match between him and Coulter, each man should have had the total amount of his stake in the hands of the stakeholder five days before the day fixed upon for the race, or forfeit the amount already up. Hamill's money was up ten days before the time; but Coulter's last deposit did not reach us until the Monday before the race, and Hamill became entitled to the forfeit. We visited Hamill at Belmont Cottage, on the Schuylkill, as in duty bound, to apprize him of this fact, and to ascertain his intentions. We asked him if he meant to claim forfeit. "No," replied he; "I don't want to take any advantage of Mr. Coulter; and I don't want a dollar of the money unless I win it according to the referee's decision." Mr. Hamill meant racing, and nothing else, for had he been desirous of getting out of the match, he could have claimed forfeit, and it would have been allowed, according to the rules, and that would have ended *that* match. Mr. Hamill has made enemies of certain of the "betting fraternity" because he will not permit himself to be used by them. Throughout his rowing contests his conduct has been strictly honest, much to the discomfiture of "the betting ring," who are too often permitted to rule and ruin our sporting events. We should certainly like to see Mr. Hamill give Mr. Coulter another chance, in so far as the result of the late meeting leaves the question of superiority still undecided, but as far as the late match is concerned, Hamill won the stakes fairly.

"A MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM."

The glories of Vauxhall and Cremorne are revivified in the Central Park Gardens, where summer night festivals and garden concerts, under the leadership of Mr. Theodore Thomas, the Julien of our time, are all the rage and draw a large attendance. This is as it should be. Can anything be thought of more delightful than these *al fresco* entertainments, where youth and beauty combine to heighten the attraction, and the air is heavy with the odor of natural flowers? A refreshing breeze sweeps in from the grassy heights of the adjacent park, and fans, ice creams and strawberries are eagerly sought after. The *baton* of the conductor is like the wand of Prospero, and throws over the listening crowd a spell of rare enchantment. The same old scene of flirtation is carried on under the chandelier that we used to witness in the days of our youth, when nothing pleased us better than an ice at Niblo's and a sentimental *tete-a-tete* with some favored fair. All the pretty girls of that day are married and settled; some are fat and forty, with troops of curly haired children playing about them; some have marriageable sons and daughters, who, perhaps, will go to the Central Park Gardens as we went to Vauxhall and Contoit's in our prime. The *bal champetre* connected with this establishment is an institution in itself, but the mere idea of dancing in this weather sets one in a shiver to think of; yet there are thousands of young folks who are not to be deterred from waltz and quadrille by anything short of death and quarter day, and so at the festival a few nights since quite one hundred and fifty couples took the floor and footed it merrily to the music of Strauss and Offenbach. For those who prefer more moderate exercise the promenade concerts are just the thing. The *Jardin Mabille*, which is patronized by all the *lorettes* in Paris, has not taken root as yet, and the *cancan*, so liberally practised there, finds no favor here except on the boards of a theatre. Terrible things are said of this *cancan*, which we presume to be nothing more nor less than a reproduction of the old Kentucky breakdown, and it is but little understood by our rapid youth, but when they are fairly inducted into its mysteries they will undoubtedly take to it as naturally as a duck takes to water. Ah, *messieurs* the composers! you have much to answer for. The mischief created in sympathetic souls by your ravishing music on moonlight nights, amid the jingle of spoons and glasses, the flapping of fans and the perfumes which arise on every side like incense, may not be readily computed. To the garden scene a very long way, but not many years will elapse before that in itself will be "down town," and the rising generation will be obliged to resort to Fort Washington or Harlem for a summer evening's amusement. So mote it be!

ON THE ROAD.

"Hi! go 'long there!" The turfites have had a fresh accession of energy infused into them by the example of Leonard Jerome, and are investing their money in horseflesh at a rate which casts into the shade all that has been done in that line for many a day bygone. The enthusiasm is shared by the general public, who visit the course in crowds. In Central Park the turnout of elegant vehicles is surprising. All the way to High Bridge you encounter dashing vehicles, driven by men of aristocratic appearance, who handle the reins in a manner to provoke the envy of professional "whips." Regular sportsmen may be recognized at every turning. They are in high spirits, for the season is propitious; there is plenty of money, and the stock now offering is some of the finest that has been put on the track for years. You may pick out the knowing customer of the livery stables by the reeking condition of his nag, which he has lashed and driven into a lather, and by the recklessness he throws into his manner. Besides these there are the expressman, the butcher and the grocer, whose overworked animals seem only too delighted to scamper along the highways at all sorts of gaits, and to toss their manes freely in the freshening breeze. It is noticed that an immense improvement has taken place in the quality and variety of the equipages, from the common chaise to the pretentious four-in-hand. The family carriage rumbles along as if with a sense of its dignity, and is almost driven out of the path by the butcher's cart, which clatters past with noise enough to arouse the Seven Sleepers. Horsemen abound and ladies are seen by the score. All is excitement of the most intense description, but confusion there is none. He who has not taken a ride or a drive on the roads during the present season does not know what real pleasure is, and has missed a sight which is worth one's while to witness.

PHILO JACOBY, editor of the *Hebrew*, of San Francisco, and member of the Olympic Club, of that place, arrived here a few days since, to attend the Schutzenfest.

IT HAS just leaked out that the reason why we look over a stone fence is, because we can't "see through it."

SHOULD A FORSAKEN LOVER put on gallus airs merely because he is gal less? Zu haben? Yaw.

A SONG for some of Brigham Young's discarded wives:—"When you and I were Young."

WESTERN PAPERS are endeavoring to "work up" a match between Heenan and McCoole.

Sporting Squibs.

— Somebody says that a party of English sports recently went to the Catskill Mountains to hunt the buffalo. So far they have not caught much.

— Henry Bergh, the anti-cruelty to animals sport, is said to be opposed to the horse race—as an amusement. Bergh is favorable to the human (e) race.

— They are reckless betters in Cleveland. Recently seven young men, while enjoying a drop of good beer in a saloon, made sundry wagers on political matters, the total bet amounting to $642,000! All the capital possessed by the crowd was fifty cents.

— A new lifeboat built for the purpose of crossing the Atlantic, passing through the lakes and St. Lawrence river to St. Johns, N. B., made a trial trip on Lake Michigan on the 21st ult., capsized, and three persons were drowned.

— The Brooklyn Yacht Club will hold their annual Fourth of July regatta this year as usual.

— The yacht Corning was launched by Messrs. Poillon in Brooklyn, on the 25th ult. It is sloop rigged, 62 feet long, 25 broad, and 45 tons measurement. W. B. Nichols, of the Atlantic Yacht Club, is the owner.

— An English pedestrian is reported as having run 40 miles in 4 hours 53 minutes, recently, "without much fatigue."

— Ockford, of Detroit, Mich., is announced about to "shoot" Niagara. How will he "shoot" it?

— Salmon are said to be entering the bays and streams of the St. Lawrence and Bay of Chaleur districts in great numbers this season.

— A horned toad of the Mexican species was recently caught in the streets of Dayton, Ohio.

— A horse fair is to take place this week at Denver, Colorado.

— Wm. Jones was arrested in Philadelphia on June 28th, with ten pairs of base ball shoes, lot of caps, bats, etc., supposed to have been taken from some club house. He was committed to answer.

— The Atlantic Yacht Club will hold their annual cruise during the latter part of the current month.

— The Boston Yacht Club "Year Book," just published, shows an aggregate of 155 members, 10 schooners and 13 sloops.

— A running race, trotting race, mule race and foot race, are to take place at the Paterson, N. J., race course on July 4th.

— Steamship Crescent City made the passage from New Orleans, to this city in six days four and a half hours, arriving here on the 26th June.

A BIRD FANCIER MURDERED.—Marcus Swerlein, a professional bird fancier, was murdered near a wood at West Seneca, Buffalo, N. Y., on June 21st. The murdered man was also cut to pieces. The assassin has not yet been discovered.

AQUATIC.

REGATTA OF THE BOSTON YACHT CLUB.

GOOD WEATHER AND EXCELLENT RACING.

Saturday, 27th ult., was

BASE BALL.

THE ATHLETICS IN PENNSYLVANIA.

The Pennsylvania Champions arrived at Erie, Pa., in the old Keystone State, after a three weeks' absence, on Thursday evening, the 25th of June. The Erie City Base Ball Club were out in force at the depot and gave them the right hand of fellowship. On the morning of the game (Friday) the Athletics were invited to join the Erie City members on a fishing excursion on the lake, which diversion was enjoyed by those who participated in the amusement. The game was announced for 2:30 P. M., but it was three o'clock before the players got down to their work. The grounds are now, never having been used before, and, of course, were open to the objections of all new fields. The field is a very level one and the accommodations superb. In a year from now the Erie City Club will boast of as fine a field as any in the State, excepting only the Olympic's grounds, Philadelphia. A member of the Williamsport Base Ball Club was selected as Umpire.

The Erie City players, having won the toss, sent the Philadelphians to the bat. The veteran Hayhurst led off, and sent a ball whizzing to second, which Vanderlier fielded to first, and the "Vet." was compelled to take a back seat. McBride and the five strikers who succeeded him got runs, when the second hand was retired, Sensy going out at first on a ball fielded by Whitehead. Schaffer and Hayhurst scored after wards, McBride making a base, where he was left through John Radcliff popping up a fly that Vanderlier took charge of.

The Erie City players failed to chalk, Reed alone making a base, Norris, Irwin and Haines being victims, the first named to Cuthbert on the bound, and the two latter to Radcliff and McBride at first.

The Philadelphians scored four runs in the second innings, Wilkins, the first striker, had a life given him by a muff of Whitehead's, but he was afterwards retired at second, being forced by Fisler, who drove the ball to Vanderlier, who held it, Fisler getting his first and scoring afterwards, as did Berry, Cuthbert and Sensy. Schaffer was left at third through Hayhurst and McBride falling victims to Whitehead and Gifford. The Erie City Club scored five runs, but got some assistance from Wilkins and Fisler. The victims were Hubbard, on a fly to Fisler; Irwin, on a throw of McBride's to third, and Haines, taken on the bound by Cuthbert. The Athletics scored six in the third innings, but Hubbard won the signal honor of making a double play. He took a fly off of Hayhurst's bat and fielded it to first in time to prevent Schaffer recovering his base, from which he had run. The feat was appreciated by the spectators and deservedly applauded. McBride was afterwards taken on the fly by Whitehead and the Athletics retired to the field.

The Erie City Club scored only three runs after this, making them in the sixth innings, while the Philadelphians scored eight runs. The Erie City players were pleased, however, over having kept the score of the "champs," below that of the Forest City, of Cleveland, while the Athletics expressed themselves more than delighted to find so able exponents of the game as the Erie City players proved themselves to be in the northeast corner of the State. The Erie boys excel as throwers, the superiors in this particular of any club the Athletics have met outside of Cincinnati and Allegheny. Appended is the score:—

Athletic.	H.	L.	Erie City.	H.	L.
Hayhurst, r f	4	5	Norris, 1st b	2	2
McBride, p	5	3	Irwin, 3d b	5	0
Radcliff, 1st b	1	3	Reed, f	1	0
Wilkins, s s	2	6	Haines, c f	0	1
Fisler, 2d b	3	4	Lee, r f	3	1
Berry, 3d b	3	5	Whitehead, s s	5	1
Cuthbert, c f	3	6	Gifford, c	3	1
Sensenderfer, c	4	4	Hubbard, p	1	1
Schaffer, l f	3	4	Vanderlier, 2d b	1	2
Total	45		Total	21	8

Innings.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	
Athletic	8	4	6	4	7	1	4	10	2	46
Erie City	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	8

Fly balls—Whitehead, Athletic—Cuthbert, 4; Fisler, 1; Berry, 1; Schaffer, 1; Radcliff, 1; Sensenderfer, 1; Hayhurst, 1; total, 10. Erie City—Vanderlier, 1; Hubbard, 2; Whitehead, 2; Reed, 2; Irwin, 2; Gifford, 1; Haines, 2; Norris, 1; total, 13. Foul bounds captured—Gifford, 3; Cuthbert, 2. Put out on bases—Athletics, 12 times; Erie City, 13. Struck out—Haines, 1. Umpire—J. Nichols, Williamsport Base Ball Club. Scorers—John Kahmer, Henry Stevens. Time of game—Two hours and twenty minutes. Passed balls—Cuthbert, 3; Gifford, 5.

N. B.—The Athletics left at 7:30.

ATHLETIC vs. NIAGARA.

The Athletics had a sharp and interesting game with the Niagaras on Saturday, June 27th. The Philadelphians arrived in Buffalo on Friday evening, 26th, and were very cordially received by the Niagaras and their friends. A large crowd had assembled to witness the match. A number of the friends of the Athletic—prominent among whom were Joe Rainer, of Newcomb's Minstrels, Cincinnati, and the members of the Erie City Base Ball Club—assembled at the Tifft House to accompany the Athletics to the ground. Carriages had been provided by the Niagaras, in which the party was conveyed to the scene of conflict. The "boys in grey" on making their appearance on the field were loudly cheered. An umpire—a member of the Niagara Fall Base Ball Club—was selected, though the Athletics were a little disappointed that they had hoped to have had the services of Mr. Ward, umpire who had officiated in the Atlantic-Niagara match, but he was not present.

Game was called at a quarter after two o'clock, the Niagaras going to the bat. Holley, the first striker, was the first hand out; he drove one to Fisler, which the latter put quickly to Cuthbert, and which Neddy held. It would be as well to state here that Atwater was suffering from an injury to his right hand and another of the Niagaras was disabled, but the Athletics were short the services of Reach. Hawley, the next striker, got his first on a hit to left, but Emerson, who followed him, hit a fly that Berry took, and which Tom fielded to second in time to head Hawley off, making a double play, the Niagaras retiring for a goose egg. Hayhurst got his first on a muff of Van Velsor's and his second on an over pitched ball, stealing his third, and home on Wilkins' bat; Hayhurst alone scored. McBride was very unfortunate in the fly by Holley at centre field, Radcliff was a victim of Van Velsor's on a foul fly; and Wilkins, who had made his first, was fielded out at second by a throw of M. Holley, catcher.

The Niagaras received their second whitewash in the next innings, Emerson giving Berry a chance that Tommy improved by fielding to first. Cowing put up a fly that Sensy took in the field, while A. Holley fell a victim to Fisler on a throw to Cuthbert. The Athletics were also whitewashed—Berry alone making his base; Fisler ran over first on his strike, Van Velsor holding the ball that had been fielded to him by McDonald. Cuthbert and Sensy were both victims of M. Holley on the bound, leaving Berry waiting on third.

Atwater scored in the third innings. He popped up a fly ball that McBride endeavored to secure, but as Dick stood in the line of Atwater's run for the base, the little pitcher of the Niagaras jostled Dick by running into him, causing John Dickson to spill the milk, and Atwater getting his base and eventually home. Burt made his first on a good hit to right field, and had got as far as third, where he was left, as was Van Velsor at second, though Hawley and Hawley both hitting fly balls that Cuthbert and Sensy appropriated. Radcliff had, previous to this, in a splendid catch, retired McDonald. The game stood a tie, the Athletics having two innings, though. Schaffer, the first striker, got his second on a muff of Emerson; Hayhurst by a good hit got his first, from which he stole to second; McBride was a victim of Burt's in a throw to first; Cuthbert and Schaffer made home, Hayhurst taking charge of third. Radcliff got to his second and Hayhurst home on a badly thrown ball to Van Velsor. Wilkins secured his first on a muff of A. Burt; Fisler sent one that bounced over the third baseman's head, on which West got his first, and Radcliff home; on a wild throw of M. Holley to him, Wilkins got home, Fisler running to third, where he was left through Berry being taken on the bound by Holley, Cuthbert going out at first on a throw of Hawley's, the innings yielding the Athletics four runs.

The Niagaras made three runs in the fourth innings. Berry muffed a ball sent him by Emerson, and on which Emerson got his first; Cowing was given his first on called balls; Al. Holley came to the bat and was respected; and on called balls the above strikers helped themselves to a base, taking advantage also of the errors committed by the Athletics, and succeeding in getting home. Atwater put a ball to Wilkins that the latter fumbled, while A. Burt sent one to Hayhurst that the veteran would have gobbled but for a huge rock that stood directly in his path. McDonald, at this juncture, put up a fine fly that Radcliff took care of; Wilkins was taken on the bound by the little Jerseyan; while McBride took a ball off of M. Holley's bat, and fielded it to first in time to retire the spunkey little catcher of the Niagaras—the Niagaras scoring three tallies, with two men on the bases. "Sensy" alone of the Athletics scored, he getting his base on a good hit, and preventing a whitewash by stealing from third home. Schaffer, Hayhurst and McBride were all victims of M. Holley on the bound.

The Niagaras were whitewashed for the third time in the fifth innings, little Radcliff doing the work. Hawley made his first on a good hit to right field; Emerson and Cowing were both taken on tips, while Hawley, in attempting to steal his second, found the ball there in advance of him, Captain Radcliff having taken the precaution to put it there. Radcliff only scored on the Philadelphia side; he made his second on a good hit, and got his third on a passed ball; Wilkins was a victim to M. Holley on a foul fly; Fisler, after having a life given to him by a muff of E. Hawley, was put out at second by a throw of Holley's; Berry got as far as second, where he was left through Cuthbert going out on a fly to Emerson.

The Niagaras secured five runs in the sixth innings, three of their runs being secured by the wild throwing of Cuthbert and Radcliff. "Steady," said Dick, as he noticed Cuthby's eye flash, ing each excitement. Steady it was, for the two next strikers, Van Velsor and M. Holley, were both victims of Fisler, as Cowing had been previously. The Athletics wanted three runs to beat this "streak of luck" of the Niagaras, and they made them, Sensy, Hayhurst and McBride scoring, Schaffer, Radcliff and Wilkins being the victims

In the seventh innings the Niagaras were again whitewashed, Wilkins, Fisler and Cuthbert making a double play, retiring Emerson and Cowing. Hawley having been retired in the first by a throw of Cuthbert—who ran after the ball—to McBride. The Athletics succeeded in getting five runs, which gave them a lead of six, and then until the game closed they widened the breach. The Niagaras made a rally in the ninth innings, but the Athletics, in going to the bat, got one of their spells on them, and exhibited their ability as heavy hitters. The Athletics won the game by a score of 54 to 14. Annexed is the score:—

Athletic.	H.	L.	Niagara.	H.	L.
Hayhurst, r f	3	5	Holley, c	4	1
McBride, p	4	2	Hawley, s s	4	1
Radcliff, c	4	3	Emerson, 1 f	4	1
Wilkins, s s	3	4	Cowing, r f	4	2
Fisler, 2d b	3	4	M. Holley, c f	2	3
Cuthbert, 1st b	3	4	Atwater, p	0	1
Sensenderfer, c f	2	5	A. Burt, 3d b	0	1
Schaffer, l f	4	3	McDonald, 2d b	4	1
			Van Velsor, 1st b	3	0
Total	34		Total	14	

Innings.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th
Athletic	0	4	1	3	0	6	15	24	1—54
Niagara	0	1	0	0	5	0	0	8	0—14

Umpire—O. P. Moore, of the Niagara Falls Club. Time of Game—Three hours.

THE ATHLETICS DEFEATED.

On Monday, 29th ult., the Athletics encountered the Excelsior Club, of Rochester, N. Y., and after an exceedingly interesting game, witnessed by a large concourse of spectators, the Philadelphians were obliged to acknowledge defeat by a score of 26 to 20.

HOOSIER BALL TOSSING.

The Active and Western Clubs of Indianapolis, Ind., were opponents in a match played on the 25th ult., the score of which is subjoined:—

Western.	H.	L.	Active.	H.	L.
Daniels, p	4	2	McVey, p	3	5
Sulgrove, 3d b	3	3	Russell, c f	4	3
Stoner, s s	3	3	Brown, r f	3	5
Norwood, 2d b	1	3	Thayer, s s	4	4
Williams, 1 f	3	2	Dean, c	2	6
McDonald, r f	4	1	Smithers, 1 f	2	4
Webster, 1st b	3	2	Butler, 2d b	5	1
Blane, c f	2	2	Morrison, 3d b	5	1
Fisher, c	3	3	Spann, 1st b	3	5
Total	21		Total	35	

Innings.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	
Actives	5	5	7	1	2	3	3	8	5	39
Western	2	0	6	1	0	1	5	2	4	21

Fly balls caught—Western, 13; Active, 5. Fly balls missed—Western, 6; Active, 3. Left on bases—Western, 5; Active, 8. Home runs—Brown, 1. Umpire—Mr. Riggs, of the Mutual Club. Time of game—Three hours and thirty minutes.

CINCINNATI VS XENIA.—These two clubs played their return game on the Union grounds, Cincinnati, on Saturday, the 27th. The game was very slow and tedious, neither club playing up to its average. At the end of the 7th innings the score stood Cincinnati 60 to 13. The game was then called owing to the late hour. Mr. Thurman, of the Xenias, a son of Senator Thurman, sprained his leg badly in the sixth innings.

"PLAY AKTERS" BEATEN.—The Rough and Ready Club, of South Bend, Ind., played a return game with the nine of Forrester's Theatrical Troupe on the 19th ult., and defeated them by a count of 52 to 23. On the 2d ult. they obtained their first victory by scoring 55 to 29.

TOUR OF THE ATLANTIC CLUB.

THEIR GAME IN DETROIT.

On Monday, the 18th ult., the Atlantics reached Detroit, Mich., from Cleveland, where they had defeated the Railway Union by a score of 47 to 12, as announced in last week's CLIPPER. The reputation of the ex-champions had preceded them, and a large crowd collected at the ground of the Detroit club to witness the encounter. The playing of the Atlantics rather astonished their opponen's, who did not look for so rad a defeat. But the Brooklynites, settled at their defeat by the Buffalo club, were determined to retrieve their prestige. The pitching of Pratt, the catching of Mills and the fielding of Start, Smith and Crane attracted considerable attention. The Detroit players, with the exception of Hirschman, did not do justice to themselves; in fact, they seamed to be completely demoralised, and were perfectly at the mercy of their skillful opponents. The score follows:—

Atlantic.	H.	L.	Detroit.	H.	L.
Pearce, s s	1	8	Brown, 2d b	4	1
Smith, 2d b	3	5	Clark, 1st b	2	1
Start, 1st b	2	6	Lane, p	0	4
Chapman, 1 f	3	5	Burroughs, s s	2	1
Crane, c	3	4	Phelps, c	4	0
Mills, c	1	6	Folsom, 1 f	3	1
Ferguson, 3d b	2	5	Bissell, c f	4	1
Pratt, p	4	3	Valtroe, 3d b	2	3
Zettlein, r f	3	6	Hinchman, r f	1	1
Total	49		Total	7	

Innings.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	
Atlantic	9	1	6	1	5	10	8	4	5	49
Excelsior	3	3	0	1	3	0	1	3	3	17

ATLANTIC vs. CREAM CITY.

Monday, June 23d, the Atlantics of Brooklyn, met the Cream City Club, of Milwaukee, on the grounds at Camp Reno. The Atlantics were received with enthusiasm as they stepped from their carriages, and little time was lost before the game began, the Cream City going to bat at precisely three o'clock, but when the Cream City went out without having made a run, the hope of winning had certainly grown no stronger, and the Atlantics made six consecutive runs, from Pearce to Ferguson inclusive, before MacDonald was out on a foul, and Zettlein and Pearce on flies, leaving Pratt on the third base when his side went out, and the Cream City went to bat on the

Second Innings.—Clarence Smith took the bat, and sent the ball flying among the carriages, while he made a run which assured his return home. His successors were not so fortunate, and no other run was made by the club. Smith, of the Atlantics, sent out a fly, which was finely caught by Sweet, and Start got home—the only run made by the Atlantics. This result was cheering to the Cream City, who had now recovered confidence, and Sweet took the bat at the

Third Innings—and, with Wood, was gradually getting around, when Larkin sent the ball whizzing out of reach, securing three runs for the Cream City. The Atlantics made two runs during this innings.

Fourth Innings.—The Cream City here made the score of a cypher, Wells going out on a foul, and Sweet and Wood on flies. Start went out on the Atlantics to begin with; Larkin took to fly finely from Pratt, and Zettlein finished their business after they had got seven runs.

Fifth Innings.—In this innings the Cream City made two runs and the Atlantics five.

Sixth Innings.—Crane took a fly handsomely from Wells, and Sweet having been forced from the first base by a bat of Wood's, the two batsmen were out, and the Cream City retired to begin without having made a run. The Atlantics now began to show their peculiar mettle, and made eleven runs, in the course of which Norris took two beautiful and difficult flies, eliciting enthusiastic cheers from the audience.

Seventh Innings.—Runs were made by Norris, Smith and McFayden, and on going to the field Hooley and Wells exchanged positions. The Atlantics made six runs before resigning the bat.

Eighth Innings.—Goose egg for the Cream City. Atlantics made twenty-four, including a home run by Chapman, with so much fine playing as makes it impracticable to particularize.

Ninth Innings, and last, resulted in a score of four for the Cream City and five for the Atlantics, giving the game to the latter by 67 to 13.

After the game was over a throwing match came off between the contending clubs for a purse of $25, Redington's throw of 336 feet being the best. Messrs. Chapman and Smith's throws, respectively, 319 feet 9 inches and 310 feet. The following is the score:

Cream City.	H.	L.	R.	Atlantic.	H.	L.	R.
Wood, 1st b	0	5	1	Pearce, s s	0	5	5
Larkin, c f	0	2	2	Smith, 3d b	1	2	2
Redington, c	0	4	1	Start, 1st b	1	2	3
Norris, l f	0	3	1	Chapman, l f	1	5	6
Smith, p	0	0	4	Crane, 2d b	1	3	8
McFayden, s s	0	2	2	McDonald, r f	0	0	11
Hooley, 3d b	0	3	1	Ferguson, c	0	1	10
Wells, r f	0	5	0	Pratt, p	0	2	7
Sweet, 2d b	0	3	1	Zettlein, r f	0	3	7
Total	0	13	13	Total	0	7	67

Innings.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	
Cream City	0	1	3	0	2	0	5	0	4	—13
Atlantic	0	1	2	5	1	6	24	8	0	—67

Passed balls—Cream City, 11; Atlantic, 7. Called balls—Cream City, 21; Atlantic, 8. Passed on called balls—Atlantic, 3. Fly catches—Cream City, 13; Atlantic, 12. Time of game—Three hours and a half. Umpire—M. Tredway, President of the Capital City Base Ball Club, Madison. Scorers—Messrs. Allen and Delaney.

ATLANTIC vs. ATLANTIC.

On the 23d inst. they met their namesakes of Chicago, and polished them off by a score of 51 to 7. Another change was made in the nine in this game, Start retiring and Mills going in. Zettlein played first and Mills right field. The Atlantics again got their batting muscle up, while their fielding was magnificent. The Atlantic Chicago Club struggled hard to reduce the disparity in the score, but their efforts were useless. The Athletics, Champions, meant business from the first, and walked away from their opponents. The "Charmer" did good service at first, and Start was not missed. Crane led at the bat, followed by McDonald. The following is the score:—

Atlantics of B.	H.	L.	R.	Atlantics of C.	H.	L.	R.
Pearce, s s	4	2	6	T. Burroughs, p	0	5	0
Smith, 2d b	4	2	6	E. Scates, 1 f	2	0	0
McDonald, c f	2	2	7	Cragin, r f	5	0	0
Chapman, 1 f	2	2	6	O'Neil, 2d b	4	0	0
Crane, 2d b	3	2	6	Holmes, p	4	0	0
Mills, r f	3	2	5	B. Burton, 2d b	1	2	2
Ferguson, c	3	2	5	C. Scates, c	2	0	0
Pratt, p	3	2	6	Stanclough, s s	4	0	0
Zettlein, 1st b	3	2	6	Shannon, 1st b	2	2	2
Total	51			Total	7		

Innings.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	
Atlantics of Brooklyn	6	11	3	0	6	4	13	3	3	—51
Atlantics of Chicago	0		1	0	2	0	0	0	5	—7

Umpire—Mr. Oliver, of the Excelsior. Scorers—Messrs. Delaney and Kenzie. Time of game—Three hours.

ATLANTIC vs. FOREST CITY.

Our account of this game has not reached us up to the time of going to press. The telegraphic report in regard to it do not help us along much, as two different scores have been published. The first despatch gave the result at 85 to 11 in favor of the Atlantics, but a later report states that they had all they wanted to do to win a ball from the club whom the Athletics defeated by a score of 94 to 13, and gives the real score as 31 to 29, which latter is probably correct.

ATLANTIC vs. BLOOMINGTON.

Bloomington, Ill., was reached on the 26th inst., where they played the club of that name. The contest came off on the fair grounds, in the presence of an interested assemblage of citizens. The Atlantics had no difficulty in running up another large score, while their opponents did better than the crack clubs of Chicago. Zettlem pitched, and the Bloomington boys found him easier to hit than Pratt. The score of the game is as follows:—

Atlantics.	H.	L.	R.	Bloomington.	H.	L.	R.
Pierce, s s	0	5	3	Hastings, 2d b	2	2	2
Smith, 3d b	3	3	8	Keenan, p	3	3	3
Start, 1st b	2	6	6	Lackey, 3d b	2	4	4
Chapman, l f	2	3	6	Cheeney, c f	3	2	2
Zettlein, p	0	7	3	Clark, s s	2	1	1
Pratt, r f	1	5	5	Smith, l f	3	2	3
Mills, c f	0	9	0	Dennison, r f	3	1	1
Crane, 2d b	2	3	3	Ives, 1st b	0	5	0
Ferguson, c	3	5	3	Jones, c	4	1	1
Total	13	57	37	Total	19		

Innings.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	
Atlantic	6	11	4	5	7	3	6	12	4	—57
Bloomington	2	1	3	3	3	1	2	1	4	—19

Umpire—Mr. Delaney, of the Excelsior Club, of New York.

ATLANTIC vs. UNION.—On Saturday, the 27th, the Atlantics defeated the champions of Missouri, the Unions, of St. Louis, by a score of 66 to 9. On the 29th they were to have played the Empire Club, of St. Louis, and to-day, Tuesday, 30th, the Active, of Indianapolis.

A CHAMPIONSHIP GAME.

For the second time the Union and Empire Clubs, of St. Louis, Mo., rivals for the State Championship, met on the 24th ult., at the Park, on Grand Avenue. The play of the Empires was careless, while that of their antagonists was more than usually brilliant, and gained for them the victory by the subjoined score:—

Union.	H.	L.	R.	Empire.	H.	L.	R.
Freeman, c f	3	5		Wirth, 1st b	3	3	
Greenleaf, 2d b	3	5		Fruin, 2d b	3	1	
Lucas, p	6	2		Roberts, r f	4	2	
Oran, c	3	5		Barron, s s	2	3	
Melton, r f	2	5		O'Connell, 3d b	3	3	
Easton, 2d b	3	4		Shockey, r f	2	3	
Duncan, s s	3	5		Fitzgibbons, p	4	1	
Smith, l f	2	6		Hazleton, c f	3	3	
Cahnune, 1st b	2	4		Murray, c	3	2	
Total	29			Total	29		17

Innings.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	
Union	2	6	2	0	7	8	6	3	5	—29
Empire	0	0	1	4	2	0	4	0	6	—17

Umpire—John M. Young. Scorers—A. Miltenberger, Jr., of the Union, and H. G. D. Barklage, of the Empire. Time of game—Three hours and ten minutes. Home runs—Roberts, 1; Shockey, 1; Oran, 1. Fly catches—Oran, 2; Wirth, 1; Barron, 2; Murray, 3; Fitzgibbons, 1; Roberts, 1. The Empires, dissatisfied with the decision made by the umpire in the eighth innings of the first game, played on the 18th ult., have appealed from that decision, and unless the decision be reversed and that game declared null and void, the above game decides the Unions still bearers of the championship honors.

THE ATHLANTIC AND ATHLETIC AVERAGES.

As considerable interest is evinced by ball players to know which of these two crack clubs has excelled in averages on runs to a match in their encounters with their western brethren we give below the score of each game they have played up to the latest advices, Saturday, 27th inst. It will be seen by these figures that the Athletics have excelled the Atlantics in this respect. In the 17 games they have played, the Athletics have made 787 runs to 194 by their opponents. This gives them an average of 46 runs to a match and 7 over. The Atlantics have played but twelve games, in which they scored 533 to 171, giving an average of 42 runs to a match and 29 over. The following tables give the totals of each game:—

Athletic.		Olympic, of Pittsburgh	5
Athletic	37	Allegheny	18
Athletic	27	Xenia	8
Athletic	79	Buckeye, of Cincinnati	8
Athletic	22	Cincinnati	13
Athletic	31	Louisville	3
Athletic	84	Active, of Indianapolis	21
Athletic	55	Union, of St. Louis	12
Athletic	54	Empire, of St. Louis	6
Athletic	31	Bloomington	6
Athletic	33	Excelsior, of Chicago	13
Athletic	91	Forest City, of Rockford	13
Athletic	37	Caseka, of Chicago	11
Athletic	30	Detroit	17
Athletic	85	Forest City, Cleveland	11
Athletic	46	Erie City, Erie	8
Athletic	68	Niagara, Buffalo	14
Total	787	Total	194

Atlantic.		Central City, of Syracuse	14
Atlantic	30	Young Canadian, Woodstock	17
Atlantic	15	Niagara, of Buffalo	19
Atlantic	47	Railway Union, of Cleveland	12
Atlantic	46	Detroit, of Detroit	7
Atlantic	56	Central City, of Jackson	5
Atlantic	49	Excelsior, of Chicago	17
Atlantic	67	Cream City, of Milwaukee	13
Atlantic	31	Forest City, of Rockford	20
Atlantic	51	Atlantic, of Chicago	7
Atlantic	59	Bloomington	19
Atlantic	68	Union, of St. Louis	9
Total	553	Total	171

Where the Athletics and Atlantics have played the same clubs the result has been as follows:—

Athletic.		Atlantic.	
Detroit	17	50	Detroit	7	49
Union	12	54	Union	9	66
Bloomington	6	51	Bloomington	19	50
Excelsior	13	33	Excelsior	17	49
Forest City	13	94	Forest City	29	31
Niagara	14	54	Niagara	19	15
Total	75	276	Total	110	294

COLLEGE GAMES.

TOUR OF THE NASSAU CLUB, OF PRINCETON, N. J.

On the 22d of June the University nine of Princeton College started on a week's trip to play with their brethren of Harvard, Williams and Yale. The nine were accompanied by about twenty of their fellow students, and arrived in Boston on the 23d ult., where they were met by the reception committee of the Harvard Club, and taken to Cambridge in a four-horse omnibus. Afternoon saw the students mingling fraternally on the ball field, getting themselves warmed up a little previous to the grand trial of skill. At 2:30 play commenced, and it soon became apparent that the Harvards would have their hands full. Nassau took the lead in the second innings and held it to the 9th, when the Cambridge boys, by a splendid effort at the bat, scored eight runs. This still left them one behind, but they obtained two in the ninth and whitewashed their opponents, winning the game by a score of 17 to 16. This was a lucky escape for Harvard, but it was more by good fortune than good play. The misplays were few, and the contest was an excellent exhibition of the beauties of the game. The score follows:—

Harvard.	H.	L.	R.	Nassau.	H.	L.	R.
Shaw, 1st b	3	5		Rankin, c	5	0	
Smith, 3d b	3	2		McKibben, p	4	1	
Honniwell, p	3	2		Fox, 1st b	3	3	
Aimes, 2d b	1	4		Ward, 2d b	3	3	
Bush, c	2	3		Ely, 3d b	3	2	
Willard, s s	3	2		Wesley, s s	5	2	
Sprague, c f	4	1		Buck, l f	4	1	
Rawlins, r f	4	1		Ward, c f	5	2	
Bowditch, 1 f	4	1		Mellier, r f	3	2	
Total	17			Total	16		

Innings.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	
Harvard	2	0	0	1	1	3	0	8	2	—17
Nassau	1	0	0	2	0	0	3	0	1	—16

Fly catches—Nassau, 12; Harvard, 14. Left on bases—Nassau, 4; Harvard, 3. Umpire—John A. Lowell, of the Lowell Club. Scorers—Messrs. Ireland and Holbrook.

After a supper, at which speeches were made, sentiments given and songs sung, the excursionists took their departure for Williamstown, Mass., where they arrived on the morning of the 24th. The game which came off in the afternoon was quickly played, and resulted in the success of Nassau, with a score of 24 to 14. The batting and fielding of the Nassaus was fully up to their reputation. A pretty running fly catch by Buck, of the Nassaus, was the only feature of the fielding worthy of special notice. An elegant supper followed the game, and in the evening the party started for New Haven. The score is as follows:—

Williams.	H.	L.	R.	Nassau.	H.	L.	R.
Woodward, c	4	2		Rankin, c	2	4	
Van Ingen, 2d b	1	4		McKibben, p	4	3	
Pratt, s s	3	3		Fox, 1st b	4	4	
Smith, 3d b	3	0		G. Ward, 2d b	3	4	
Knight, 1 f	3	2		Ely, 3d b	3	3	
Lansing, 1st b	4	0		Nissley, s s	2	4	
Fargo, r f	4	0		Buck, l f	4	1	
Kelchum, c f	4	1		F. Ward, c f	2	2	
Billings, p	2	1		Mellier, r f	5	1	
Total	14			Total	24		

Innings.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	
Nassau	6	5	2	0	1	3	5	1	1	—24
Williams	0	1	0	4	0	2	3	3	1	—14

Fly catches—Nassau, 9; Williams, 9. Left on bases—Nassau, 9; Williams, 6. Umpire—E. C. Mitchell, of the Union Club, of St. Louis.

On the 25th inst. Nassau met the Yale nine and suffered its second defeat. The night trip had affected the Princeton boys to such an extent as to render them incapable of contending successfully against so strong a nine as Yale put forth, fresh and full of life. They opened the game with a fine lead, however, and ended it pluckily, scoring 9 to 4 in the last two innings. The 12 runs scored by Yale in the fourth innings were too much to overcome and the Princetonians acknowledged the corn. The batting was very heavy on both sides, but the fielding could be improved upon. Following is the score:—

Yale.	H.	L.	R.	Nassau.	H.	L.	R.
Buck, 1st b	4	3		Rankin, c	2	3	
Burrell, r f	3	2		McKibben, p	4	2	
Conklin, c	4	2		Fox, 1st b	3	4	
Cleveland, 3d b	4	2		G. Ward, 2d b	4	1	
Hooker, p	2	4		Ely, 3d b	3	1	
McCutchen, s s	2	5		Nissley, s s	0	5	
McKittrick, c f	3	2		Buck, l f	2	2	
Deming, l f	3	5		F. Ward, c f	3	3	
Seldon, 2d b	2	4		Mellier, r f	3	3	
Total	27	24		Total	24		

Innings.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	
Yale	3	2	1	12	3	5	0	1	3	—30
Nassau	4	6	2	1	0	0	4	1	0	—18

Fly catches—Nassau, 16; Yale, 6. Left on bases—Nassau, 7; Yale, 7. Umpire—Mr. Hudson, of Hartford. Scorers—Messrs. Falconer and Holbrook.

Unlike their sister institutions, Yale did not feast the strangers, and the Nassau Club returned to New York by the evening boat, pleased with their reception by Harvard and Williams, but disappointed at their cool reception by Yale.

BUCKEYE vs. LOUISVILLE.

On Saturday, the 20th, the Buckeyes, of Cincinnati, visited Louisville, and won a ball from the club of that

MY WIFE'S TEA PARTY.

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER.

Last Thursday night, my wife took it in
To her head to have a party;
There was Mrs. Brown and Mrs. Smith,
Both stout and jolly and hearty;
And Mrs. Jenks and Mrs. Rice,
And the two old sisters, Walker,
And, of course, she had young Mrs. Grey,
She is such a beautiful talker.

And besides all these were twenty more
Of old and young beginners,
And some were pretty good looking ones,
And some were as ugly as sinners;
But at one thing all were pretty well matched—
To talk they were all quite able—
And there were as many different tongues
As were heard at the tower of Babel.

My wife, of course, was all ribbons and smiles—
You know she's a fine looking creature;
But Mrs. Jenks, she looked sour and cross,
As though she'd be happy to eat her;
My wife passed the tea, and the cream, and the toast,
And the tea things beginning to rattle,
The talk and the tumult, the din and the noise
Was like that of a terrible battle.

"My dear Mrs. Jones," said the grim Mrs. Jenks,
"I'm all of a heat and a flutter."
"What at, Mrs. Jenks?" "At the news, Mrs. Jones—
Will somebody pass me the butter?"
"What is it—what news?—pray tell us, be quick!"
They were all of them anxious and nervous;
Mrs. Jenks shook her head, gave a grunt and a groan,
And muttered—"O, goodness preserve us!"

"You all of you know that Miss Watkins—the bold
And impudent Sunday School Teacher—
Well, she's gone and she's done it—she's cut and run
Away with young Tompkins, the preacher!"
A hush of a moment, then shrieks and then yells—
None seemed for a moment to doubt it;
And if they didn't have just the jolliest time
Then I don't know nothing about it.

"I know it," shrieked old Mrs. Brown—"I saw
Him wink at her only last Sunday."
"And I," shrieked Miss Banks, "I caught them both
Out walking together on Monday."
"And last night," sobbed sweet Mrs. Smith, "they walked
Home from the Conference meeting."
"Ah!" grunted dear Mrs. Jones, "how I'd like
To give them an outrageous beating!"

Then Mrs. Jenks rose in her strength and her might,
And began to grow rosy and fuzzy;
"He deserves to be strangled, the villainous wretch,
And she to be horsewhipp'd, the Luzzy;
If *I* had such a husband, I'd—I'd—
Yes, and I will not pretend to deny it"—
And then she got hoarse and accordingly red—
"I'd grind him to bits! let him try it!"

From this things began; I had no idea
There was so much demoralization;
But I learned that around us in that little town
Were gathered the sins of the nation;
Each guest had a gossiping story to tell,
And each tried to outstrip the other;
Things soon got so mixed that you couldn't at all
Tell one woman's story from t'other.

"Mr. Black got tipsy and beat his wife."
"How *could* Mrs. Bannister dress so?"
One winked and put her thumb to her nose,
And another said "I guess so."
"Mr. Ray was in debt for the clothes on his back,
And was courting the younger Miss Thompson,
Pray how could she bear the horrid thing
After the way he had treated Miss Johnson?"

And "Mr. T. had taken Miss Earle
Out several Sundays a riding;"
Mrs. Bennison's husband had gone and left
Behind him no signs of settling."
"Hanging was too good for" so and so;
Such a one was "suspected of murder;"
And Jones whisper'd something to Mrs. Jenks
And said—"don't let it go any further."

"Miss S. was engaged to a very old man;"
Somebody's cloak was a "darling;"
Some were a shouting quite loud, and Jones,
She was a grumbling and snarling.
Mrs. Jenks, growing redder again in the face,
Was accusing somebody of arson,
When—a rap at the door—and who should walk in,
My eyes! but young Tompkins, the parson.

All was still in a trice; every eye turned at once,
Including Marm Jenks', upon him;
I expected nought else than that darling old soul
Would pounce down on the parson and bone him;
I certainly thought that the crowd would proceed
In their virtuous wrath to half kill him—
When Jenks stood up straight, shook her fist in his face,
And muttered distinctly—"you villain!"

But Tompkins was cool—he unflinchingly said,
Without any signs of confusion—
"I beg pardon all, for this peremptory call,
And to set all evil reports in solution;
Some business called me to a neighboring town,
Where I met Mr. Jenks *with a lady*,
And he asked me to be the kind bearer of this
Little note to his wife." No more said he.

Mrs. Jenks grew much redder—I thought she would burst;
I'd a good mind to unfasten her collar!
She tore open the note, glanced her eye down the page,
And began then to shriek and to holler;
She dashed off her specs, tore her clothes and her hair,
And then commenced pounding the table;
The company picked up the note she had dropped,
And howled with what strength they were able.

I could stand it no longer; I chased them all out;
I told them to start, and they started;
And I stood 'mid the wreck, and thus calmly surveyed
The scene after they had departed.
Mrs. Jenks had gone off in a swoon; I ain't sure
But in my great rage I had hit her—
At any rate, she was conveyed from my house
By six men and a boy, on a litter.

I picked up the document they left behind.
It read:—"Mrs. Jenks—ere this letter
Can reach you, I shall be off many miles
With one I love truly, and better
Than e'er I did you; her name you well know—
Miss Watkins—she ain't a gossip, nor snappy,
Which if you wasn't both, we might still have been
Together, contented and happy."

It was signed by her husband; and so, instead
Of its being young Tompkins, the preacher,
It was *Mr. Jenks* who had just cut and run
Away with the Sunday school teacher!
I couldn't but think, as I laid my head
That night on my downy pillow,
That as for that gossiping Mrs. Jenks
A righteous judgment befell her.

Tea-parties, I fancy, are all very fine,
I hardly think we'll have another;
I can't, for the life of me, see why it is
That gossip and tea go together.
Supposing we all of us take, if you please,
A lesson from this, and don't credit
More than half that we hear, or at least, if we do,
Be sure of its TRUTH 'ere we spread it!

J. H. B.

EXCITING TIMES ON A RACE TRACK.

The turf sometimes affords scenes other than those of the horse race or trotting match, and not unfrequently frauds are perpetrated by the "respectable" but sharp, which the prize fighter or pedestrian would repudiate with scorn. We remember the premeditated slaughter of a jockey, near Chicago, a year or two ago by turfmen who wished to save their bets; a life sacrificed by "gentlemen of the turf" for a few paltry dollars.

There was a variety of "sport" given at the Greenland Race Course, near Louisville, on the 16th of June, of which the daily papers out there treated their readers to graphic reports. In this non gambling city of ours we have no such thing on, while on the course a fox chase first came off, followed by a horse race. Next about a bushel of rats were put into a circular cage, to be killed by dogs. Then a coon was put in an elbow-shaped tunnel, to be drawn out by dogs. Then a monstrous wild cat was fastened to a stake by a chain eight feet long, and two bull dogs successively set upon him. The contest with the first dog was protracted and doubtful, but a door having been accidentally left open a pack of fox hounds passed within reach of the cat. They were driven off with difficulty, when the second dog was brought in. After some indecisive fighting, the dog finally collared the cat and flopped him on the ground, after which he succeeded in fastening his teeth in the cat's neck. The cat in the meantime made terrible havoc of the dog's flesh with its long claws, and the blood poured in streams from both. At the end of five minutes they were with great difficulty torn apart, and the dog was awarded the collar.

A medium sized black bear was next brought into the ring and chained to the stake. A bull dog was set at him. The bear knocked him heels over head by a stroke of his paw. The dog retreated, and it was quite a time before he could be induced to make another attack. He finally rushed in and fastened his teeth in the bear's throat, while bruin keeled over and hugged him fondly for a time, when he commenced scalping the dog with his fore paws, and thumping him in the ribs with his hind feet. The dog fought the bear gamely for ten minutes, at the end of which time he was shockingly cut up, and they were separated. A second dog was beaten and a third horribly lacerated. A fourth was seized by the bear and almost hugged to death. The dog would not let go, but was at last taken away

A huge bull, named "Rebel," was now led into the interior of a ring, and fastened to a stake by a rope fifteen feet in length. One bull dog, who was put in the ring to bait the bull, took fright and ran off. Another dog was tossed by the ferocious animal, who finally broke loose, but was recaptured and fastened by two very large ropes. The brindle dog which stuck to the bear so gamely was then turned loose, and he "went for" the bull with a rush. The dog was tossed a distance of from thirty to forty feet in the air a number of times, and badly stamped once or twice. It was deemed advisable to turn in another dog, which was done, and still the bull had all the advantage, tossing and kicking them with terrible force. The third bull dog was finally turned in, when "Rebel" became furious; he leaped and lunged, throwing the dogs all together in the air, and kicking them as they came down. In one of his terrific leaps he stamped the life nearly out of the game brindle dog and broke loose again, darting into the very midst of the large crowd behind the ropes. A terrific scene ensued. In his mad rush the bull tossed a large box on which a number of persons were seated, and the unlucky ones were tumbled promiscuously over each other in the dust.

The people behind the ropes became panic stricken, and a large number of horses attached to buggies and carriages took fright, throwing the whole mass together with a terrific crash, while all who could fled in terror. Fortunately, the rope stretched across the track caught the horn of the bull and brought him to his haunches. Although the horses broke and lunged, mashing some of the vehicles, nobody was seriously hurt, but all were badly scared. The bull was for the third time secured to the stake, and the two dogs left fought him gamely, one seizing his throat and the other his nose. The English bull terrier which belonging to Jack Brown, and only weighing nineteen pounds, took the throat hold on the bull every time and made the best fight. The dogs were all shockingly cut and bruised by the goring and stamping of the bull. In the hardest part of the terrific battle the bull was tangled in the ropes and could not use his legs freely. He came out of the fight fresh and pawing the earth in defiance. This bull was raised in Jefferson County, and is well known for his ferocious disposition. He is very quick and understands how to fight a dog. The crowd drew a long breath, as if relieved from a terrible suspense, when "Rebel" was led out of the ring. Jack Brown's brindle dog, nineteen pounds weight, was awarded the prize, for having made the most scientific fight with the bull. A second fox chase, at night, in which all the hounds were followed by their owners, wound up the exhibition. The exhibition received the countenance of many men of high standing, and some of the fair sex. Turnips enjoyed the sport much better than they do horse racing, it appears.

REMINISCENCES OF A MAN ABOUT TOWN.

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER.
BY PAUL PRESTON, ESQ

No. 11.—Memories of the Park Theatre.

I would not pretend to supply even a summary of the numerous interesting incidents occurring at the Park Theatre during the many years I was a loiterer in the lobby of that venerable establishment. That task I leave to the pen of some future historian of the stage, who, like Dunlap, may exhume from the dust of daily chronicle inexhaustible information with regard to the annals of our latter day drama. I merely contemplate in retrospect the Old Park as a thing of the past, as a great episode in the social drama, in which I, with thousands of other actors, have taken a voluntary although obscure part.

I well remember how the whole town was exercised concerning a riot occurring at the Park Theatre, which, from a trivial cause, resulted in the expulsion of a most charming vocalist primarily from our stage and eventually from the country. The Wood riot, as this disturbance has been style', was a memorable incident as exhibiting the power of a journal to excite prejudice and the avidity with which the general public enter into the personal quarrels of actors. Mr. and Mrs. Wood were in their time regarded as the leading vocalists of the English stage. Mrs. Wood, as Miss Paton, had won a distinguished reputation, when she retired from the stage for the purpose of marrying a baronet by the name of Alexander, with whom, however, she lived in a condition of marital unhappiness, which culminated in a separation, which gave rise to the propagation of much scandal to the detriment of Lady Alexander. The lady again reappeared on the lyric stage, and upon reaching America was announced as the wife of Mr. Wood, the chief vocalist of the troupe, a very handsome man who had, it was asserted, originally been a pugilist.

The demeanor of Wood towards his associates and colleagues, tyrannical and dictatorial, contributed to augment a prejudice pre-existing against his wife which her admitted talents could scarcely counterbalance. The lady was, however, enthusiastically received by the public and the press, but her injudicious spouse contrived to provoke the animosity of the musical critics, and particularly a gentleman named Hart, attached to the *Courier and Enquirer*, then the leading organ of public opinion. A slight pretext was only wanting to uncork the vials of wrath in store for the ex-pugilist, who was unfortunate enough to afford the desired opportunity for the journalist's vengeance. A minor vocalist having announced for her benefit the most popular opera of the *repertoire*, the Woods retracted at the last hour their promise to appear in the piece, thereby unnecessarily causing disappointment to the audience and financial detriment to the *beneficiaire*. A series of cards appeared in the public prints, which were taken by the press, the *Courier and Enquirer* particularly, as texts for most violent articles against Wood, who was, moreover, charged with having indulged in private conversation in abuse of America and her institutions. This last offence fired the train, and upon the next appearance of the Woods the theatre was taken possession of by a lawless multitude forcing in the doors and occupying the seats to the exclusion of the paying audience, who fled in dismay from the crowd of rough material converging every avenue leading to the front of the edifice. Valiantly Wood endeavored to oppose himself to the popular storm; no explanation would be listened to, no apology would be accepted, so, amid the howlings and hootings of an enraged mob, the Woods took their eternal leave of our metropolitan stage.

A scene of quite a different character distinguished the ostracism of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Matthews, who were virtually expelled from the Park boards and the country at large through a most ingenious and peaceable strategy. The elder Matthews had been exceedingly popular with us, and the reputation of Madame Vestris for beauty and ability was as familiar to our citizens as that of any of our own belles. Charles Matthews, lately married to the lady, was accepted as a successful actor and dramatist, but had proved unfortunate as a manager. To repair their shattered fortunes—for both the Vestris and her husband were bankrupts—it was suggested that an engagement be effected for an extended American tour. The Keeleys, the elder Wallack and hundreds of other financially distressed artists, had previously tried the experiment with crowning success, and few among them possessed the advantages in reputation of this celebrated couple. The agent of the Park Theatre having secured their services, they arrived in this country during the summer recess of the theatre.

The advent of the fair daughter of Bartolozzi, the engraver, the hero of more love scrapes than would immortalize a dozen Helens, and that of the author of the most popular and entertaining comedian who had ever visited our shores, was duly chronicled and commented upon. An intense curiosity pervaded all classes to view the twin celebrities, especially the lady, who turned the head of all London, when an alleged impropriety, construed into a national insult, instantaneously eradicated all hope for their professional success. To while away a few summer hours the couple had visited the Catskill Mountain House, at a time when at the hotel there chanced to be sojourning President Van Buren and some of his cabinet, who, like all the other guests, dined at the common table. Although informed of this American custom, Mr. and Mrs. Matthews persisted in demanding their meals to be served up in private, although the Vestris directed her waiting woman to dine at the ordinary. So marked an affront to the person of our chief magistrate could neither be overlooked nor forgiven, and at that moment it appeared to the public doubly aggravated from the fact that the President's son was at that time a species of guest of the British government, having had the honor, moreover, of dancing at a regal ball with the Queen at his partner.

When the season commenced at the Park, Mr. and Mrs. Matthews duly made their appearance in a couple of their most popular characters. The house presented a beggarly array of empty boxes, and I believe with not a solitary lady present. The sparse auditory neither hissed or applauded, and this chilling reception perfectly enervated all the actors. The starring pair thinking to overcome a passing prejudice performed for an entire week, the audience diminishing sensibly upon each successive night, and then convinced that support would be withheld from them in every other section of the country. Mr. Matthews very honorably canceled an engagement which would have only brought ruin upon an unoffending manager.

It was upon the boards of the Park that the lamented Tyrone Power took his leave of the professional world, having performed there for the last time in his mortal existence. Although by a hundred degrees the superior of other men, assuming to delineate the Irish character, in which specialty he was and has since been immitable, Mr. Power preferred appearing for the last time in America and as it chanced, in his life, in an English comedy, performing the part of Rover in O'Keefe's comedy of "Wild Oats," with an excellence stamping him as an actor of indisputable talent. A passenger on board of the steam-ship President, his fate has been involved in the mystery attending the presumptive loss of that ill-fated ship. Mr. Power was introduced to take passage on this vessel the more particularly on account of its commander, Lieut. Roberts, R.N., being a brother townsman and an intimate acquaintance. This able officer had been in his earlier days commander of the famous privateer "Black Joke," which is reported to have combatted a Spanish frigate for three entire days. He moreover commanded the "Sirius," in which steamship he accomplished the then incredible feat of a direct steam passage across the Atlantic, having anticipated by some hours the arrival of the Great Western, a vessel built expressly for international steam navigation.

Some years after his father's departure Mr. Maurice Power made his appearance, but not having a tithe of his parent's ability, he speedily disappeared from public sight. In fact, his visit could only be regarded as a charity mission, inasmuch as Tyrone Power, placing no confidence in paper securities, had converted the proceeds of his professional labors into specie, which was buried with him in the depths of the sea, and, consequently, his widow and family were left in straitened circumstances.

The arrival of the famous *danseuse*, Fanny Elsler, the rival of Taglioni, conjured up a speck of discord which, at one time, threatened to fire the minds of the habitual pit-patrons of the Park into riot and rebellion. It was announced that, in consequence of the increased expenses of the *ballet*, the admission price would be doubled. So unwise a proceeding against those who had stuck by the theatre through thick and thin, through good and bad luck, raised a howl of indignation which, finding a vent in the public journals, could not fail to bring the management to reason. Remembrance of the O. P. riots in London, from accounts republished in the Sunday papers, threats of an absolute refusal on the part of a determined public to submit to imposition, and above all the intervention of the fair representatives, caused a reconsideration of the resolution, which was finally withdrawn. The divine Fanny came, saw and conquered, and never was there more sardine-like packing of animals than during the brilliant dancer's engagement. New York became perfectly rabid on the subject of Elsler, and for the first time in our theatrical existence we obtained a glimpse of a regularly constituted *ballet*. She was accompanied by a male dancer who styled himself Monsieur Sylvain, and a very good dancer he was also; and we esteemed him as such until it leaked out that instead of being a genuine foreigner of operatic extraction he was a Hibernian beneath this Frenchified style, disguising his patronymic of O'Sullivan.

Previously to the coming of Elsler our saltatorial entertainment was generally limited to a *pas seul*, hornpipe or other dance, executed by a solitary figurante between the pieces. Oftentimes we were treated to a *pas de deux*, where a male operator was thrown in, seemingly to hold the lady on his knee with one arm in the air; but when we had a *pas de trois*, which I interpret to mean a male sandwiched between two female saucers, forming an aerial pyramid, our rapture knew no bounds. Well can I call to mind the enthusiasm created by Young Wheatley, as we called the present lessee of Niblo's in those days, and his two sisters, as they executed a compilation of figures and poses invented by Conway, the aristocratic dancing master, whilom *ballet* master of the Lafayette Theatre in Laurens street, now Canal. Possibly it is in grateful reward for his endeavors in that remote period of the *ballet*'s infancy that the beneficent "Black Crook" has, at this late day, outpoured the contents of a golden cornucopia into his managerial lap.

Before the triumph of the divine Fanny the most popular *danseuse* on our stage had been a lady theatrically known as Mademoiselle Augusta, but who in private life was entitled to the title of Countess of St. James, her husband being an exiled veteran expelled from France through the Revolution of 1830. Her chief performance was in Auber's operatic *ballet* of "La Bayadere," which became, through her dancing and the sweetness of music—whose lightness harmonized with our uncultivated taste, as we did not then require more than two drums nor a half dozen fiddles per bar of sheet music—the most popular piece of the time. To Augusta succeeded a Madame Lecomte, a bold, vigorous and dashing *danseuse*, who used to figure in the tomb scene of "Robert, the Devil" with such a freedom of action and lightness of apparel as to call forth exclamations of horror from prudish dames.

For a time Madame Anna Bishop was a bright particular star at the Park, who came to us like many other vocalists, solitary and alone, and unsupported by a proper chorus and other operatic auxiliaries, was compelled to limit her endeavors to solos and popular melodies, which she executed with remarkable brilliancy and grace. Madame Bishop must have been a perfect divinity in the days of her youth, which ought to have been long, long ago, as it is over forty-five years since she eloped with Bochsa, the harp player, in whose company she visited our country but a few years back. To Sir Henry Bishop, this lady's husband, we are indebted for the "Last Rose of Summer," "Meet me by Moonright Alone," and a vast number of other popular songs, the words by Tom Moore, Haynes Bailey and writers of that school. As a species of consolation for the loss of his wife, Bishop was knighted by the sovereign, and hence the deprivation of a better half gave him a title which soon enabled him to make the deficiency from among ambitious plebians. Bochsa flourished in this country as an orchestral leader, being among the most enthusiastic in displaying the broadsword exercise over the heads of cat-gut scrapers and horn blowers. I well remember the sensation created among the audience at the Park when the new style of leading an orchestra was introduced by Rophino Lacy, who came to America with Miss Dolby, a pretty woman and pleasing vocalist, whose career with us was, however, neither long nor lucrative. Mr. Lacy had been announced upon the bill as "musical conductor," and as we never before had seen such an article, we were but in amazement as to what it might turn out to be. Just before the overture was to commence, in stalks the resplendent Lacy, and without further ado takes possession of the leader's desk. Then he draws from his breast-pocket a pair of faultlessly white kid gloves, which he dons on, to our utter astonishment, never having seen the violin played in gloves. A moment after he produced from his coat tail pocket a black object, which, in plentitude of ignorance, mistook for a flute, a delusion dispelled when, opening the music score before him, he gave a sort of Ffbe Mason's alarm on the tip of the stand. The house eyes opened in wonder as we watched the motions of his hand, armed with the black rod, which seemed to be used of the properties of a magician's wand as he waved it here, there, to the right, to the left, conjuring up cul-et strains at each particular variation of the exercise. And when the music ceased, and Rophino Lacy threw himself back in his arm chair listless and fagged out, we came to understand what a musical conductor was, and we unanimously voted it a great institution—rather expensive, but decidedly ornamental.

Bochsa, while in Paris, must have been a man of great repute in the musical world, and his departure from the French capital can only be accounted for upon supposition of a reluctance to labor for the French government, for a term of years, inasmuch that, after his getting safely across the Channel, the political authorities condemned him to sixteen years of hard labor for contumacy in not answering to a charge of having forged the names of Wellington, of Bolideau, and of other parties, to certain bonds and obligations. He is likewise charged with having connived at the robbery of a large amount of jewelry taken from the persons of ladies attending his musical festivals, thereby showing that this enterprising genius could direct other things beside the members of an orchestra. In England Bochsa did much to popularize the pedal harp, which at one time threatened to become a fashionable instrument in this city; nevertheless the cost of the improved harp, the difficulty of acquiring perfection in its use and the labor of performing on it rendered it secondary to the piano forte, so that now-a-days the harp, as well as the harpsichord of our grandmothers, can be regarded as an obsolete musical contrivance with votaries of the *bon ton*.

Among the long forgotten incidents in the history of the Park can be cited the appearance of a genuine aristocrat, who unsuccessfully sought to win fame in this hemisphere by assuming the part of Hamlet on these boards. The Hon. and Rev. Charles Beresford came to us in the full glory of a noble lineage; being, according to his own story, a full cousin to the Marquis of Waterford—that roystering sprig of nobility, who, arriving at our port in his yacht, "The Gem," had the misfortune of terminating his first and only lark upon our shores by being caged in the city watch house. As a matter of course, all the fashionables of the town were on the *qui vive* to witness the dramatic performance of a live aristocrat, but the common people, especially the pit goers of the Park, entertained no very merciful feelings for one whom they regarded to be either an impostor or a degenerate scion of an ancient stock interloping into an avocation. The Rev. gentleman, proving a most indifferent actor, was soundly "goosed" by the critics of the lower house, despite the fulsome flattery of the boxes, and on the morrow he effervesced, to be heard of no more on the American stage.

Another quasi noble amateur, who had created some sensation in the literary and fashionable world, essayed his oratorical abilities on the Park stage with a more favorable result than this reverend honorable. Count Louis Fitzgerald Tasistro came among our uppertendom with a prodigious blowing of trumpets, announcing his pretensions to a foreign title and to the authorship of several remarkable fugitive pieces. Aspiring to be a leader of fashion, and representative of nobility on this side of the water, the Count made a prodigious splurge, until, having eloped with and married a daughter of a city judge, serious doubts were entertained as to the solvency of his pretensions. It was at this juncture in his destiny that this distinguished foreigner determined upon astonishing the nerves of envious New Yorkers by giving a series of tragic representations *en amateur*, asserting that he had previously performed in a like capacity at the patent theatres of London. Mr. Tasistro, who was in reality a gentleman of erudition and ability, made his *debut* at the Park in the character of Zanga in Young's tragedy of "The Revenge," probably the worst possible acting drama on the stage, commencing, as it does, with a thunder storm, and terminating with a prolonged soliloquy. The county amateur, upon initial trial, failed to sustain his alleged reputation, but was allowed to continue the round of characters by him chalked out until the end of the week, after which he gracefully retired from the profession and ultimately from public gossip.

When Dr. Lardner concluded upon public delivery of a course of scientific lectures, wherein he designed to illuminate our benighted region, he selected the Park as a proper theatre for the exhibition of himself, his learning, his diagrams and his intellectual stores generally. The place of the green curtain was usurped by a gigantic transparent painting, ornamented with comets, planets, stars and all sorts of celestial phenomena upon which the lover of Mrs. Heavyside, in brown wig and gold spectacles elaborated in due form, ample form, pointing out his course through the starry vault by the aid of a bamboo fishing pole. I regret to say that the encyclopedian doctor did not succeed as a show, particularly as the affair was shortly after burlesqued at this same theatre in a serio-comic monologue by a St. Louis author named Fields, who combined in one person the professions of actor, dramatist, editor and humorist. The western Caleb Quotem, who, by the way, had produced an unsuccessful comedy in five acts at this house, utterly annihilated Lardner's starry panorama by substituting the stars of the theatrical world for those appertaining to the celestial sphere. "Straws" proved too much for learned mendicity.

ST. ANTHONY'S NOSE.

A Week's Frolic in the Neighborhood of a Classic Locality.

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER

Some years agone—the precise date is a matter of no consequence—it was quite a passion with smart young fellows with a pretension to taste and means to hire a trim built yacht, stock it well with provisions and sporting apparatus, invite a few choice friends, and coast along the noble Hudson for a week or so, the time rarely passing without an adventure of some sort, and instead of being a genuine foreigner of operatic extraction, he was a Hibernian beneath this Frenchified style, disguising his patronymic of O'Sullivan.

Previously to the coming of Elsler our saltatorial entertainment was generally limited to a *pas seul*, hornpipe or other dance, executed by a solitary figurante between the pieces. Oftentimes we were treated to a *pas de deux*, where a male operator was thrown in, seemingly to hold the lady on his knee with one leg in the air; but when we had a *pas de trois*, which I interpret to mean a male sandwiched between two female saucers, forming an aerial pyramid, our rapture knew no bounds. Well can I call to mind the enthusiasm created by Young Wheatley, as we called the present lessee of Niblo's in those days, and his two sisters, as they executed a compilation of figures and poses invented by Conway, the aristocratic dancing master, whilom *ballet* master of the Lafayette Theatre in Laurens street, now Canal. Possibly it is in grateful reward for his endeavors in that remote period of the *ballet*'s infancy that the beneficent "Black Crook" has, at this late day, outpoured the contents of a golden cornucopia into his managerial lap.

Before the triumph of the divine Fanny the most popular *danseuse* on our stage had been a lady theatrically known as Mademoiselle Augusta, but who in private life was entitled to the title of Countess of St. James, her husband being an exiled veteran expelled from France through the Revolution of 1830. Her chief performance was in Auber's operatic *ballet* of "La Bayadere," which became, through her dancing and the sweetness of music—whose lightness harmonized with our uncultivated taste, as we did not then require more than two drums nor a half dozen fiddles per bar of sheet music—the most popular piece of the time. To Augusta succeeded a Madame Lecomte, a bold, vigorous and dashing *danseuse*, who used to figure in the tomb scene of "Robert, the Devil" with such a freedom of action and lightness of apparel as to call forth exclamations of horror from prudish dames.

For a time Madame Anna Bishop was a bright particular star at the Park, who came to us like many other vocalists, solitary and alone, and unsupported by a proper chorus and other operatic auxiliaries, was compelled to limit her endeavors to solos and popular melodies, which she executed with remarkable brilliancy and grace. Madame Bishop must have been a perfect divinity in the days of her youth, which ought to have been long, long ago, as it is over forty-five years since she eloped with Bochsa, the harp player, in whose company she visited our country but a few years back. To Sir Henry Bishop, this lady's husband, we are indebted for the "Last Rose of Summer," "Meet me by Moonright Alone," and a vast number of other popular songs, the words by Tom Moore, Haynes Bailey and writers of that school. As a species of consolation for the loss of his wife, Bishop was knighted by the sovereign, and hence the deprivation of a better half gave him a title which soon enabled him to make the deficiency from among ambitious plebians. Bochsa flourished in this country as an orchestral leader, being among the most enthusiastic in displaying the broadsword exercise over the heads of cat-gut scrapers and horn blowers. I well remember the sensation created among the audience at the Park when the new style of leading an orchestra was introduced by Rophino Lacy, who came to America with Miss Dolby, a pretty woman and pleasing vocalist, whose career with us was, however, neither long nor lucrative. Mr. Lacy had been announced upon the bill as "musical conductor," and as we never before had seen such an article, we were but in amazement as to what it might turn out to be. Just before the overture was to commence, in stalks the resplendent Lacy, and without further ado takes possession of the leader's desk. Then he draws from his breast-pocket a pair of faultlessly white kid gloves, which he dons on, to our utter astonishment, never having seen the violin played in gloves. A moment after he produced from his coat tail pocket a black object, which, in plentitude of ignorance, mistook for a flute, a delusion dispelled when, opening the music score before him, he gave a sort of Ffbe Mason's alarm on the tip of the stand. The house eyes opened in wonder as we watched the motions of his hand, armed with the black rod, which seemed to be used of the properties of a magician's wand as he waved it here, there, to the right, to the left, conjuring up cul-et strains at each particular variation of the exercise. And when the music ceased, and Rophino Lacy threw himself back in his arm chair listless and fagged out, we came to understand what a musical conductor was, and we unanimously voted it a great institution—rather expensive, but decidedly ornamental.

Bochsa, while in Paris, must have been a man of great repute in the musical world, and his departure from the French capital can only be accounted for upon supposition of a reluctance to labor for the French government, for a term of years, inasmuch that, after his getting safely across the Channel, the political authorities condemned him to sixteen years of hard labor for contumacy in not answering to a charge of having forged the names of Wellington, of Bolideau, and of other parties, to certain bonds and obligations. He is likewise charged with having connived at the robbery of a large amount of jewelry taken from the persons of ladies attending his musical festivals, thereby showing that this enterprising genius could direct other things beside the members of an orchestra. In England Bochsa did much to popularize the pedal harp, which at one time threatened to become a fashionable instrument in this city; nevertheless the cost of the improved harp, the difficulty of acquiring perfection in its use and the labor of performing on it rendered it secondary to the piano forte, so that now-a-days the harp, as well as the harpsichord of our grandmothers, can be regarded as an obsolete musical contrivance with votaries of the *bon ton*.

Among the long forgotten incidents in the history of the Park can be cited the appearance of a genuine aristocrat, who unsuccessfully sought to win fame in this hemisphere by assuming the part of Hamlet on these boards. The Hon. and Rev. Charles Beresford came to us in the full glory of a noble lineage; being, according to his own story, a full cousin to the Marquis of Waterford—that roystering sprig of nobility, who, arriving at our port in his yacht, "The Gem," had the misfortune of terminating his first and only lark upon our shores by being caged in the city watch house. As a matter of course, all the fashionables of the town were on the *qui vive* to witness the dramatic performance of a live aristocrat, but the common people, especially the pit goers of the Park, entertained no very merciful feelings for one whom they regarded to be either an impostor or a degenerate scion of an ancient stock interloping into an avocation. The Rev. gentleman, proving a most indifferent actor, was soundly "goosed" by the critics of the lower house, despite the fulsome flattery of the boxes, and on the morrow he effervesced, to be heard of no more on the American stage.

Another quasi noble amateur, who had created some sensation in the literary and fashionable world, essayed his oratorical abilities on the Park stage with a more favorable result than this reverend honorable. Count Louis Fitzgerald Tasistro came among our uppertendom with a prodigious blowing of trumpets, announcing his pretensions to a foreign title and to the authorship of several remarkable fugitive pieces. Aspiring to be a leader of fashion, and representative of nobility on this side of the water, the Count made a prodigious splurge, until, having eloped with and married a daughter of a city judge, serious doubts were entertained as to the solvency of his pretensions. It was at this juncture in his destiny that this distinguished foreigner determined upon astonishing the nerves of envious New Yorkers by giving a series of tragic representations *en amateur*, asserting that he had previously performed in a like capacity at the patent theatres of London. Mr. Tasistro, who was in reality a gentleman of erudition and ability, made his *debut* at the Park in the character of Zanga in Young's tragedy of "The Revenge," probably the worst possible acting drama on the stage, commencing, as it does, with a thunder storm, and terminating with a prolonged soliloquy. The county amateur, upon initial trial, failed to sustain his alleged reputation, but was allowed to continue the round of characters by him chalked out until the end of the week, after which he gracefully retired from the profession and ultimately from public gossip.

When Dr. Lardner concluded upon public delivery of a course of scientific lectures, wherein he designed to illuminate our benighted region, he selected the Park as a proper theatre for the exhibition of himself, his learning, his diagrams and his intellectual stores generally. The place of the green curtain was usurped by a gigantic transparent painting, ornamented with comets, planets, stars and all sorts of celestial phenomena upon which the lover of Mrs. Heavyside, in brown wig and gold spectacles elaborated in due form, ample form, pointing out his course through the starry vault by the aid of a bamboo fishing pole. I regret to say that the encyclopedian doctor did not succeed as a show, particularly as the affair was shortly after burlesqued at this same theatre in a serio-comic monologue by a St. Louis author named Fields, who combined in one person the professions of actor, dramatist, editor and humorist. The western Caleb Quotem, who, by the way, had produced an unsuccessful comedy in five acts at this house, utterly annihilated Lardner's starry panorama by substituting the stars of the theatrical world for those appertaining to the celestial sphere. "Straws" proved too much for learned mendicity.

ST. ANTHONY'S NOSE.

A Week's Frolic in the Neighborhood of a Classic Locality.

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER

Some years agone—the precise date is a matter of no consequence—it was quite a passion with smart young fellows with a pretension to taste and means to hire a trim built yacht, stock it well with provisions and sporting apparatus, invite a few choice friends, and coast along the noble Hudson for a week or so, the time rarely passing without an adventure of some sort, and plenty of sport to diversify the monotony. Sometimes two or three ladies would share the trip, as on the occasion in question, when a couple of bewitching fair ones, known respectively as "Lou" and "Gracie," bore us company and furnished mirth and music for as select a set of gay spirits as ever hauled a line or turned a helm. There was Joe Tiffany, the youthful Nimrod of Astoria, Sam. Snaffles, the cricketer, Harry Hazel, a young blood who had spent his good looks, and one or two more, whose names I have forgotten. "Jolly good fellows, every one," but especially in all matters relating to open air sports and pastimes.

It was the first day of July, and as lovely a morning as ever dawned upon the citizens of this gay metropolis, when the tidy yacht, the Mermaid, put out from her anchorage at Stevens' grounds, Hoboken, for a week's recreation amid the Hudson Highlands and beyond. The ladies dressed in their gayest vestments, and a favoring breeze filled the sail of our little craft as we shot past the ragged cliffs of old Weehawken, where Webster ruralized and Hamilton received his fatal wound, and up into the narrow gorge of the Palisades. A boat came rushing down the pass with a single occupant, but it was not a song of love and romance he was singing, nothing more pathetic than

"More he was a sailor boy,
Only nineteen years old,"

and that, too, in a voice rendered husky by floods of old rye. "Sa—ay, mates, got any 'baccer?" he shouted, as he dashed by; and the romance for the nonce was extinguished. The girls went to sketching, and then, considering ourselves safe from paying curiosity, jouned such as were unusually inclined in vocal efforts suited to the nature of our expedition and its scenic surroundings. Far up the gorge we met two rustic beauties paddling a skiff, and it will be some time ere I lose all recollection of the silvery laughter that replied to my jocose interrogatory as to whether they were not "afraid!" to trust themselves so far from the shore. Joe and Sam lighted their cigars, Harry stretched himself at the feet of the girls and read poetry and talked sentiment by turns, while two of us found something attractive in the little cabin, said something presenting itself in the shape of an "original package" labeled "Otard." A cove in the vicinity of Fort Lee looked so inviting that we concluded to halt and try our luck at fishing. Exaggerated visions of bass and black fish danced before the excited vision, but I was beginning to entertain strong doubts of the existence of anything larger than shrimp or shiners, when "Lou" gave a shrill cry and sprang up with a vehemence that upset the bench on which she and Harry were seated, knocking him over and sending his nautical hat on an excursion down the river. A few small tom cods rewarded our morning's exertion, when, finding that the salt air had sharpened our appetites, we adjourned to the hotel for dinner, and were soon feasting very strongly of the brine. With Shakespeare we might have exclaimed:—"O flesh, flesh, how art thou fishified!"

After the repast the girls retired for a *siesta*, and Sam and I sat down to a game of chess, Joe betaking himself to the woods with his gun in search of game. He came back in one hour, feeling very tired, but bringing with him a brace of fine, fat partridges (which we subsequently learned had been purchased of a countryman). Harry began to yawn and to inquire after the girls, who had not been visible since dinner time. For want of diversion two or three of us took the yacht and spread sail for a short cruise. We had a nice time, being well provided with all the essentials, and were getting on famously on our return, when, rounding a projecting bluff, we found ourselves unexpectedly in the midst of a group of naiads, floundering and splashing in the water like so many Sandwich Islanders, and with no more drapery than that which had been redosed with by the ancient painters. Harry Hazel, as helmsman, had run the Mermaid into the very centre of a party of a dozen ladies, who had come from the hotel for a bath. Such a screaming and scattering was never before witnessed in that secluded spot. There was a general skedaddling for the shore, but one little wretch, with golden curls and the form of a Hebe, incontinently "squatted" in the water and hid her pretty face in two little hands of Parian whiteness. The next moment we had rounded the bluff, and the gray moss-grown rocks hid from our sight a view of Paradise.

Returning to the "shebang," as Harry christened the hotel, we found Lou and Gracie seated on the verandah with their crochet work, with two strange young gentlemen by

"and bring out the books;" meaning the *Little Wanderers' Friend*, of which he keeps a supply.

The books were got out by one of the girls, the fiddle was handed him by his wife, and Allen led off on the treble, all hands joining in. There were eleven girls in the room, and they sang in the chorus with unusual fervor, even for them. As soon as this song was finished, a couple of the girls, simultaneously, asked for "There's a Light in the Window for Thee, Brother," which was sung with emphasis and feeling.

At the conclusion of the last mentioned song, Mr. Arnold believed that the appointed hour had come, and, tapping Allen on the shoulder, he said:—

"Well, John, old boy, give us your hand; I feel just like praying here with you!"

Allen took the extended hand, and gruffly said:—

"What—*pray?* Do you mean pray? No, sir, never!"

"Well, John," responded Mr. Arnold, "I am going to pray here anyhow. If I don't pray loud I'll pray soft. You shan't lose the prayer, at any rate."

"Well, Arnold, mind now, if you pray *I won't hear you*; mind that. I don't know anything about it. I won't hear you."

And backing slowly out of the room, and repeating "I won't hear you," over and over again, Allen went through the door leading to the bar, and closed it after him.

Mr. Arnold then invited the girls to join in prayer with him, which they did, some of them kneeling on the floor, as did the visitors, and others bowing their heads upon their hands, while Allen peered through the window of the partition door upon the singular scene.

Mr. Arnold's heart was almost too full for utterance, but his fervor soon unlocked his tongue, and he poured out a simple, direct and heartfelt prayer, which told powerfully upon the hearers. Many of the girls arose, sobbing, to their feet, and several of them crowded around Mr. Arnold, and begged him, in the name of God, to take them from that place. They would work their hands off if honest work could be got for them; they would submit to any hardship if they could only be restored to opportunities for virtue and a Christian life.

Poor Arnold! He was the picture of despair. It came upon him, all at once, that there is no help for such this side the grave. He had at last conquered his opportunity and prayed with these children of sin and shame, and now that they were calling upon him to answer his own prayer—to give them a chance to eat the bread of life—he had to put them off with the stone of evasion.

Take them from that place! Where could he take them? In all this Christian land there is not a Christian house that would open its doors to a repentant female sinner, except to turn her out of the house.

On calling upon Mr. Arnold, the next day, we found him in his room at the Mission, with his head bowed upon the table, as though in prayer. Looking up at us, with blazing eyes, he exclaimed:—

"Sir, what is to be done about this?"

"About what?" we asked.

"These poor girls," he replied. "I have been thinking and praying, and praying and thinking over it all night, but I can see no light. Sir (pressing his head between his hands), I shall go mad."

There are about forty dance houses in Mr. Allen's neighborhood; that is to say within a half mile square, of which 304 Water street is the centre. The average number of girls in each of these houses, the season through, is ten, making four hundred in them all. So that in this half mile square of infamy requires eighty fresh girls per annum. To feed the entire city requires an average of two thousand one hundred and ninety-four a year, *which is a trifle over six a day, Sundays included!* Six fresh girls a day from the Sabbath schools and virtuous homes of the land, to feed the licentious maw of this metropolis of the Western World!

AQUATICS.

BROOKLYN YACHT CLUB REGATTA.

A new and most commendable feature in yachting in this country was introduced by the Brooklyn Yacht Club on Thursday, 25th inst., when they held their eleventh annual regatta, the rules governing which permitted the competition of all the vessels belonging to recognized clubs in and around the metropolis, and we are gratified in being able to state that the contest was one of the finest which has ever taken place upon the waters of the bay. The weather clerk was in a most amiable mood, the wind being favorable and the water as suitable as the most enthusiastic devotee of the pastime could desire. There was a very general response to the generous invitation extended by the club, and the following vessels reported at the *rendezvous* off the boat house in Gowanus Bay:—

FIRST CLASS SCHOONERS.

Alice, Brooklyn Yacht Club.	Mystic, Atlantic Yacht Club.
Lois, Atlantic Yacht Club.	Lilie, Brooklyn Yacht Club.

FIRST CLASS SLOOPS.

Addie V, Atlantic Yacht Club.	Carlton, Brooklyn Yacht Club.
Kate, Brooklyn Yacht Club.	Dolphin, Brooklyn Yacht Club.
Agnes, Atlantic Yacht Club.	Josie, Brooklyn Yacht Club.
Nellie, Brooklyn Yacht Club.	Musquodeed, Prooklyn Yacht Club.
Niagara, Brooklyn Yacht Club.	
Restless, Brooklyn Yacht Club.	Latona, Brooklyn Yacht Club.
Qui Vive, Atlantic Yacht Club.	Cornelia, Brooklyn Yacht Club.
Emma T., Brooklyn Yacht Club.	Whisper, Jersey City Yacht Club.

SECOND CLASS SLOOPS.

Sophia, Brooklyn Yacht Club.	Lavine, Atlantic Yacht Club.
Flyaway, Bayonne Yacht Club.	Annie, Bayonne Yacht Club.
Apollo, Brooklyn Yacht Club.	Juliette, Atlantic Yacht Club.
Lillian, Jersey City Yacht Club.	Midge, Brooklyn Yacht Club.
Hermit, Atlantic Yacht Club.	Aquatta, Brooklyn Yacht Club.
Martha, Brooklyn Yacht Club.	Carrie, Hoboken Yacht Club.
Viola, Brooklyn Yacht Club.	Minnie, Brooklyn Yacht Club.
Maitie, Bayonne Yacht Club.	

Each of the vessels bore her number conspicuously displayed on the mainsail, thus enabling the spectators to easily distinguish them by consulting the printed programme prepared by the committee, Messrs. G. L. Haight, W. H. Pegg, Edwin Hillyer, John Jones and John M. Sawyer. The steamboat William Fletcher had been chartered for the use of the judges, Messrs. M. M. Van Dyke, John H. Lewis, B. E. Mallory, F. P. Bunker and Frank Foote, and the Antelope for the guests of the club, who crowded her decks, the fair sex being largely represented. The band of the Seventy-third Regiment was on board of the latter vessel and by discoursing favorite airs during the festivities, greatly enhanced the pleasure of those who attended. The steam yacht Fanny and several small steamers also accompanied the yachts, and being overburdened with excursionists from both sexes, added to the beauty and hilariousness of the scene. The course selected was from a line abreast of the stakeboat moored in Gowanus bay to the Southwest Spit, rounding it from the eastward, thence back to the place of starting by a line eastward of buoys 11, 13 and 15, on the West Bank, a distance in all of about thirty miles. Shortly after ten o'clock, the vessels entered took up their positions opposite the foot of Court street, and at 10:50 the signal gun boomed upon the air, admonishing the yachtsmen to be ready to get under way. The second gun was discharged at 11:11, sending the schooners off, the third at 11:14, and for the first class sloops, and the fourth at 11:18, when the sloops of the second class slipped their moorings. It would be superfluous to enter into a lengthened description of the race itself, and we shall therefore confine ourselves to a tabular statement of the respective time in which the vessels rounded the spit and home stake:—

SOUTHWEST SPIT.

Name.	*H.M.S.*	*Name.*	*H.M.S.*	*Name.*	*H.M.S.*
Addie V.	1.55:30	Niagara	2.16:45	Juliette	2.24:45
Mattie	1.58:30	Annie	2.19:30	Alice	2.25:30
Kate	2.03:30	Apollo	2.19:15	Lillian	2.25:30
Musquodeed	2.04:45	Flyaway	2.19:45	Aquatta	2.27:30
Qui Vive	2.07:30	Lavine	2.22:30	Restless	2.32:30
Agnes	2.07:45	Carlton	2.23:00	Mystic	2.36:30
Orie	2.10:14	Sophia	2.23:15		

HOME STAKE BOAT.

Qui Vive	4.13:30	Annie	5.08:30	Alice	5.32:15
Mattie	4.33:30	Apollo	5.12:30	Restless	5.37:00
Kate	4.59:00	Carrie	5.16:30	Aquatta	5.39:30
Musquodeed	4.45:15	Sophia	5.16:30	Juliette	5.41:00
Qui Vive	4.53:00	Carlton	5.21:00	Lillian	5.44:30
Sara	4.56:30	Flyaway	5.23:30	Mystic	6.39:00
Agnes	4.07:30				

Upon computing allowance of time, which was very equitable, the judges decided the winning yachts to be as follows:—

Schooners—First prize, the Alice, of the Brooklyn Yacht Club. First class sloops—First prize, the Agnes, of the Atlantic Yacht Club; second prize, the Qui Vive, of the Atlantic Yacht Club. Second class sloops—First prize, the Mattie, of the Bayonne Yacht Club.

TWO MILE SCULLING RACE

BETWEEN

JOHN TYLER, JR., OF BOSTON, AND WALTER BROWN.

The concluding portion of the aquatic exhibition between the above mentioned New England oarsmen was given over the usual course of the Hudson River Amateur Rowing Association on Wednesday evening, 24th inst., to the amusement and edification of some fifteen hundred spectators, mostly of the tender masculine, who had congregated beneath the grateful shade of the heavily foliaged trees constituting and conducing to render the Elysian Fields such a pleasant resort during the heated term, or were seated in the numerous shell boats, pleasure barges, yachts and water craft of various descriptions gaily skimming about in the immediate vicinity thereof. The course was from a point opposite Fifty-seventh street, down the river to an imaginary line drawn from the Stevens Battery, a straight away race, said to be two miles in length, although those who are posted in such matters and have gone over the course themselves, express emphatic doubts, taking the form of flat denial in many instances, of the correctness of this statement, all of which might have been avoided had the principals taken the necessary precaution which, if they desire to be awarded only such credit as they deserve, ought to have afforded them more satisfaction than any one else), to have had the course properly surveyed beforehand, and a boat moored at either end of an exact two miles. In the present instance there was no boat anchored at either end, everything being governed by "guess work," which is never reliable, and should be eschewed in boating matters especially, and if those whom experience enables to form a pretty correct idea do him injustice, the winner has no just reason to complain, for he has no right to expect anything else. Time specified in the articles for the race to take place was between the hours of ten o'clock A. M., and four o'clock P. M., but, as usual, the principles concluded to delay it until the last moment—a decision which the sequel proved to be very unfortunate, particularly for those who had visited the scene in the capacity of spectators. At noon a slight fall of rain occurred, but it merely served to cool the atmosphere and lay the dust, the heavens clearing off again nicely, and from one to three o'clock the water was in admirable condition for rowing.

The Deer had been chartered for the use of the officials, principals, members of the press and a few friends, and at half past three she steamed away towards the starting point, having on board the men and their craft. A wind was blowing freshly from the northeast now, ruffling the previously placid surface of the river, and as it increased in violence every moment, by the time the boat reached her destination near the limit of the appointed hours it was impolitic to brave the anger of the lashing waves by venturing among them in such tender crafts. The lowering aspect of the heavens to the north, growing blacker and more forbidding each moment, bespoke an approaching storm, and it was wisely determined to land the Weehawken ferry until the fury of the elements had been exhausted, for shortly after such a step, for shortly after landing the dark mass of clouds opened and a terrific shower of rain, intermingled with hail, commenced and continued for above an hour, much to the discomfiture of those who had assembled at the Fields, or occupied open boats, all of whom incontinently scattered in all directions in search of a place of shelter which all failed to secure, and consequently were subjected to the involuntary shower bath by no means agreeable or calculated to improve the appearance of stylish summer habiliments, some of the incidents connected with the stampede being exceedingly ludicrous. Of course the majority of the shedaddlers found their way within the hospitable portals of frame structures wherein were dispensed the favorite Teutonic beverage and stimulants of a more potent nature, and in the course of their endeavors to drench the inside equally with their exterior, some imbibed too freely, and in consequence became belligerent, and to settle fancied or real grievances, several excited disputants engaged in an impromptu "assaut of arms," several Hoboken Knights of the Locust who were present, attired as "toomers man" drew their clubs and commenced an indiscriminate beaboring of the combatants, who, however, turned the tables upon the officers by wrenching the locusts from their hands and paying them back in their own coin. Their supremacy was only momentary, however, for the ladies, producing their revolvers, and one of them discharging it in a chamber, luckily without injury, the disturbance was quickly quelled. The rain had now ceased, and the crowd, deploring those who had become disgusted with the proceedings, and who did not think the race would take place at all, repaired their steps to the beach.

At a few minutes past six o'clock Tyler and Brown launched and seated themselves in their shells, the former pulling the John H. Hagler, 35 feet in length, 15 inches wide, and weighing 27 pounds, and the latter rowing the Flirt, (the boat broken by Tyler at Boston), 31 feet 6 inches long, 12 inches wide, and weighing 26 pounds. The boat pulled by Brown at Philadelphia was three inches less in width than this one, and being altogether too narrow, she capsized in a few seconds. Both boats were of paper, built by Waterman of Troy, N. Y., and each was a fine specimen of handicraft, exciting much admiration in the eyes of *connoisseurs* by the beauty and accurateness of their lines, elegance of finish and extreme lightness. The gentleman selected for the position of referee was James Lee, of the Battery, himself a puller of note years agone, before he gained so much avoirdupois, while Charles J. Roosevelt, stroke oar of the Atlantic Club, acted as judge for Tyler, and James H. Biglin, formerly one of the now extinct "Biglin Crew," when in its prime, doing a similar service for Brown.

As soon as the judges' boat had taken up an eligible position, the men ranged, two and bow, about in a line with Fifty-seventh street, the Portlander having the choice of position and selecting that next the shore, and at exactly nineteen minutes past six o'clock the referee pronounced the word, four oars cleared the water at the same instant, and they were "off." Tyler had the best of the start, and, throwing all his muscular power into his strokes, drew away from his opponent, until, when opposite Forty-fourth street, clear water was visible between the stern of his own and the bow of his rival's skeleton. Here Brown lengthened and increased the vigor of his sweeps, not only closing the gap, but forging half a length ahead of Tyler. He now fell into his ordinary style again, and the Bostonian keeping up that long, magnificent action, which did not perceptibly change during the race—the same steady, clock-work movement from commencement to finish, which is far more reliable than the occasional spurting and then a relaxation of speed noticeable in Brown's method of pulling, as well as that of other oarsmen—again drew up even, went by and led his antagonist a few feet. From here until within about three hundred yards or so of the terminus it was anybody's race, apparently, both men pulling hard and the boats remaining nearly even the greater portion of the distance, Tyler, toward the conclusion, drawing slightly in front. Here the latter, who was about half a length or three quarters in the van, caught the swell from a steamer passing up stream, the waves washing completely over his boat, filling it one-third full of water, and causing him to "dig" and lose a couple of full strokes, and Brown, spurting again, pushed his craft half a length in front. The swell now struck the latter, as it had done his opponent, the sudden shock of the waves and the plunging of his boat interfering with him, although not sufficiently to cause the almost dead stoppage to which he came, and which enabled Tyler, who, for the first time since starting turned on an additional amount of steam, to speedily open daylight between the boats, and taking Brown's water, he crossed to the inside. Within a hundred yard of home they received the backwash of the eight-oared pleasure barge of the Gulick boat club, in the stern of which, guiding her, was ex-Commodore Brady, and the crew of which, whether from excitement or because they intended foul play—although we are loth to believe the latter was the case—failed to get out of way in season, first coming so close to Tyler that they were compelled to ship oars to allow him to pass, and then swerving to the left, they came into collision with Brown. Fortunately, however, Tyler had passed the terminating line when the foul occurred and the claim put in by the Portlander in the excitement of the race was decided inadmissable by the referee, who, after consultation with the judges, awarded the race to Tyler, which decision gave the utmost satisfaction to everybody, though we don't suppose there were half a dozen persons in all the assemblage who thought for a moment that it would terminate otherwise, not because they were convinced of Tyler's superiority, for exactly the reverse was the case in the mind of nearly every one, but it was universally regarded as a "fixed thing," the same as the opening race on the Schuylkill was looked upon.

Such is the general opinion of the race, the vast majority asserting that Brown did not exert himself to achieve the victory and the spasmodic style of his rowing would certainly seem to strengthen such impression. Few attach any blame to Tyler, who assuredly did his very best to win laurels, which, under the circumstances, are nigh valueless, and he emphatically denies any knowledge of an "understanding" in reference to how the races were to be decided. He was in admirable condition, rowing at about 154lbs., while Brown was not at all in proper order, weighing over 172lbs., and having sadly neglected his training, which he says was due to his over confidence in his powers. But that makes the matter appear in a still worse light for him, taking into consideration his defeat on the Schuylkill. We do not wish to place the blame where it does not properly belong, nor withhold one iota of credit from he to whom it is due, but certain it is that these contests have reflected no credit upon either of the principals, doing more to injure them than increase the good opinion which may have been entertained of them by the public. Brown claims to have been beaten squarely on his merits, although attributing the same in a measure to want of condition, but nobody will credit that statement until Tyler proves his prowess more satisfactorily by vanquishing other prominent oarsmen who possess the confidence and good opinion of the public, and we have every reason to believe that he is ready to meet the best of them in a two mile spin, although that distance don't suit everybody. We may be able to form a better estimate of his abilities, perhaps, after his coming race with Mekiel.

After the race, Brown pulled to the judges' boat and got aboard. While pulling in, and after getting upon deck, he kept up a running fire of uncomplimentary epithets with the crew of the boat which had collided with him, winding up with a particularly severe one, and asserting his ability to "whip any man in the boat." Tommy Moore, of the Gulicks, who was standing close by, took up the cudgel on behalf of his comrades, and made a lunge at Brown, who ducked, and catching his assailant around the legs they came to the horizontal together, but here parties interfered and separated the combatants before either was injured, and hurrying Brown below, put an end to the scrimmage and kept him from the "wrath to come" of the Gulicks, who came aboard in a body, threatening vengeance dire. In the *melee*, "Buckshot," who was acting as peacemaker, and doing all in his power to quiet the uproar, was "accommodated" with one or two "for his nob" by an incensed Gulickian. The latter claim to have had money bet on Brown, but we guess this statement was made in the excitement of the moment, for we never heard of a dollar being wagered on the issue. The time given was eleven minutes twenty seconds and a quarter, but for the reasons mentioned above, the fact that no stakeboat was placed to mark the distance, and the improbability of the course being two miles in length, it is rendered unauthentic, notwithstanding the fact that the men rowed a straight race, in good water, and with the tide in their favor. Extraordinary time will always be questioned unless proper measures are taken to establish its correctness. We are sure that we may never again have occasion to speak of a race or races upon which so much suspicion is cast as that between Brown and Tyler, which, with championship fizzles, have done so much to injure boating interests, as well as those of all other branches of sport, the well-wishing devotees of which—those who aim at achieving fame, and are not looking solely through a monetary eye-glass—should unite to frown down all such injurious and reprehensible conduct, bringing disgrace, as it does, upon a noble pastime.

REGATTA ON THE OHIO.

The various rowing clubs in and around Louisville, in the Corn Cracker State, made arrangements some weeks since for a grand aquatic festival, the races being open to boats and oarsmen from any section, and the affair was brought to a climax in a most agreeable, and, in all respects, satisfactory manner, on Monday morning, 22d inst., on the clear waters of La Belle Riviere. Several hours prior to the time announced for the start, the belles and beaux, and many others who had passed the romantic period of their existence, began to assemble at eligible points for observation along the shore, and by the time when the contestants pulled into position for the opening race a large crowd had gathered at the Jeffersonville wharf, from a stake boat moored opposite to which the start was made. The ferry boat, Isaac Bowman, had been chartered for the occasion, and was occupied by the referee, C. L. Stancliff, representatives of the "clever of public opinion" and invited guests. The races were four in number and the course two miles—one mile to a buoy and return. The inaugural event was a single scull race for an elegant china tea set, and was competed for by Fred. Wolfe and the Jacob Friend (named after a prominent merchant in the City of Smoke), and Thos. O'Hearn, in the Yuba-Dam. A good send-off was had, but ere proceeding many yards Wolfe took up the leading position, and left his antagonist so rapidly in the lurch that the latter gave up the race before half the distance had been pulled over, and Fred rowed home at his ease, crossing the line in 18 minutes and 55 seconds. This was succeeded by a double scull contest for two silver goblets. Only one boat entered, the W. P. Caser, rowed by Phil. Fisher and Phil. Ernest, who pulled over the course in 17:38, and took the trophies.

The third race was for triple sculls, and the prize at issue a splendid silver pitcher and tray, this being the leading feature of the day's programme. The entries were four in number, and were as follows:—John Kohlhepp—crew, Fred. Wolfe, Nat Stinson and Bob Sifter. Charles Creamer—crew, David Thomas, Lew Mulholland and Abe Morrison. H. J. Reamer—crew, Asa Pyfron, Wm. Baglin and David Whitman. Green B. McDonald—crew, Levi Riggs, Jim Ferguson and John Henry. They got away beautifully together, but the Reamer quickly went to the fore, followed by the Creamer, and it was at once made apparent that the real contest lay between them and that the others were virtually out of the race. The story is soon told—the race was warmly contested, but the Reamer was never deprived of the lead and finally won in 15 minutes and 5 seconds, ten seconds ahead of the Creamer, the Kohlhepp third in 15:35 and the McDonald bringing up the rear in 16:00. The Creamer claimed a foul because the Kohlhepp had collided with them, but as the claim was rendered null and void by their continuing the race after such alleged foul, the referee very properly refused to listen to it. The fourth race, for double scull outriggers, for a fine silver jewel casket, was a very close and well contested one between the Morris McDonald, crew, Asa Pyfron and Daniel Whitman, and the Carrie, crew, Nat. Stinson and Thos. O'Hearn. These boats kept close together, coling around the stakeboat side and side. The Carrie came in first; time, 13 minutes and 33 seconds, the time of the McDonald being 13 minutes and 36 seconds. The entire affair was well managed, conducted in the very best manner and gave general satisfaction.

OCEAN RACE ON THE CARPET.—The owner of the yacht Sappho, which vessel is shortly to leave for European waters, has issued a challenge to J. G. Bennett, Jr., owner of the Dauntless, to sail a match race from a stakeboat anchored off the Staten Island Club House, to and around the lightship off Cape May and return, the race to end when the lightship off Sandy Hook bears due south, after turning it from the east, the prize to be a set of silver, valued at $500, and the contest to take place between the 4th and 11th inst. Mr. Bennett has accepted, suggesting that all the vessels of the New York squadron be invited to join in the race and be required to pay only $200 for the privilege.

AUSTRALIAN ABORIGINES.

Their Sports and Pastimes.

In a recent issue of the CLIPPER we gave a report of a cricket match played by them against a crack eleven of England, in which, as might be expected, with their best man unwell and unable to play, they were defeated, but made a good show. On the 28th of May, the day after the "Derby," they indulged in a different kind of sport by performing a series of feats more or less novel to the inhabitants of "Great Britain," at Kennington Oval. The most interesting, because the strangest and the most nationally characteristic, of their exercises were the trials in the throwing of the boomerang and the spear. For these warlike pastimes the Australians had cast aside their cricketing costume in favor of close-fitting black woolen suits, which gave them, at some distance, the appearance of being clad in strict aboriginal fashion, with only the short trunks or drawers of kangaroo or other kind of skin that a savage would wear. They affected, besides, a head dress of two long feathers, crossed in a peculiar and not ungraceful curve. Standing in line, they cast their primitive looking javelins with great force and skill, sending them, as the archers of olden days sent their arrows, high in the air, to gain a longer flight and a more effectual fall. The mode of throwing these long, light, tough lances, which are mere natural spears of sharpened wood, unshod, and simply winged with a piece of one of the larger grasses, like bamboo, is rather curious. The thrower holds a short piece of wood, with a notch in the end farthest from his hand; in this notch he places the butt of the spear, and, in making his throw, he thus gains the same momentum that is given by a sling. After competing in line the blacks took sides and threw at each other, often managing to send their lances into the earth at the very feet of their opponents, who seemed to know exactly where the point would strike, and awaited its fall without moving an inch. The boomerang, although not entirely strange, having been introduced some years since as a toy of the most formidable kind, has never been so skillfully employed in English hands as in the hands of these natives of Australia, whose untutored progenitors must have discovered by accident or instinct a seemingly paradoxical phenomenon in the law which governs projectiles. The motions of the boomerang are so erratic that one can hardly imagine how it can ever be useful as a weapon of warfare or an implement of the chase. The only other performance on the part of the blacks that deserves praise or calls for special notice was Dick-a-Dick's really marvellous display of proficiency in dodging cricket balls. Armed only with a long, narrow shield, shaped like a canoe, and with a strange club or bat in the form of the letter L with the gout in its one foot, he stood up boldly to be pelted by expert throwers, not one of whom could touch him. Taking no notice of a ball that passed an inch or two from his head, legs or body, he baffled every direct aim in a manner that drew forth loud expressions of admiring surprise. His attitudes were all very picturesque, and sometimes quaintly droll; and he would now and then drop on one knee, or, by way of change, stand, or dance with his instruments of defence lying idle at his feet.

BASE BALL.

THE TOUR OF THE ATHLETICS.

REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER.

PHILADELPHIA vs. DETROIT.

THE ATHLETICS DEFEAT THE DETROITERS.

The Athletics left Chicago on Sunday at 5 o'clock P. M., and arrived in Detroit, Mich., on Monday at 4 o'clock A. M., a mistake take by the club that the members will ever regret. Traveling a distance of 280 miles in a crowded sleeping car does not fit men for active play, particularly in athletic sports. The game was advertised to begin at 2 o'clock, sharp, but it wanted a few minutes of three before play began. Harry Lee, of the Excelsiors, Chicago, who had accompanied the Athletics, was selected as umpire. The Athletics, having won the toss, sent the Detroit Club to the bat. Brown and Clark, the two first batsmen, went out at first, the former by Fisler and the latter by Berry. Lane and Burroughs, who followed, both scored, Lane getting his base on a slow fielded ball by Wilkins, and getting to his second on a weak throw of Wilkins' to first on Burroughs' bat, stealing his third and getting home on an overthrow of McBride's to first, Burroughs trotting to third on Dick's exploit. Collins made his first on a muff of Fisler's, on a good throw of Berry's got to his third, where he was left through Wilkins capturing Dawson on the fly. It was evident to the few spectators present at all acquainted with the Athletic's style of play, that the game was about to be a tedious one unless the Athletics pulled up. Reach went first to the bat. Al. looked fatigued and did not get a ball to suit him, as Lane pitched wildly. However, he let drive, and got his first on a ball Burroughs fumbled; he stole to his third and got home on Dick's ba', who was fielded out at first by Burroughs. Radcliff got to first on a "fumble" of Collins; Wilkins ditto by Brown; Fisler ditto by Burroughs; Radcliff stealing home; Wilkins home on Burroughs' muff of Fisler's ball. Berry made his first good hit, going to his second on a low ball to left field, and home on a wild throw of Burroughs', who picked up Cuthbert's hit, but threw it wildly to first, Neddy making his third and getting home on Sensy's bat, who popped a high ball short of Hinchman, which gave him his first, from whence he stole home. Schaffer put up a fly that Irwin took charge of. Reach went out at first on a weak hit picked up by Lane and fielded to first, seven runs being the sum total, the Atlantics in this innings in their match having secured only five runs. Still the Athletics did not appear jubilant, and it was impossible to awaken any enthusiasm, though Father Hayhurst put forth his very best endeavors; but the Padre found it an up-hill business. The Detroit got two runs in the second innings to a whitewash for their adversaries. Both runs were secured on badly handled balls by Wilkins, Radcliff assisting afterwards on passed balls. The victims were Carrier, out on a fly to McBride, Hinchman out at first on a throw of Berry's and Clark out on strikes. Lane took charge of McBride, Radcliff and Wilkins, fielding all three out at first. The style of batting was made evident by Lane being enabled from his position to gobble up the balls, and in time to get them to first in advance of the strikers. The Detroit players batted more confidently in the third innings. They batted real wickedly, having been timid in the two preceding innings; indeed, had entered the contest calculating upon being badly whipped, but, as the "moke" said of the white man, "base ball is mighty onsartin." They had indulged the idea all along that the Athletics had been playing off, while the truth was that the A.'s were playing all that their poor, exhausted natures would permit. The Detroit boys secured four runs for their exertions. Berry and Cuthbert each got a run on splendid hits, which carried them to second. Sensy hit to Burroughs, who muffed it, and by another error he went to his third, stealing home. The victims were Fisler, Schaffer and Kahmer, the latter having taken Reach's place. Al. was upset at his base by a player running him down, and the ball striking him in the temple. The game now stood 10 to 8 in favor of the Athletics, and McBride thought it time to do something. He sought to encourage his men, but it was a more difficult task than he was willing to acknowledge. The Detroit players were gaining ground rapidly, but the Athletics harbored the impression that the Atlantics were not anxious for big results. Happy for the Philadelphia club was it that the Detroit sharps had this idea on the brain. Lane, Burroughs and Collins scored in the fourth innings on clever hits; Dawson was nabbed at second by a throw of Radcliff to Fisler, who took Reach's place on that base, Schaffer taking charge of first and Kahmer going to right field. Clark went out at first on a throw of McBride's, Carrier, third hand out, falling a victim of Radcliff on a foul fly, McBride got his run second on a hit to left field. Radcliff, by a splendid drive clean over the fence at left field, sent McBride home, Radcliff making the grand rounds and for which the little Jersey man was wildly applauded. It was the first time this feat had been accomplished, though frequently attempted. This was all the runs that were made. Berry got his second on a nice hit to left field and "progressed" to third, where through Master Cuthbert's striking a fly third Collins captured, Wilkins and Fisler having been previously retired at first by Burroughs and Lane. The Detroit boys got their first whitewash in the fifth innings, though Hinchman had a life given to him by Wilkins fielding the ball to first; Radcliff retired two hands and Wilkins one in this heat. The Athletics secured six runs, Wilkins and Berry having bases given them on balls, Kahmar, McBride and Schaffer getting their bases on clever hits, Sensy getting his first on a muff, but in attempting to run Hinchman he discovered that the ball was there in advance of him, thrown by Dawson, and was compelled to take a back seat. Radcliff and Cuthbert were both halte l at first in throws respectively by Lane and Collins. Lane alone scored in the sixth innings on the Detroit side; he got his base on a muff of Schaffer's. Radcliff and Schaffer each took a fly and Carrier was nabbed at first by a throw of Berry's. The Athletics only kept square with their opponents, they getting but one run, "Sensy" scoring. Against this statement made in the excitement of the moment, for we never heard of a dollar being wagered on the issue. The time given was eleven minutes twenty seconds and a quarter, but for the reasons mentioned above, the fact that no stakeboat was placed to mark the distance, and the improbability of the course being two miles in length, it is rendered unauthentic, notwithstanding the fact that the men rowed a straight race, in good water, and with the tide in their favor. Extraordinary time will always be questioned unless proper measures are taken to establish its correctness. We are sure that we may never again have occasion to speak of a race or races upon which so much suspicion is cast as that between Brown and Tyler, which, with championship fizzles, have done so much to injure boating interests, as well as those of all other branches of sport, the well-wishing devotees of which—those who aim at achieving fame, and are not looking solely through a monetary eye-glass—should unite to frown down all such injurious and reprehensible conduct, bringing disgrace, as it does, upon a noble pastime.

Sixth Innings.—Forest City—L. White knocked a fly, which Sensy, for a wonder, missed, but immediately redeemed himself by accepting one from Smith; Herse retired on a foul fly catch by Cuthbert; McEwen made his first on a strike to centre; Charles Brown did the same; J. White knocked out to McBride, who, throwing it to first, put Mr. White out. Side out with one run. Athletic—Schaffer made his first on a short one to short stop; Hayhurst sent the ball to right and himself to first; McBride knocked a high fly, which H. Brown muffed; Radcliff to right and first base; Wilkins ditto; Fisler to left and two bases; Berry made his first on a strike; Cuthbert sent one to third, which put Fisler out, who was running to it, and by good double play came very nearly being put out himself; Sensenderfer made a good strike to centre; so did Schaffer and Hayhurst; McBride knocked a foul fly, which the catcher muffed, and then made a beautiful strike to left, on which he obtained two bases; Radcliff offered C. Brown a fly, and he took it; Wilkins took his first on a strike; so did Fisler; Berry went out by a good catch by Herse. Side out with twelve runs.

Seventh Innings.—Clark made his first; H. Brown made out on three strikes; Hanna knocked an easy one to first and retired; Smith popped up a fly, which Wilkins did not hold, and then made his first on strike to left; Herse made an excellent strike to right and got two bases; McEwen sent up a fly towards Fisler, who, nothing loth, took it. Side out with three runs. Athletic—Cuthbert easily made his first; Sensenderfer put up a fly, which was badly muffed by McEwen; Schaffer also sent up another, which Hanna didn't take; Hayhurst made two bases easily on a good one to centre; McBride and Radcliff and all the nine made bases; Wilkins retired on a fly gobbled by Smith; Fisler made his first; Berry then took the bat, and putting a ball in the only spot on the ground from which a home run can be made, made the first and only home run ever made on the present base ball grounds, amid great applause; Cuthbert again made a base; Sensenderfer popped out on a fly taken nicely by McEwen; Schaffer preserved the cleanness of his score by another good strike; Hayhurst retired on first. Side out with only eighteen runs!

Eighth Innings.—Forest City—C. Brown made his first on a good strike to right, as did White and Clark; H. Brown put a foul fly behind him, which Cuthbert nabbed; Hanna got chalked out by Fisler on a fly; and L. White tried the experiment with the same result. Side out—three runs. Athletic—McBride took the willow, and put the ball forcibly from him; Radcliff tried to, but couldn't, and went out on three strikes; Wilkins, Fisler, Berry, Cuthbert, Sensenderfer, Schaffer and Hayhurst each made bases in quick succession on good strikes; McBride then made a beautiful strike to centre, and made his second; Radcliff made his first, as did Fisler; Berry went out trying to make his second; Sensenderfer sent up a fly, which was muffed by McEwen, but sent him out at first. Side out with thirteen runs.

Ninth Innings.—Forest City—Smith, Herse and McEwen retired in one, two, three order at first base, making still another cypher. Athletic—Schaffer, by a good long strike to centre, made his second; Hayhurst retired on a foul captured by the catcher; then eight tallies were rapidly made, and Hayhurst was wiped out on first, and McBride on second. Side out with nine runs. The following is the score:—

ATHLETIC.	R.	L.	B.	FOREST CITY.	R.	L.	B.
Hayhurst, r f	6		9	J. White, c	3		5
McBride, p	2		11	Clark, 1st b	2		2
Radcliff, c	4		9	H. Brown, 3d b	1		5
Wilkins, s s	4		13	Hanna, s s	0		4
Fisler, 2d b	2		8	L. White, r f	2		2
Berry, 3d b	6		6	Smith, s s	2		4
Cuthbert, l f	1		11	Herse, c f	1		5
Sensenderfer, c f	1		4	McEwen, p	0		3
Schaffer, 1st b	0		12	C. Brown, p	0		2
Total	28		83	Total	11		

INNINGS.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th
Athletic	10	11	1	3	8	12	14	15	9—83
Forest City	2	2	0	0	0	1	3	3	0—11

Fly catches—Hayhurst, 1; Wilkins, 4; Cuthbert, 3; Sensenderfer, 1—9. J. White, 5; Hanna, 1; L. White, 1; Smith, 1; Herse, 1; McEwen, 2—11. Bases on called balls—Athletic, 3; Forest City, 1. Umpire—A. H. Hunker, of Western Reserve Club, Hudson, O. Scorers—Athletic, A. H. Kahmar; Forest City, L. O. Rawson. Time of game—Three hours fifteen minutes.

MUTUAL vs. SOCIAL.

The Mutuals are running up a fine average this season, and getting themselves in good practice for the fall campaign. On the 24th inst. they played the Social Club, and won the game by 32 to 8. Rain put a stop to proceedings at the end of the seventh innings. Stockman made his appearance in the Mutual nine in this game, and seemed quite at home. The Mutuals batted well, but the Socials found it almost impossible to hit Walters, several striking out. Layman was the only one who hit him fairly; he made three pretty hits, but only scored one. In the second innings he hit a long ball to left field, which Pike caught with one hand while running. In the sixth he made a clean home run, and in the unfinished eighth innings hit nicely for his third base. In the first innings Wells and Lawlor made a pretty double play, retiring Bearman and Shreve. Pike was unfortunate at the bat, the "slows" of Byrnes bothering him somewhat. The score includes left on bases and fly catches.

SOCIAL.	H.L.	R.	L.	F.	MUTUAL.	H.L.	R.	L.	F.
Clute, 1 f	4	0	0	1	R. Hunt, r f	1	0	0	0
Mott, 2d b	3	0	0	5	Flanly, 2d b	2	3	2	1
Lawler, 1st b	2	1	0	1	Stockman, s s	2	3	2	1
Layman, c	1	2	1	3	Swandel, c f	2	4	0	0
Wells, s s	3	0	0	1	Bearman, 1st b	3	4	0	0
Trayo, 3d b	2	1	0	0	Shreve, c	2	4	0	0
Byrnes, p	1	1	1	0	Walters, p	2	3	1	0
Chase, r f	2	0	1	0	Pike, l f

THEATRICAL RECORD.

Movements, Business, and Incidents of the Theatrical, Circus, Musical and Minstrel Profession.

Clipper Office.

TAKE NOTICE.—A stamped envelope, with address, must be enclosed for each and every letter sent for.

Will E. Stevenson, S. S. Arnold, James Maguire, W. Hilton, Edwin Adams, Harrie St. Leon, D. C. La Rue, Geo. Twombly, F. F. Sherry, Fred. Kent, Lon Chapin, Harry Bloodgood (2), N. C. Forrester, J. H. Mulligan, J. S. Givens, C. Boyd, Harry J. Holmes, J. C. Heybourne, J. C. Gregory, Alfred Mor, R. S. Meidram, John Levantine, E. P. Kendall, Stetson & Sexton (2), Frank Kent, J. W. Carner, Lew Benedict, J. C. Wilder, Wm. J. Jacobs, L. B. Hurd, S. A. Merlin, W. E. Rogers (2), Charles Rosene, Andy Leavitt, Richard Parker, George Fortescue, Mlle. Forernoar 19c., Leona Cavender, Mollie Bernard, Sydney Cook, Mary Estelle, Fannie Pierson, Effie Warren, Mrs. E. Thompson, Josie De Courtney, Joey Pastor, Mrs. A. O. Miller, Philip Henderson, Chas. W. Seeley, David Paulding, Wm. Lingard, Martini, Burnell Runnells, John Templeton, Oscar Templeton, William Mack, J. H. Eades 22 cts., M. W. Canning, Delehanty & Hengler, E. Z. Libbey, Frank Davis, Jas. Wadsworth, Arnold Jones, Joseph Withers, N. F. Owens, Jas. Whittony, Chas. Wheaton, Dick Haunan, D. G. Waldron, Julian Breban, Frank Campbell, Harry Cansland, R. M. Carroll, D. O. Hunter (2), H. M. Wickes, Samuel Cole, J. Gerien, R. M. Ferguson, Lafe Slocum, N. D. Roberts, D. Barnard, Dick Nolan, Florence Temple, Kate Brevoort, Charlotte M. Reed, Annie Byron, Julia Barton, Grace Darley, Kitty Pyrle, Agie Wood, Belle Hewitt, Kate Raymond (3), Annie C. Forrel, Leo Hudson, Jas. H. Budworth, J. F. Sherry, Frank Carleton, Geo. Monk, C. B. Grists, Andrew Glassford, Geo. A. Morton, Edward Russell, D. W. Waller, Hank McGinlin, Harry Watkins, Frank B. Cilley, Harry French, Com. Foote, Billy Reeve, John F. Poole, Walter Rogers, G. Akins, Chas. Weightman, Dan Emmett, McKean Buchanan, Chas. Virian, W. W. Fowler, W. Morton, Harry Wallace (2), Dick Hannan, J. A. Dingess, Wm. Dymer, J. Cohan, Fred. Buckingham, Alex. Zanfretta, Geo. W. De Haven, Fred. Brink, D. H. Harkins, Sol Smith Russell, Harry Lindley, Fanny Meimer, Kitty Spanton, Mrs. Geo. A. Florance (2), Laura Keene, Nellie Webster, Helen Coleman (2), Alice Prantice, Caroline Richings, Violet Campbell, Leo Hudson,

Notice.

ADVERTISERS must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock on Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.

City Summary.

MONDAY, June 29, 1868.

"HURRA!" Dear knows, if ever New York has had cause to be jubilant, now is the accepted time. "Three cheers for us!" What with the Schutzenfesters, the Democratic convention festers, the theatric festers, and numerous other festers on the body politic of this gutta percha metropolis of the western world, we are certainly in an uncommonly fine frenzy rolling, so to speak. *Vive le* Ditsche Schutzenverein, die Shootzencorpses, und der Liedertafel, und der Schillerbund, und der Gesangverein, und all oder bunds und reins, und festive festas. The Dutch have taken New Holland. Everybody is on it, now. As we write a brass band of Schutzenfesters are playing "Old Dog Tray" in Dutch right in front of our office, probably in honor of our advocacy of the great cause of the Schleswig Holsteiners. They come down upon us like the Philistines of old; they come from every nation, and come from every clime, while thousands live on lager bier, and thousands on the Rhine. Spraken zie Ditche? Nien? Dos ist nix goot. Three cheers for Yarmany! Wos ist zu haben? The benefits accruing from a perfect understanding of the German tongue were never so evident as now. All hail to our German visitors. Poetry on to 'em:—

DIE SCHUTZENFEST.

Wos ist dose sound, und wos is dot mine ear does penetrate?
It is der gallant Schutzenbund, und der Gesangverein quartate;
Die gibbleta und der lowfel kine, und Sauerkrunde lat wine;
Ein, zwi und tri of lager bier, dot some folks does exprise;
Die wirligig and Mannerchor und sausage midout cheese;
Es est die noble Liedercrant! Yaw, from de Fyrsness.
Wos ist dose lights der streben an, und wos dose dem screchen bundt;
Das ist die Unken Schwabischer, mit einitch Sallie Lund.
"Nix cum arous," dose chap he say, "bas bleu," die Krankverein;
Up steps a frigid Bowery man und takes his drops unseen;
"Fer tiefel mit yer whiskey beer, en lieben est du haben."
"Oh, shut your head," spraken Bowerie mann, "I'll spit you mit mon laben."

Die Schutzenfesters gathered round, fear, tri, swi hoonter strong;
Ye Bowerie mann est mooch afrait, unt calls out for dot trong.
Die Yarmans blow a bugle blast, Abt's Schuler's *corps* upstart,
Mit Eintrach; Frohsin, Lowely bunds, like links of sausage part.
"To hell mit all yuse Butcher men, dead rabbits split yuse head."
Dose Bowerie mann he spoke dot once, und soon lay mit de dead.
For Orpheus he did strike dot lyre, for neberlenden pere,
Unt die members of der Sangerbunds made tanks in lager bier,
Und may I nebber know no tings, nor speaks mit you no more,
Uf all dose tings I tell mit you don't happen July four.

.....Theatricals are dull everywhere. Professionals in large numbers arrive here every day, take stock of the market, and depart for other fields. Some are already on their way across the ocean, to spend what money they made here, in Europe. Others are quietly dropping down to Long Branch, Newport, or Squeedunk, as circumstances may warrant. A few managers are trying to worry out a summer season, but it's tight papers with them, and but for the delegates and other attendants at the Democratic Convention, they would subside at once. Six weeks will suffice to bring the absentees back, and then look out for an animated competition between the legitimate and illegitimate.....Circumstances alter cases, Lord Byron, or some other feller says, and some other feller was correct, as may be seen by the following little versified incident, showing why

SHE DIDN'T GO.

"What will you do, love,
When I'm gone away?
Your nights will be lonesome,
And dreary the day;
O, what will you do, love,
When I am not near,
With sweet smiles to greet you,
And kind words to cheer?"

"Pon my honor, my darling,
I really can't say
Exactly what I shall do
While you're away;
But, perhaps, if I'm lonesome
And pleasure must seek,
I'll look into BRYANT'S—
Or else the OLYMPIC.

"I'll try with my papers
And pipe, love, to learn
To be very patient
Until you return;
But if while you're gone, love,
I am very forlorn,
I'll drop into NIBLO'S
And see the 'White Fawn!'"

.....A majority of those who gaze upon the glitter and display and witness the glory which attends an actor's public life, little dream of the troubles which assail him in the shades of domesticity. We once dropped in upon a favorite actor, and while waiting for him as he hastily ran over his part, were witness to the following:—

JAQUES.—All the world's a stage—
WIFE.—Husband, I wish you'd leave me money to pay the butcher; it's really—
JAQUES.—And all the men and women merely players.
WIFE.—And my bonnet's so shockingly bad—
JAQUES.—Yes, yes, do hush those naughty brats. They have their exits and their entrances— (*Children squabble and fight.*)
JAQUES.—And one man in his life plays many parts. (Georgy, you naughty boy, give Tom back his top).
(*Wife whips youngest boy furiously—boy yells.*)
JAQUES.—His acts being seven—
BIDDY.—(*entering*)—Sur, will it be pass or tomayties for dinner?
JAQUES.—O, anything you like—don't bother me! At first the infant (*baby screams wildly*), mewling and puking in his nurse's arms—
NURSE.—Sure he's not doing anything of the kind, sir; only swallowed a row of pins.
JAQUES.—And then the whining schoolboy, with his satchel—
WIFE.—That reminds me that the schoolmaster has been here with his bill.
JAQUES.—And shining face. (*Carpenters set up a hammering overhead.*) Creeping snail! school—
And then the lover—
PEDLAR (*in street*).—Here's your nice strawber-ries, only four cents a basket; here they or!
JAQUES.—Sighing like furnace—
ANOTHER PEDLAR.—Porgees, tom cod, hollabit—
JAQUES.—Ballad—mistress' eyebrow—
ORGAN GRINDER *strikes up "Waiting," Norapipe.*
JAQUES.—Then a soldier, full of strange oaths and bearded like the pard—
BRASS BAND *starts in under window.*
CHILD.—Pa, pa, Freddy's bin tryin' to bite off my nose.
JAQUES.—Hang it! (*throws away book*) there's no use trying to study here. Let's have some beer and oysters! (*Seizes his hat and our arm, and exeunt omnes.*

.....One Grand Duchess has left us, but we still have a few of the same sort left, and the Grand Duchess seems to touch us so with its pungency, that we, being a pun gent (see?) and being American, must give a merry canto to our native artists, since others have been running wild after the French singers, whose songs depend altogether upon their French airs:—

LINES TO THE WORRELLS.

The Worrells, in their "Grand Duchess,"
To make good points do strive all;
Miss Jennie's Paul a Paul is that
May well appal each rival.
Miss Irene's Wanda, too, is fair,
To give the part its meed:
With such a Wanda 'tis at least
No wonder they succeed.
Of Sophie—Belle—what can we say
Of words we feel the want,
Suffice it that this Worrell's points
Were all quite elegant.

.....We've been making a "new and novel" play—making it entirely out of our own head, although some envious people insist that they have seen something like it before, which it is a vile and depraved nature that would assert such a slander. This drama is adapted to the Broadway style of elegant literature and dramatic effects, and if well worked up with plenty of red fire, tableaux and scenic novelties, may be set down as excelling in interest the best efforts of Shakespeare. We write the play and leave the stage carpenter, machinist and prompter, to get up the proper auxiliaries. Our new play it is called

THE LOTTERY OF LIGHTNING;
OR,
FLASH OF LIFE.

An Original Sensational Drama in three acts.

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

TERESA—*A young and unbeloved daughter.*
CARESSA—*A young and much beloved daughter.*
JACK SWEEPY—*A fine young man in love with Teresa.*
VIELROMME—*An old man, father of Teresa and Caressa.*
FINDEN—*A Detective.*
ALLEY—*The keeper of a Concert Saloon and the Wickedest Man in New York.*
VERVEY—*A nonentity.*
LIGHTNING—*Enchained to do the Heavies (for this occasion only).*
Pretty Waiter Girls, Bummers, Loafers, Albany Boats, Piers, Burning Steamers, etc.

ACT I.

SCENE FIRST.—*A Room in Vielhomme's house—Two flower pots—A practicable window—One bell wire—A door—A coal scuttle, etc.—All true to nature.*

(*Enter Vielhomme.*)

VIEL.—I have two daughters—ha! I have a necklace—hum! I hate one daughter, ha! and love t'other, hum! I will bestow upon the one I love this necklace. (*Enter Teresa.*)
TERESA.—Ah, pa, what hast thou in *votre main?*
VIEL.—I'm an American by choice, so no French for me. What have I? A necklace; look, behold, gaze, and then be satisfied. Child, thou knowst I hate thee!
TER.—I loveest thee for it Parr-r!
VIEL.—Hem, know this necklace is for thy sister. No one knows it but thee, but thee, but thee; I'll put it on this table; see! and there I'll leave it—ha! My daughter, oh, my daughter! (*Exit Viel.*)

(*Enter Jack Sweepy.*)

JACK.—(*To Ter.*) Ah, me own, I've just got back from the Pacific Railroad.
TER.—Fly!
JACK.—Nay, dearest, nay. If thou wouldst have me paint the moon.
TER.—Go home. (*Pause for the audience to laugh.*) My par will ne'er consent to our marriage; he says I must marry a rich man; but I love you.
JACK.—Am I not rich—in health? But stop, methinks your father had a son.
TER.—He did, but he is lost—lost.
JACK.—I will find him. But stop—what's that! Is it the cannon's opening roar? Or is it, say, a car rattling o'er the stony street?
TER.—'Tis neither. It is—
JACK.—What?
TER.—THUNDER!! (*Pause for applause.*)
(*Plenty of red fire and sheet iron—Scary.*)
TER.—Fly!
JACK.—I will. (*Goes to exit at door.*)
TER.—Stopping him. Not that way; pa will meet you; jump out of the window; 'tis only seventy-five feet to the ground. (*Hasty old Grandpa.*)
JACK.—That's nothing to a fireman of the old force. (*Pause for applause.*)
TER.—Fly!
JACK.—(*On the window sill*). I would I were a bird!
TER.—Fly!
JACK.—Farewell! (*Jack flies.*)
TER.—Methinks I see him off; 'tis true; he's safe. Oh than's Heaven! (*with a sudden burst*) and as for me, I will go pray! (*She goes.*)
An interval of two minutes, during which the healthiest kind of Red Fire, Burnt Rosin and Sheet Iron).
(*Burst of Music.—Enter Lightning.*)
LIGHT.—The Frost came forth one still clear night, and why should not I? Let's see; what have we here—a plant! (*strikes it, knocking it over*). A bell wire! (*breaks it*). A coal scuttle! (*spits in it—it burns a hole in it*). Ha! ha! but this *is* fun. By thunder what is this? A necklace! gold and coral! I'll take it (*puts it in his pocket*) and now Old Jove let loose! (*Jove lets loose—very heavy thunder*). I'll knock over a chair, cut a picture cord, upset a stand, and then——Away—(*He does, and then sweeps*). (*Thunder ceases*).
(*Enter Caressa, Ter., Viel., and Finden*).
FIND.—Before you know it yourself, I know you had lost a necklace; look and see if I do not speak truly! (*They all look*).
VIEL.—Some one has taken it—you are indeed right.
FIND.—Such are New York detectives. (*Aside*). On the stage. (*Seriously*.) I—I will find it, and restore it to your arms as pure and virgin as the morn. I will, I've sworn it.
VIEL.—I've thought. (*To Ter.*) None but you know where it was; so you have taken it.
CAR.—Of course she has, pa; but that's, as we used to say at boarding school, *entre nous.*
VIEL.—How I do like to hear her talk Italian. (*To Ter.*) Teresa, don't feel hard about it, but you must leave my house—ha! Yes, you must leave my house.
TER.—(*Aside*).—Oh, could J ckey have nipped it? No, no, I'll say nought about him. I will go; yes, I will. (*Aloud.*) Nuf sed, old boy; I go. When other lips and other hearts; but stop; ta ta, old boy; (*Melo-dramatically*). Caressa, me sister, adieu!
VIEL.—One more unfortunate. Where, oh, where is my son, my long lost son?
FIND.—I'll follow her.
VIEL.—Away. (*Slow Music.*)
TER.—I go, I go.
(TABLEAU OF INJURED INNOCENCE AND SYSTEMATIC VILLAINY.)

SCENE FIRST.—*A Pretty Waiter Girl Concert Saloon—Alley—Highly intelligent and virtuous Waiter Girls—Regular bums, pimps, etc., discovered lushing around.*)
ALLEY.—I am the wickedest man in New York—(*to the waiter girls*) Gals sing a hymn.
(*The girls begin "Te'l ly Regan," but are interrupted by screams without.*)
ALLEY.—(*Calling off*) What ho! without there! wouldst have more wine? or for why dost thou scream?
(*Enter, in great hurry, Teresa, followed by Finden.*)
TER.—(*To Finden*) You craven, when in the abode of innocence, thou coward catiff! (*to girls*) and what thinkst thou, sweet Camilles, he would have done? He would have manacled me.
1ST INTELLIGENT AND VIRTUOUS W. G.—What have you been pulled for?
TER.—For naught, my friend, for naught.
1ST L. AND V. W. G.—Whose Naught? Your man?
2D L. AND V. W. G.—(*To 1st ditto*) Oh, shut up or I'll bust yer in the crust.
1ST DITTO.—If you will, then I'm ——. (*2d ditto busts her.*)
They fight. This we confidently assert to be the most exciting and novel scene of any ever witnessed on the stage, to say nothing of the moral contained in it. W. B.—Copyright secured.
Enter Jack, Viel, Car.
JACK.—(*To Finden*) Were you not at one time five years old?
FIND.—Alas, I was.
JACK.—Had you a father?
FIND.—I did, but, alas, he was taken away from me.
CAR.—Pa, let us leave this place.
VIEL.—Oh! my long lost son!
TER.—(*To Jack*) Let us fly. (*She flies.*)
JACK.—But stop. (*to Viel.*) Had you not a son?
VIEL.—I had. Where, oh where, are the Hebrew children?
JACK.—Behold him. (*Points to Finden.*)
VIEL.—Ha! He my son? Never!
FIND.—He my father? Never! (*Aloud*), I see it all; it was a trick to let the girl escape—this way, away.
VIEL.—Aye! Away! away!
FIND.—To the Albany boat—away!
VIEL.—Away!
CAR.—Away!
JACK.—Away! (*Aside*), I'll save her!
TABLEAU OF TUMULTUOUS AWAYS.

ACT III.

SCENE FIRST.—*Pier of the Albany boats. Boat in.*
(*Enter Lightning.*)
LIGHT.—They never suspected 'twas I who took it. She who they suspect is aboard that boat. I'll strike it, then she'll die, and the property will be *mine!* MINE!! MINE!!! For who would suspect me? (*Goes on board boat.*)
(*Enter Teresa.*)
TER.—Where, oh where can I fly to? On the boat? Aye, the boat. But who comes this way? Alas, my cruel father and the detective, and with them Jack. Oh, good Jack!
(*Enter Jack, Viel., Finden and Caressa.*)
FIND.—She is aboard that boat. You cannot see her, but I can, for I am a detective. Let's go aboard, aboard. (*Aside to Ter.*), As was remarked once before, stick!
JACK (*acting Ter.*)—Yes, go aboard, aboard. (*Aside to Ter.*), As was remarked once before, stick!
(N. B.—*This is a gag that never fails. Also copyright secured.*)
VIEL.—Stop! are you mad? don't you see the boat has started? And she is lost to us. Damn her.
FIND.—Peace, old man; I have a prior claim! We'll go by the cars. See how fruitful is a New York detective in expedients.
JACK.—(*Aside.*)—Then all is lost. (*Thunder.*)
CAR.—What's that. (*Terrific Lightning.*)
VIEL.—Look! look! the boat's struck by lightning.
JACK.—(*Aside.*)—Thank heaven she isn't aboard. (*Aloud*), Look, some one leaps from her. What ho! a small boat; I'll save him (*runs about*); I'll save him! (*runs more, then stumps a little*). Ah, here's a boat. But stop; here he is. (*They all assist Lightning ashore.*)
LIGHTNING.—Ha! ha!! where is she?
JACK.—Who?
LIGHTNING.—Teresa; she did not steal the necklace. I did. I've been duped, fooled. I thought she was aboard the boat, and found she wasn't; so even as I had determined to do were she aboard, I, in my disappointment, did; I raised my fist and struck it. Behold the result. (*Pointing to burning vessel.*)
JACK.—And who are you?
LIGHT.—I am LIGHTNING! (*Chord of Music.*)
VIEL.—Then my daughter is not guilty? My heart told me so from the first.
JACK.—(*Bringing Teresa from her hiding place to Viel., as they both kneel*).—Father, bless us!
VIEL.—Bless you, my children, bless you!
CAR.—*Bringing Vervey from behind).* Father, bless *us.* (*He blesses them to slow music.*
VIEL.—Now, where is my long lost son?
JACK.—(*Pointing to Finden*). He is there. Can you not feel the paternal instinct now?
VIEL.—I can; he *is* my son. Ha! ha!
FIND.—Father!
VIEL.—My son
FIND.—To my arms! (*They fly to arms).*
TER.—Let us fly!
LIGHT.—Stop. Ladies and gentlemen (*To the audience*), you see that *I* am the only one who has drawn a blank in the Lottery. May I ask that you will take pity on me. (*Audience here applaud, as they always do. If they didn't, how spoopey* LIGHTNING *would feel.*
JACK.—And when thus rewarded, I am sure he can feel no regret that he did lose, in

THE LOTTERY OF LIGHTNING,
A FLASH OF LIFE.

LIGHTNING.—And now will I fly to my own native home.
Grand Transformation Scene.
THE HOME OF YORE!
LIGHTNING *seen embracing Thunder, with* BORRAS *and all the other fellows and gals dispersed dramatically around.*
Curtain and Red Fire.

MANAGER WHEATLEY'S directorship of Niblo's is fast drawing to a close, and with it the run of the "White Fawn." Although intended to surpass in attractiveness and pecuniary results the famous "Black Crook," the most successful spectacular sensation of the age, the "Fawn" has greatly disappointed its projectors, for while the "Crook" was original in its many features, the "Fawn" is but a copy to a certain extent, and an unsuccessful copy at that. The "Crook," during a season of some four hundred representations, brought to the treasury upwards of $700,000, of which more than $400,000 may be set down as profit to be divided between Wheatley, Jarrett, and Palmer, with the lion's share for Manager Wheatley. And the "Crook" was taken off while it was still attracting paying audiences, to give place to the "White Fawn," which, after a short season of paying business, suddenly dropped down to unremunerative houses, and it is questionable whether the expenses have been in more than three or four times during the past three months, the play being given to losing business the greater portion of that time. This strain upon the treasury cannot be very pleasant for the trio of managers interested in its success, and in order to put an end to the leak the announcement is made that next week will witness the closing performances of the "White Fawn," and the retirement of Mr. Wheatley as manager. Bateman is to take hold for a season with his opera bouffe, but whether Offenbach will bring back the old *habitues* of Niblo's, is a mooted point. We have had a good supply of the "Duchess" and "La Belle," and something entirely fresh must be given if Mr. Bateman hopes to succeed.

"HUMPTY DUMPTY" has for a long time been doing the best business in city theatricals, and stills stands far ahead of all others in its receipts as returned to the Revenue Department, although, owing to the warm weather, the houses are not as large as they have been heretofore. The many strangers now in the city, with the thousands who will arrive in a few days, no doubt visit the Olympic to take a look at the great pantomime, with its scenic effects, transformations, tricks, traps and changes. The skating scene brings back recollections of the skating parks and the many pleasant days passed during the winter on the frigid element. In this scene, Miss Carrie Augusta Moore appears to advantage on her parlor skates, cutting up the various didoes and eccentric movements that have made her so popular as a skatist.

TOOTER had a well filled house on the occasion of her benefit at the Academy of Music on the 25th of June. Among those in attendance were Mr. Burlingame and the Chinese Embassy, P. McDoogle, "Our Jim", and other shining lights of the metropolis. Tootee was not indisposed, and played as all *beneficiaires* should do who are rewarded with fat houses. Tootee sailed for Europe on the 27th, but will return to us ere the ides of November shall have veiled us in their frosty folds, or words to the same effect.

HERE'S A BRAN NEW COMBINATION—Fanny Herring and Frank Mordaunt—for the Old Bowery, those two performers opening an engagement on the 29th of June. This combination, with the dreadful dramas now offered at that house, must sadly interfere with that other melodramatic production, the "Lottery of Life," which has been attracting a goodly number of Bowery boys to Wallack's Theatre of late. With a little *more* experience in that line Wallack's ought to successfully compete with the Old Bowery.

THAT TRIO OF FEMALE LOVELINESS, and so forth—Sophie, Irene and Jennie Worrell—will continue to give the patrons of their theatre a taste of Offenbach, in the "Grand Duchess." Tammany Hall will no doubt have a large delegation in attendance at the Worrell Sisters' Theatre all this week, as the young girls are very attractive in their performances, and extremely interesting in their "get up."

MR. E. ENDY has concluded to remain at the New Stadt Theatre for another week, during which he will offer a round of performances that cannot fail to prove attractive to theatre goers on the east side of town. Those who have not yet been in this, the largest theatre in the country, should not miss the opportunity now presented of witnessing a series of exciting plays, well performed by an American company. Don't forget that two performances are to be given on 4th of July, one in the afternoon and one in the evening. The thousands of Germans in the city must spend an evening at the Stadt.

MR. ALF. BURNETT, the man of many faces and much facetiæ, opens a series of his peculiar entertainments at Dodworth Hall this evening, June 29th, when he will appear in a number of rapid changes and various characters. Miss Helen Nash, the poetic reader, will assist, and Mrs. Hattie Green, vocalist, will also take part. Mr. Burnett's many colored posters throughout the city have attracted a good deal of attention during the week. His contributions to the free picture gallery at the lower park proclaim him an artist of the first water.

BRYANTS' MINSTRELS give their first *matinee* on the 4th of July, the opening and inauguration day of New Tammany.

MESSRS. THOMPSON & RIGGS, theatrical agents of this city, have three advertisements in this week's CLIPPER, to which we call the attention of the profession.

HELEN COLEMAN opens an engagement at the Bowery Theatre on July 6th, in a new burlesque called "The Bowery Helene."

THE WEBB SISTERS arrived home from California on June 28th.

A RHINOCEROS arrived in this city from Europe on June 21st, consigned to Avery Smith. It is for the Bailey circus now in the west.

MESSRS. LOWELL & SIMMONDS, dramatic agents of this city, are very busy just now, we are informed, in attending to the wants of managers and in getting engagements for people. Among the latter are Miss Emily Thorn, comedienne and burlesque actress, and C. T. Nichols, leading and heavy business.

MAD. RISTORI, Mad. Lagrange, Tostee and a number of other "play actors" sailed for England on the 27th June. Ristori's last visit here was not successful.

THE THEATRE COMIQUE closed its first season under the management of Charley White & Co., on June 27th. The season opened August 26th, 1867, under the joint management of Sam Sharpley, Ben Cotton and Charley White, with Sharpley and Cotton's Minstrels, who gave a regular first part and an olio performance by a variety company. The Baisley Family, Ida Devere, Eva Brent, the Caron Family, D. L. Morris (Dutch comedian) and the Leon Brothers, were in the organization. On Sept. 16th Alfred Prince, a buffo singer, appeared, also Annie Gibbons, a clog dancer, but were failures and their stay was a brief one. Frank Lacy and Florence Reynolds, song and dance performers, also appeared. On Sept. 30th, Winnie and Ashton, acrobats, appeared. Francis Vivian, vocalist, the troupe of Beni-Zoug-Zoug Arabs commenced on Oct. 7th, also Fanny Younge, burlesque actress, and Harry Pearson, who appeared in the burlesque of "Rumtifforle," which was a failure. The Fushi-Yama Japs opened Oct. 21st, Charles Dobson, batjoist; Richard Davis, Ethiopian comedian, and John Crusher, balladist, appeared Oct. 28th. A. M. Hernandez, pantomimist and guitarist and Little Mac appeared on Nov. 11th. Tony Pastor's performing dogs, under the charge of Billy Pastor, appeared Nov. 18th, also the Delevanti Brothers. Dec. 2d [illegible] vocalist, from London, Walter Birch, Harry Robinson and Dave Hawley appeared. Sam Glenn, Dutch comedian, and M'lle Helene, *canzonne*, commenced on Dec. 9th, and on the 16th Wm. Carleton, Irish comedian, appeared. On Dec. 23, the pantomime of "Tom, Tally Ho" was produced, introducing C. H. Adams. Ira Paine took a benefit Jan. 3d, and on Jan. 4th Sharpley & Cotton's Minstrels closed there as I went on a traveling tour. The Hanlon Combination, consisting of George, William and Alfred Hanlon, the Gregory family, Harry Gurr and troupe of performing dogs, monkeys and goat, opened on Jan. 6th and closed Feb. 29th. On Feb. 21st, Fred. Buckingham, comic vocalist, appeared. The company from the Theatre Comique, Boston, with Maffit and Bartholomew as the principal cards, opened on March 2d and closed on the 21st. A new variety company opened March 23d, and on the 30th, D. L. Morris, Dutch burlesque actor, appeared. William Lingard, a London comic, commenced April 6th, in his statues and comic songs, and for eight weeks he attracted very crowded audiences. He closed on May 30, and went traveling April 13th. Sam Sharpley disposed of his interest to Sandy Spencer, Ben Cotton having withdrawn some time previous. On April 24th, Charley White and Sandy Spencer took a fresh lease of the house from May 1st, for two years, at a rental of $15,000, a reduction of $5,000. April 27th Prof. Hilton, ventriloquist; Prof. Airee, gymnast; Andy Leavitt, Lew Brimmer, and Kelly and Hogan, put in an appearance. The Boone Children, E. Warden and the Clinetop Sisters, were added to the forces on May 11th, and on the 25th Alice Seidler appeared. John Burk, Zouave drillist, commenced, and Josh Hart and Fred. Williams gave a good imitation of Lingard. Prof. Logrenia, with his trained cat, birds and mice, commenced June 15th, also Sam Devine, banjoist. The last fresh attraction offered was Julia Fitzpatrick, who appeared June 22d. She is from London, and is a very clever vocalist. She is rather pleasing in appearance, has a saucy, taking style, just suited to the variety business, and one great recommendation is all her songs are new to this city, and her peculiar style of singing them at once makes her a favorite. Wherever she appears she will, without doubt, make a favorable impression.

TONY PASTOR closed his season in the Bowery on June 27th, when he took a benefit, afternoon and evening. In addition to the regular company there appeared, as volunteers, Nelse Seymour, Bobby Newcomb, Eph Horn, Sam Collyer and Dick Hollinwood, the last two appearing in a friendly set-to with the gloves.

MAURICE SANDS, well known in the circus business, arrived in this city on June 23d from Matanzas, where he left the Albisu Circus, which had broke up. A portion of the company was about leaving for Saugs La Grande, Island of Cuba.

THE SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS have closed in this city for the season, and are at present in Boston, at Selwyn's Theatre.

KELLY AND LEON'S MINSTRELS brought their season in this city to a close on June 24th with a benefit to Leon, when the hall was crowded. This week the company are in Baltimore, and go thence to the Chestnut Street Theatre, Philadelphia. During their absence their hall will receive a complete rejuvenation.

S. S. PURDY, end man and comedian, sails for California on the 1st inst., to join the minstrels at the new Alhambra, San Francisco, under Mr. Smith's management.

BRYANTS' MINSTRELS, who are giving a pretty good Ethiopian entertainment, are doing a good business, the hall being comfortably filled, but not crowded, each evening. The first part is received with considerable applause and the several songs *encored*. Dan Bryant has the tambourine end, while Unsworth keeps up the bones, and Nelse Seymour assists them at their gags in the middle. The ballad singing of Charles Henry and Monroe Dempster is a feature of the first part, and they are *encored* each evening. In the olio, Eugene leads off with a sentimental song, and for an *encore* gives the "Dashing White Sergeant" in a style that elicited much laughter. Master Blessary, quiet representations of a young lady, Eugene has no superior, for his every movement is graceful and lady-like. The burlesque on Lingard by Unsworth and Bryant was better rendered the past week than during its first representations. Dan's "Guinea Pig Boy" and "Captain Jinks" are his best, while Unsworth is good as "Old Hats" and "As Thro' the Park." Horan and Hughes are two very clever performers. Last week they did the "Bells of Shandon" in the style of the neatest and best executed double song and dance acts we have seen for some time. They are both young men, and since they first came to this city have made great improvement and appear to do better every time we see them. Unsworth continues to give a stump speech, but he should try and introduce hits at the popular topics of the day. Joseph Emmitt made his first appearance in this city during the past week. He is a Dutch nigger, and a good one too, with comic songs and a hitch, which take very well. His style of business is somewhat different from that heretofore seen in a minstrel band, and it pleases. The burlesque of "A Flask of Jersey Lightning" concluded the performance. It consists of two scenes, the last one being a steamboat, and the old business of "Life on a Mississippi Steamboat" is introduced, concluding with firing up with the freight and lastly a nigger, when an explosion takes place and the curtain falls. The steamboat scene is very realistic, as is the explosion.

D. G. WALDRON, of the Alleghanian, was in this city on June 25th. He has gone to Portsmouth, N. H., for the summer.

MARTIN HANLEY, agent for Marietta Ravel, is, we are sorry to hear, confined to his bed in this city, and quite low with bilious fever and ulcerated sore throat. He was taken sick in Quebec, Canada, and had to be brought home.

OFF FOR EUROPE.—Felix Vincent, Mollie Williams, L. J. Vincent, stage manager of the Howard, Harry Wall, left for Europe on June 27th, by the City of Paris.

AT HARRY HILL'S Academy, Ed. Morley, ventriloquist; Bollas, the Dutch singer; Johnny Pendy and Tommy Sully, the Shades of Lingard, are in their 5th week. Master Bobby, wench dancer; J. W. Clayton, the artful dodger, and Gus. Williams have left the *corps*. On June 29th Ned Lowrie, Irish vocalist, appears, also Master Cassidy, clogist.

THE LUBIN BROTHERS are still engaged in the construction of magical apparatus at their establishment at No. 559 Broadway, this city.

A ROW IN THE FRENCH CAMP.—Manager Bateman having terminated his season with the French Opera troupe, Friday, June 26th, was fixed as the final salary day and the Academy of Music the place where the Grand Duchess, Fritz, Gen. Boum and *confreres* were to appear, clad in the habiliments of "ordinary" persons to receive their money. During the settlement Miss Fanchette Flavigny, who has been playing the leading part much for breaking some rule, when she opened upon Bateman in such a way as to make him quail. Notwithstanding her expressions of thief, swindler and robber were uttered in French, they were given with a force sufficient to make Bateman call in the assistance of two police officers, who arrested her. This act aroused the ire of three male friends, who made an assault upon the officers, and things became lively all around, a great crowd collecting about the scene to see the fine sport. The three individuals were arrested and taken to the station house, where Bateman preferred a charge of disorderly conduct against Miss Berthiat, and the officer preferred a similar charge against the male champions, who were fined $10 each.

EMERSON, ALLEN AND MANNING'S MINSTRELS open an engagement at Tony Pastor's Opera House this evening. The following is a list of the company:—Billy Emerson, Billy Manning, Johnny Allen, Dr. J. Rosenthal, E. S. Rosenthal, C. Wheaton, G. H. Clark, Edwin Holmes, C. A. Boyd, Frank Bowles, Harry French, Richard Willis, Harry Kelly, Charles Holly, P. Hanrattei, Henry Elliott, Martin Setz, William King and Master Eddie Manning.

THE "WHITE FAWN," which is now in the last week but one of its representation at Niblo's Garden, will be withdrawn on July 11th. The house will then be closed for a rejuvenation and re-opens on or about the 20th, with Bateman's French Opera Troupe.

TONY PASTOR'S BENEFIT on June 27th, afternoon and evening, was a great success, the opera house being densely crowded on both occasions. In the afternoon Eph Horn, Bobby Newcomb, and Nelse Seymour appeared, and in the evening the set-to between Sam Collyer and Dick Hollwood was the great attraction. A great many people were turned away in the evening, unable to obtain even standing room.

THE ENGLISH ADAPTATION of the "Grand Duchess" by Ben. Baker continues to be the attraction offered at the "Worrell Sisters" Theatre, and the attendance the past week was very good considering the season of the year. But it should be borne in mind that this theatre is, excepting Niblo's Garden, the coolest and best ventilated of any on Broadway, and while it is extremely close in the other places it is comfortable at this establishment. Sophie looks charming as the Duchess and her singing is deservedly applauded each evening. Without any exception it is Sophie's best performance.

A. H. DAVENPORT, more familiarly known as "Dolly," arrived in this city on June 26th, from St. Louis, Mo.

Dramatic.

AMUSEMENTS IN BOSTON ON THE FOURTH.—Nine halls have been engaged for the amusement of children on Independence Day. At the Boston Theatre, Faneuil and Minot Halls music will be furnished for promenade and dancing by the Germania and Bond's bands, both morning and afternoon. Concerts will be given at three and five o'clock at Music Hall by the Spaulding Brothers, Swiss Bell Ringers, in addition to music on the great organ. There will be an exhibition of legerdemain, etc., at 9, 11, 1, 3 and 5 o'clock, at the Tremont Temple, by Prof. and Mad. Young. Also at 12, 2 and 5 o'clock, at Maverick Hall, East Boston, by Henri Denier, and Prof. Young will perform in Wait's Hall, South Boston, at the same hours. Prof. and Mad. Harvey Marvel will give a vocal and instrumental performance and exhibition of natural magic at the same hours. Prof. T. R. Hadley will give hour performances at 2 and 4 o'clock in Institute Hall, Boston Highlands, and Spaulding Brothers will give concerts at 9 and 11 A. M., at the same place. The dramatic performances will be given afternoon and evening at the Howard Athenæum by F. S. Chanfrau and company, and at the Museum. The San Francisco Minstrels will appear at Selwyn's Theatre and Tony Pastor's Combination at the Morris Brothers' Opera House.

AUG. PENNOYER, business manager for the Richings Opera Troupe, is at present on a western tour, arranging with managers for next season.

W. H. STUART, the Columbus manager, after a season's traveling, is rusticating at his home in Columbus, Ohio.

F. F. DUGAN'S COMPANY disbanded at Chillicothe, Ohio, June 13th.

CHARLES B. WILLIAMS, having retired from the profession, is a clerk in the post office at Columbus, Ohio.

ON THEIR MUSCLE.—A lively event took place in the box office of the Howard Athenæum, Boston, at noon on June 23d. Charles T. Parsloe had a difficulty with Isaac B. Rich, the manager, owing to a refusal of the latter to pay the former a week's salary which he considered due, and which Rich withheld on the ground that Parsloe failed in an appearance" for the week in question. It is said that Parsloe, not being satisfied with a verbal argument, used the more weighty one, his fist, and that John Turner, another actor, allied himself with Parsloe in the issue against Rich, and that in the end the manager's shirt bosom was stained with crimson. Parsloe and Turner were taken into custody on a charge of assaulting Rich. Both were subsequently bailed for appearance at the Municipal Court the following day, when they pleaded guilty, and paid a fine of $10 and one half the costs each.

"THE STREETS OF NEW YORK" was revived at the Park Theatre, Brooklyn, on June 29th and 30th.

A

such things should refer to their advertisement in another column.

SEVERAL MUSICIANS are wanted, including a cornet and clarionet player, by B. B. Dale. *Vide* advertisement for address, etc.

"THAT HUMOROUS WATSON," assisted by Frank Dayton, will appear in Manchester, N. H., on the 4th inst.

THE THEATRE COMIQUE COMPANY, from Boston, appeared in Taunton, Mass., on June 24th and 25th.

GEORGE R. EDESON was, on June 3d, presented with a boy. Father and child are doing well.

HARTZ, the illusionist, was to commence a one week's stay in Chicago, Ill., on July 29th.

SCHAEFER'S OPERA HOUSE, Canton, O., fitted up, we understand, with first class appointments, with a seating capacity of 1,400, may be rented by the night or week, as per advertisement in another column.

THE TOM THUMB COMBINATION occupy City Hall, Providence, R. I., on June 30th and July 1st.

A. JONES, who has had five years' experience as agent, advertises elsewhere in the CLIPPER for a position as such.

THE MADAGASCAR OIL SHOW will give entertainments in Titusville, Pa., for one week, commencing July 1st.

IN THE OLYMPIC COMPANY, Norfolk, Va., no change has been made since our last.

NORFOLK (VA.) VARIETIES is reported to us as being in a prosperous condition, it having a good company, well patronized. M'lle Mario Zoel is there; also Kitty Lee, Kate Clare, Lew Temple, Al. Miles, Harry Pierce and others. Besides these, other talent is wanted, as well as been by advertisement in another column.

PALACE VARIETIES, Cincinnati, O., fitted up with all necessary appointments, may be rented through Messrs. Davis & Co., the Cincinnati Theatrical Agents, who also have other advertisements in another column.

THE DOBSON BROTHERS announce, in an advertisement elsewhere, that they are prepared to furnish, at the shortest notice, the newly invented banjo patented by Henry C. Dobson, and which is recommended by a number of professional banjoists as being superior to all others for style and sound. It is made like a guitar, the back closed and the sound coming from the top of the drum. They can be sent to any address, carefully packed, on receipt of the price. For the address of the Dobson Brothers see advertisement.

Amateur.

THE BOOTHENIAN D. A., of Philadelphia, performed "Married Life" on the 25th ult. Owing to the non-appearance of Mr. Quigley, who was cast for Coddle, the part had to be read; in fact, the association deserve great censure for allowing three parts to be read—that of Mrs. Coddle and Mrs. Lynx by Miss Archer and Miss De Haven, who were both cast for their respective parts. Mr. Francis as Mr. Lynx was, as usual, excellent. Mr. Curet as Youngbusband, and Mr. Thomas as Henry Dove, were good. Miss Hamilton as Mrs. Henry Dove was excellent. Miss Baker was cast as Mrs. Youngbusband, and Miss Smith as Mrs. Dismal. So writes "An Old Actor."

Foreign Show News.

LONDON THEATRICALS.—Nothing fresh was produced at the different London theatres during the week ending June 13th. At Drury Lane, "Le Nozze di Figaro" was presented on June 6th, with the three great stars, Mlle. Titiens, Christine Nilsson and Kellogg, in the cast. In the character of Susanna, M'lle Kellogg is said to have distanced all competitors. A morning performance of "Don Giovanni" was given on the 10th, with the three stars in the cast.....At the Italian Opera House, "Les Huguenots" was given on the 8th, with Pauline Lucca and Sig. Mario in their old parts. On the 9th, "La Figlia del Reggimento" was revived for the first time in three years, with Adelina Patti as the Vivandiere. New York correspondent says:—"The refined comedy of her acting in the scenes with the regiment—the subtle art with which the military spirit is tempered by innate grace and delicacy, form a combination which, in its dramatic aspect alone, can scarcely be rivaled. When to this is added the most consummate perfection of vocal execution, the result is such a representation of the daughter of the regiment as no other artist but M'lle Patti has yet given."..... "The Streets of London" and "The Corsican Brothers," were revived at the Princess' Theatre on the 8th, with Mr. Vining as the brothers Dei Franchi, and Walter Lacy as Chateau Renaud. Mr. Vining also appeared as Badger. On the 15th, Mr. Allerton was announced to appear as Hamlet, and on the 16th, "Shylock," with Dominick Murray as the Jew, and Kate Saville as Portia .....Charles Pope appeared as Romeo on the 11th, at the Cabinet Theatre, and Florence Seymour as Juliet. .....Miss Marriott took a benefit at Sadler's Wells on the 13th. .....E. A. Sothern takes a farewell benefit at the Haymarket on July 11th. The last night of the season is July 15th, when Mr. Buckstone takes a benefit..... Prof. Risley's Japs continue at the Lyceum Theatre .....At the Strand have been given "Sisterly Service," "The Field of the Cloth of Gold" and "Marriage at any price."..... At the New Royalty "Daddy Gray," "The Merry Zingara" and "The Clockmaker's Hat."..... Prince of Wales, "A Silent Protector," "Play" and "Done on Both Sides."..... Holborn, "Foul Play," "Honeydove's Troubles," "Who's to Win Him" and the new drama.....No change has occurred at the Alexandra or the Grecian Theatres, nor at the Holborn Amphitheatre .....At the Victoria, the spectacle of "Mazeppa" has been produced. Mr. Powell appeared as the Tartar youth. The drama of "Lizzie Leigh" followed.....At the Standard, Prof. Anderson appeared the first four nights in his magical entertainment. On the 12th and 13th "Rob Roy" was performed, Mr. Anderson appearing as the Highland Chief. The Misses Anderson also took part in the performance .....The Chimes" has followed "The Abyssinian War" at the Britannia.....At the Marylebone the burlesque of "Ixion" has been renewed. Mr. Charles Sennett has been added to the company, and made his first appearance on the 15th..... "The Brigand," "Black Hearts" and "The Accusing Spirit" have been given at the New East London.....Professor Anderson was to commence at the Surrey on the 15th. .....'La Grande Duchesse' is to be produced at the St. James' with Madlle Schneider in her original *role*..... "Time and the Hour" is the title of a new piece—previously called the "Forgers"—in preparation at the Queen's Theatre.....Offenbach's comic opera, "The Grand Duchess," was to be given at the Olympic Theatre for a short season, commencing June 20th. A competent and clever representative of the part of the vivacious duchess has been found in Mrs. Howard Paul, who has created a *furore* in the provinces..... The hero of Niagara, Blondin, is now repeating nightly at Highbury Barn those feats which have won for him so special a reputation.....Kate Reignolds appeared as "Richelieu at Sixteen" at the Princess' Theatre on the 13th, for the benefit of Miss Goodall.....Prof. Risley, who took over the Imperial Japanese Troupe to Europe, has announced the birth of the first child of pure Japanese blood ever born out of Japan. At six o'clock on June 7th, Hamaikari Sadaiichi, the chief of the troupe, had presented to him by his wife a little musumee (Japanese for little girl)..... Mr. Schera had an audience of the Prince of Wales on June 8th, when his Highness presented him with a handsome diamond ring, requesting him to wear it as a *souvenir*.

THE PARIS theatres are closing or about to bar their doors. The Odeon, the Bouffs Parisiens and the Nouveautes ceased their representations on the 31st of May; and the Fantaisies and the Theatre Dejazet will shortly follow the example. Of the establishments which receive subventions from the state, the Grand Opera and the Opera Comique will alone remain open during the summer.

AURIOL, the once celebrated French clown, is at present performing in an itinerary circus in the eastern departments. Some of the journals having stated that he was forced to that course by want, he has written to say that such is not by any means the case, as he owns a house in Paris, and that if he has resumed appearing in the ring, it is partly to serve the proprietor of the circus, who is a friend of his, and partly because he likes the life. He adds that he is 60 years of age, and not 71, as alleged.

"MADAME DE CHAMBLAY," a new drama by Alexandre Dumas, has been produced at the Salle Ventadour, Paris. It is pronounced a thoroughly characteristic and very extraordinary production, dealing with the love of a young nobleman, Max de Villiers, for the wife of le Comte de Chamblay, a man who intends to make money out of his wife's powers of fascination.

M. TOM HOBLER, whose fame as a tenor has made him a Gloucestershire celebrity, is about to retire for some months from the arena as a public singer, an authority upon whose opinion he rightly places much reliance having advised him that such a course is needful for the preservation of his voice, which has been somewhat tried by the hard work to which he has subjected it.

THE PARIS THEATRES.—The receipts of the different Parisian theatres for the season of 1867-68 exceeded those of the previous season. The following is reported as a correct list of the returns:—

	1866-7	1867-8
	FRANCS.	FRANCS.
Grand Opera	1,795,818	1,938,183
Theatre Francais	834,532	1,408,766
Opera Comique	1,133,849	1,673,885
Lyrique	977,715	1,242,408
Chatelet	1,601,567	1,621,014
Varieties	744,724	1,326,000
Porte Saint Martin	886,410	1,398,300

MUCH CIRCUS!—Under date of June 13th, Frank Pastor, the American equestrian, writes from Pesth, Hungary, as follows:—

"FRANK QUEEN.—I left London soon after my last letter to the CLIPPER, and met the company I am now with (Mr. Ernest Renz's) at Vienna, Austria. I performed there one week, and came with the company to Pesth. We have been here two weeks, and have been crowded every night. The building will hold 2,500 people. We have a stage fifty feet wide and eighty feet deep. Mr. Renz has over one hundred horses, which are all broke for the ring. Most of them are 'School' and 'Liberty' horses. He has four splendid black horses that perform together in Liberty, and they do a fine act. There are thirty females in the company, ten of whom are equestriennes. There are eight male riders and nine clowns. We have a band of twenty-seven musicians that always travel with the company. The wardrobe and horse trappings are the best I ever saw. Mr. Renz has three large stone circus buildings, one in Vienna, one in Berlin and another in Hamburg. He erects wooden buildings in all cities he visits during the summer. This company is the largest and most complete circus in the world. We are giving a pantomime to-night, with twenty-five ladies, forty men and fifty horses. A portion of the pantomime is given on the stage, while the balance is performed in the ring. The programme is changed every night, and so well changed that if any one goes ten nights in succession, he will not see any one night four acts the same as he has seen before. Some nights the performance is given entirely by ladies; another time half is given by ladies and half by gentlemen. Another time (for a change) the whole performance is given by the trained horses. Mr. Renz has fifteen different uniforms for the performers to wear at the ring doors and while holding objects; the uniforms are changed some nights, twice during the performance, and are handsome. We came here from Vienna by the river Danube, and it required four of the largest steamers that run between here and there to bring our company. I think we go from here to Munich. Tom Neville is here with Renz. Yours, FRANK PASTOR."

BILLY HOWARD, who went to England with Buckley's Minstrels, is at present performing with Andy Merrilees, late of Christy's Minstrels, who are still in London, performing at the different music halls.

HUBERT COLLINS, comedian and pantomimist, died in London, Eng., June 11th, after a severe suffering from cancer in the stomach.

MR. BANDMANN opened a brief engagement at Theatre Royal, Glasgow, on June 1st, in "Narcisse." On the 8th he appeared in "Hamlet," followed on the 9th by Claude Melnotte.

"LES DRAGONS DE VILLARS" of M. Maillart has been produced at the Opera Comique, Paris.

"PAUL FORESTIER," by M. Emile Angier, the latest success of the Comedie, has been produced at the Theatre de Montmartre, Paris.

AMUSEMENTS.

MR. WM. HORACE LINGARD

Having met with such flattering receptions and crowded houses in his present tour, in many towns nightly turning people away, in order that nothing may be wanting on his part to ensure a continuance of his

GREAT SUCCESS,

has determined upon augmenting his company previous to his return to New York. Mr. Lingard has engaged the accomplished soubrette,

MISS LIZZIE WILLMORE,

of Niblo's, who will appear in those farces, operettas and burlesques for which she was so justly celebrated at the Theatre Royal, Drury Lane, London.

MISS MINNIE GEARY, Soprano,
MISS LUCY EGERTON, Contralto,
MR. EDWARD R. WARD,

the celebrated Light Comedian from the Prince's Theatre, Manchester, England, who will make his first appearance in America.

PROFESSOR HILTON, Ventriloquist,
CHAS. E. PRATT, Pianist.

Mr. Lingard will this week conclude a highly successful engagement at the Eleventh Street Opera House, Philadelphia, where, at raised prices, the house has been nightly crowded, and opens at the BOSTON MUSEUM on July 6th, for five weeks.

MISS ALICE DUNNING,

one of the most fascinating and accomplished soubrettes on the English stage, and

MISS ETTIE ROMER, Comedienne,

are engaged, and will leave Liverpool for this country on board the steamship Java, the 11th of July, and will join this combination, being their first appearance in America. 13-1t

THOMPSON & RIGGS'

COSMOPOLITAN AGENCY, 189 BOWERY, N. Y.

The ladies and gentlemen of the profession wishing to make arrangements for the fall and winter season, will please send in their address. NO BOOKING FEE CHARGED, 13-1t*

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

LESSEE AND MANAGER.....WM. WHEATLEY

THE COOLEST THEATRE IN THE CITY.

Begins at 7½ o'clock. Carriages at 10:30

POSITIVELY THE LAST WEEK BUT ONE.
POSITIVELY THE LAST WEEK BUT ONE.

Mr. Wheatley respectfully announces (in consequence of arrangements previously entered into) the

LAST NIGHTS of the WHITE FAWN, LAST NIGHTS

Introducing Jarrett & Palmer's renowned PARISIENNE BALLET TROUPE.

SPLENDID SCENERY, COSTUMES, APPOINTMENTS,
NEW MUSIC, SONGS AND AN EXCELLENT DRAMATIC CAST.

GRAND MATINEE EVERY SATURDAY AT 1 O'CLOCK.
SEATS SECURED SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.

BEGINS AT 8. J. E. HAYES,.....Le see.
G. L. Fox, Stage Manager; C. W. Tayleure, Business Manager;
SIXTEENTH WEEK—CROWDED EVERY NIGHT.
G. L. Fox's Spectacular Comic Pantomime,

HUMPTY	HUMPTY DUMPTY,	DUMPTY
HUMPTY	witnessed by upwards of 180,000 persons. The happiest combination of the grotesque, the graceful, and the beautiful ever exhibited in New York. The renowned pantomimist and comedian	DUMPTY
HUMPTY	MR. GEORGE L. FOX.....CLOWN.	DUMPTY
HUMPTY	The Great Danseuse, Mlle. Sangalli, A succession of marvels. Doors turn	DUMPTY
HUMPTY	into blank walls, boxes into chairs,	DUMPTY
HUMPTY	walls into tables, billiard-tables into	DUMPTY
HUMPTY	cages, puddings into heads, market-	DUMPTY
HUMPTY	stalls into yachts, and sentry-boxes	DUMPTY
HUMPTY	into steamboats, while boys grow in	DUMPTY
HUMPTY	minutes from five years old to twenty.	DUMPTY

MATINEES—1½, WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

WORRELL SISTERS' N. YORK THEATRE,

Nos. 728 and 730 Broadway.

ADMISSION, 50 CENTS.

COOLEST THEATRE IN THE CITY.
THIRD WEEK
AND
CONTINUED SUCCESS
OF THE
WORRELL SISTERS,
SOPHIE, IRENE AND JENNIE,
IN
B. A. BAKER'S ADAPTATION,
FROM OFFENBACH'S OPERA BOUFFE
OF
THE GRAND DUCHESS.
NIGHTLY RECEIVED WITH UNBOUNDED APPLAUSE.
GRAND DUCHESS MATINEE ON SATURDAY.

NEW STADT THEATRE.

MR. E. EDDY AND THE GREAT COMBINATION in an entire new Sensational Drama, written by George L. Aiken, Esq., entitled

THE FRENCH CHEVALIER; OR,
JACK SHEPPARD.

To conclude with the new drama by John F. Poole, Esq., entitled
THE MOUNTAIN OUTLAW.

JULY 4TH, TWO GRAND PERFORMANCES.
AFTERNOON, AT 2. EVENING, AT 8.

TONY PASTOR'S OPERA HOUSE,

201 BOWERY, OPPOSITE SPRING STREET.

GRAND OPENING
OF THE
SUMMER SEASON,
MONDAY EVENING, JUNE 29TH, 1868.
First appearance in New York of the
EMERSON, ALLEN AND MANNING'S
New and Comprehensive Troupe of
MINSTRELS,
Selected from the elite of the profession, and numbering
TWENTY-ONE STAR PERFORMERS,
Will appear as above in an entirely
NOVEL AND UNEQUALED PROGRAMME.
GRAND MATINEE ON WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY AFTERNOONS, for Juveniles and family parties, commencing at half past 2 o'clock, precisely. JOHN A. DINGESS,
N. D. ROBERTS, Agent. [13] Manager.

BRYANTS' OPERA HOUSE,

TAMMANY BUILDING, FOURTEENTH STREET,
(Adjoining the Academy of Music)

CROWDED HOUSES. GREAT HIT OF
A FLASK OF JERSEY LIGHTNING.
Continued success of Unsworth and Dan Bryant.
GREAT LINGARD'S BURLESQUE.
Screams of Laughter at the Great Western Comedian,
MR. JAS. EMMETT as
DAT DEITCH GAL VAT VINKED OF ME.
BURLESQUE AFRICAN BALLET TROUPE.
Great Ballet Divertissement, entitled
LOVE AMONG THE ROSES.
The Great Steamboat Race, Terrific Explosion.
NELSE SEYMOUR, EPH HORN, DAN BRYANT.
SATURDAY, Fourth July, First BRYANT Matinee, at 2.

WANTED,

A FULL DRAMATIC COMPANY
To travel with a responsible party through the principal cities of the UNITED STATES.
Only
FIRST CLASS ACTORS
need apply. Address, stating lowest salary, to
SENORA E. CARFANO,
Post Office, Cincinnati, Ohio.
N. B.—Applicants must be able to arrive at Cincinnati on or before the 5th of July, 1868. 13-1t*

NORFOLK VARIETIES,

(LATE MILWARD'S)
Nos. 108 & 110 CHURCH STREET.

C. T. TOOKER.....Lessee and Proprietor

THE ONLY LEGITIMATE
PLACE OF AMUSEMENT
NOW OPEN IN THE CITY,
possessing all the advantages of a
FIRST CLASS THEATRE.

Artistes of acknowledged abilities having
SPECIAL CARES
Will be liberally treated with by addressing
CHARLEY KANE,
Acting and Stage Manager.
13-4t

THE DOBSON BROTHERS'

GREAT PROFESSIONAL AND PARLOR BANJO,

Invented and Patented by HENRY C. DOBSON, July 16th, 1867. The Loudest, Sharpest, Sweetest, and altogether the most brilliant toned instrument in invensions from the above, following well known artists:—Miss Lotta, Emma Maddern, Ella Chapman, Sam Sharpley, Nelse Seymour, Billy Birch, Dave Wambold, Leo Hudson and other First Class Professionals. Each and every Banjo silver mounted and highly polished, Price $20. Sent, securely packed, to any part of the United States or Canadas, C. O. D., Wholesale and Retail. Address HENRY C. DOBSON,
13-3m 260 Bowery, New York.

TO MANAGERS of THEATRES,

TONY DENIER has concluded his arrangements for the production of
G. L. FOX'S Pantomime of HUMPTY DUMPTY
in the principal cities of the United States, under the management of
JOHN A. ELLSLER, ESQ.,
of the Academy of Music, Cleveland, Ohio,
who will furnish the tricks, music, costumes, pantomimists, &c., including TONY DENIER in his great impersonation of the Clown.
Managers having time open will do well to correspond with JOHN A. ELLSLER, as above.
Managers are also cautioned against any infringement of the above copyright.
State and Town rights for sale as above. 13-1t*

MUSICIANS WANTED.

A Cornet and a Clarionet Player for a Theatre in the city.
For particulars address BENJ. B. DALE,
13-1t* 453 Ninth street.

BESSIE CLIFTON,

FIRST AND SECOND OLD WOMAN AND CHARACTER,
Can be engaged by responsible managers by addressing
BOX 545,
13-2t* P. O., Chicago, Ill.

WANTED,

To travel, for season commencing about 15th August, a first class Violinist, as leader; one who can play cornet, lead brass band and arrange for orchestra. Also, Talent for a first class Minstrel Party. Apply by letter, immediately, to G. SWAINE BUCKLEY,
Manager Buckley's Minstrels,
Quincy Point Post Office,
Norfolk County, Mass.
P. S.—State terms. Silence a negative.
WANTED, also, Double Bass and Tuba Player. 12-1t*

MRS. F. B. CONWAY'S PARK

THEATRE, BROOKLYN. The above Popular Place of Amusement will be Rented to responsible parties during the months of July and August. 13-1t*

MRS. F. B. CONWAY'S

PARK THEATRE, Brooklyn. The management is now prepared to negotiate with First Class Artists for the Fall and Winter Season of '68, '69. 13-1t*

TO MANAGERS.

MR. GEO. A. FLORANCE, Leader of Orchestra and Brass Band.
MRS. GEO. A. FLORANCE, Pianist and Vocalist.
13-4t Address their Agents, LOWELL & SIMMONDS.

FOURTH STREET THEATRE,

CINCINNATI, OHIO,

For rent or lease to responsible parties, on very favorable terms. It is in complete order, and will seat about eight hundred.
Address DANIEL H. CARPENTER,
13-6t* Cincinnati, Ohio.

SELWYN'S THEATRE,

BOSTON, MASS.

MR. SELWYN respectfully requests those ladies and gentlemen who have honored him with applications for the ensuing season, to consider his refraining from replying not a want of courtesy, but that his company is entirely complete. 13-1t

J. T. JOHNSON'S CIRCUS

Is now traveling in Illinois, doing good business. In the company are JAMES T. JOHNSON,
Mlle. Edith, E. Scofield, J. M. Smith,
H. Gibbons, D. Gillian, Master Willie,
and the Trick Horse FRANKLIN. 13-2t*

WANTED,

MUSICIANS TO TRAVEL.

Double Bass, one that can play Tuba; Cornet, one to play both E and B, and one second Violinist, to play either tenor or alto. Must be good readers. Please address or telegraph immediately to
CHARLIE PETTENGILL, Pettengill's Minstrels,
13-1t Trenton, N. J.

J. O'DONNELL,

THEATRICAL SHOEMAKER, 240 BOWERY, New York.
Pink Satin Operas, $3.50. Pink Silk, $2.00. Black Kid, $1.50.
Every description of goods sent, C. O. D. 13-3m*

BOBBY NEWCOMB'S

MINSTREL GUIDE sent, post paid, by mail on receipt of Fifteen Cents, by CHAS. B. DAY, New Haven, Conn. 13-1t*

SOL SMITH RUSSELL,

13-1t* Wrote you to Little Falls. DAY.

MANAGERS MAKE A NOTE

OF THIS.—Parties in want of a Reliable Agent or Assistant for the Fall and Winter Season, can secure the services of a Young Man who has had five years' experience—one who keeps sober, tends promptly to business, and who will go for Moderate Salary.
Address A. JONES,
Box 1,880, Clipper Office.
13-1t*

FOR SALE.

A splendid set of Magicians' Tables, with Traps, trimmed with Velvet and Silver Fringe, with Fourteen First Class Tricks, all new and in good working order. I will sell the whole lot for $75.
13-1t* W. GOODFELLOW, South Norwalk, Conn.

"HUMPTY DUMPTY."

Managers and others desirous of producing this popular Spectacular Pantomime, will please take notice that the subscribers, having purchased the exclusive right to this piece, with all its Tricks, Scenes, Transformations, &c., &c., &c., are now prepared to negotiate for time. They will furnish the principal Male and Female Characters, all the Portable Tricks and Transformation Scenes, beside Premieres, Danseuses and Coryphees.
DENIER & ELLSLER.
For full particulars address
JOHN A. ELLSLER,
Academy of Music, Cleveland, O.
Rights for cities or States for sale. All persons forbid using any portion of the piece, as a whole or separately, as the proprietors are fully protected by copyright and patents. 13-2t*

C. T. NICHOLS,

LEADING HEAVY BUSINESS,
13-1t Address LOWELL & SIMMONDS.

INTERNATIONAL DRAMATIC MUSICAL EQUESTRIAN Agency

LOWELL & SIMMONDS PROPRIETORS

609 BROADWAY NEW YORK

WILL SHORTLY RETURN

FROM CALIFORNIA, the popular American actor,
MR. C. W. COULDOCK,
and the favorite artiste,
Miss ELIZA COULDOCK,
having concluded their highly successful engagement in the Pacific States, will arrive in New York on or about July 21. Managers can negotiate for their services by addressing their only authorized agents,
13-1t LOWELL & SIMMONDS, 609 Broadway.

MISS EMILY THORN,

Is at liberty to negotiate with managers.
COMEDY AND BURLESQUES.
Address 207 West 4th st., or
13-1t LOWELL & SIMMONDS, 609 Broadway.

CHARLEY PETTINGILL'S

MINSTRELS, assisted by VIVIAN, the great Comic Vocalist, and Mr. H. T. LUDOE, the popular Comedian and Clogger, will appear at the BROOKLYN ATHENÆUM for three nights,
SATURDAY, MONDAY AND TUESDAY,
July 4, 6 and 7. Also on Saturday afternoon, July 4.
13-1t* CHAS. B. GRISTE, Agent.

DAVIS & CO. THEATRICAL AGENCY, CINCINNATI, O.

OFFICE CORNER OF ELM AND SIXTH STREETS, UNDER CLIFTON HOUSE.

FOR RENT.—PALACE VARIETIES, CINCINNATI, OHIO.—This popular place of amusement, centrally located, well stocked with scenery and all the necessary paraphernalia of a first class Music Hall, can be rented by responsible parties. For terms and particulars address DAVIS & CO., Theatrical Agents, P. O. Box 232, Cincinnati, O. 13-1t*

WANTED.—Lady Vocalists and Danseuses for Music Halls. Good engagements given immediately. DAVIS & CO., Theatrical Agents, P. O. Box 232, Cincinnati, O. 1*

MANAGERS OF THEATRES

and Music Halls desirous of engaging first class talent will find it to their interest to address DAVIS & CO.,
13-1t* Theatrical Agents, P. O. Box 232, Cincinnati.

OLD HICKORY,

BILL FOSTER,
13-1t* PORTLAND, ME.

METROPOLITAN HALL AND VARIETIES THEATRE,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

B. HENZE.....Sole Proprietor
GEO. L. HALL.....Stage Manager

Now in the full tide of success. The only entertainment in the city.
OPEN THE YEAR ROUND.
Artists of acknowledged ability can secure lucrative engagements at all times by addressing as above. 13-1t*

THOMPSON & RIGGS'

COSMOPOLITAN AGENCY, 189 BOWERY, N. Y.

WANTED—A Premiere Danseuse; also, several Ballet Girls. Address as above. No Booking Fee Charged. 13-1t*

A FIRST CLASS SONG AND

DANCE MAN, will please send his address to THOMPSON & RIGGS, COSMOPOLITAN AGENCY, 189 Bowery, N. Y. 13-1t*

SAUL SERTREW.

THE POPULAR SONG WRITER, 127 AMITY STREET.

New and Original Songs for C. P. Christy's, just published, with New and Original Music. Price 30 cents per copy; forwarded to any address.

"GAYEST OF THE GAY," Song and Dance.
"PARIS MUSIC IN DARE SHORE," Single Song and Dance.
"BET YOUR STAMPS ON U," Double Song and Dance.
"SALLY ANN AND ME," Double Song and Dance.
"SKY BLUE EYES," Banjo Song.
"GEN. GRANT'S THE MAN," Campaign Banjo Song.
"PROMENADING BROADWAY, End Song.
"KEEP YOUR AXEL GREASED," Stump Speech.
Also, a number of New Songs to Popular Airs, First Part Finishers, &c., &c. 1-1t*

WANTED.

J. B. ROBERTS' DRAMATIC COMPANY.

A Full Theatrical Company to travel. Also the good dressers and up in the business; to support the Eminent Tragedian, J. B. ROBERTS. Salaries Low, but Sure; Season Six Months. Address till July 4th, YOHE'S NEW OPERA HOUSE,
Silence a Negative. Easton, Pa.
13-1t ALEX. FISHER, Manager.

SCHAEFER'S OPERA HOUSE,

CANTON, OHIO.—This new and elegantly fitted up place of amusement, with a fine stage, a complete set of scenes, private boxes, and a seating capacity of 1,400, can be engaged by the night or week by first class performers only, on reasonable terms. Address its
13.5m PROPRIETOR.

PARTNER WANTED,

To take an interest in the great PANORAMA OF CALIFORNIA. To an enterprising man a sure fortune. Apply to
J. H. WARWICK, 422 Broome street,
13-1t* Masonic Publishing Company.

VARIETIES THEATRE,

NEW ORLEANS.

W. R. FLOYD.....Manager
Ladies and Gentlemen of acknowledged dramatic ability desirous of negotiating engagements for the ensuing season at the above first class THEATRE, will please address communications, stating lowest terms and lines of business,
W. R. FLOYD, care
12-1t LOWELL & SIMMONDS, 609 Broadway.

SPORTING ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice to Base Ball Dealers and Clubs.

A Beautiful Colored Engraving of Base Ball Implements, with Price List, will be sent free of charge. Base Ball and Race Web made to order. The above cut represents the Base Ball Buckle. The names of Clubs will be put on Belts at $1.50 per dozen, extra, in gold letters, with patent fasteners. Any one wishing to become Agent may do so by application, either by mail or person, to
PHILIP HILL, Manufacturer B. B. Belts, etc.,
13-1t* 204 Church street, Philadelphia.

Independence Day at the Brewery SHADES, 343 WEST FORTY-FIRST STREET.

Three Literary Prizes, SHAKESPEARE, BURNS and MOORE, to be contended for at SKITTLES, SHUFFLE BOARD and ENGLISH BAGATELLE; players handicapped.
Come early and enter the lists. 13-1t*

Fourth of July at Cleaver's.

THE HALF-WAY HOUSE, 320 EIGHTH AVENUE.
Great attractions on Independence Day. Skittling, Bagatelle, etc. Don't fail to drop in. 13-1t

MISCELLANEOUS.

GAS SIGNS.

PATENT CRYSTAL PRISMATIC GAS SIGNS,
FOR
POLITICAL CLUB ROOMS,
THEATRES, HALLS,
BILLIARD ROOMS,
CIGAR STORES, ETC.,
DESIGNS AND ESTIMATES FURNISHED,
M. LEWEE, PUTNAM & CO.,
SOLE MANUFACTURERS,
No. 351 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

NEW 48 BOOKS! CARTES!! PRINTS!!! ETC.—Immense Reduction in Prices to any person, (whether in the trade or not) ordering $10 worth of goods at one order. Retailing at Wholesale Prices. Orders for 25 cents worth and up promptly filled. Send red stamp with your address for my Great New Circular for 1868. JAS. S. DEXTER,
15-1t* 60 Warren street, New York.

$1 ONLY FOR BARKEEPER'S GUIDE TO MIX DRINKS. | $1 ONLY FOR SECRETS OF THE LIQUOR TRADE.
Both $1 50. Sent by mail, free of postage. Address B. C. WEST,
Port Deposit, Maryland. 13-1t*

30 GALLONS OF WHISKEY FOR $1. Send Ten cents to Box 14, Fort Deposit, Maryland. 12-1t*

GENUINE FALSE MOUSTACHES THAT CANNOT be told from natural ones, on wire, 50 cents; on lace, 75 cents; extra fine, $1; imperial, 50 cents; full beard, 3 50; all colors. Address BLACKIE & CO., 746 Broadway, N. Y.

MAKE YOUR OWN PHOTOGRAPHS.—A package with full directions, mailed for 15 cents. Address
13-3m BLACKIE & CO., 746 Broadway, N. Y.

FOR SALE—SEVEN BILLIARD TABLES, with appurtenances and furniture for a first class Billiard Saloon. For particulars, address W. G. J., Baltimore, Md. 13-1t*

JUST OUT!—New Photographs, 10 cents each; 3 for 25 cents.
13-1t* A. C. SANDFORD, Southold, Long Island, N. Y.

SOMETHING WORTH READING!! The most exciting tale issued for many a day, RED WOLF, THE PIRATE, THE MONARCH OF THE DEEP, 96 pages of close reading matter, 6 engravings, price 25 cents, free of postage. Send to
13-1t* F. A. BRADY, 22 Ann street, N. Y.

WANTED—A HANDSOME YOUNG LADY about seventeen years old, to attend the Impeachers Ball next Thursday evening. No girl that eats onions need answer. Send photograph, or gentlemen twenty cents, and get the LUNCH AND WINE CARD FOR BAR ROOMS. Address Box 14, Fort Deposit, Maryland. 13-1t*

SOMETHING NEW IN PHOTOGRAPHS—Sample 15 cents, or 3 for 25 cents, post paid.
13-1t* A. C. SANDFORD, Southold, Long Island, N. Y.

AT THE EXPLOSION

In the Bowery
On the evening of the 18th,
Those fearful scenes
The mangled bodies,
The scalded, quivering victims,
Pleading for help, relief;
Some begging to die,
To escape the dreadful agony,
Brought to my mind forcibly
My own condition
A few months ago.
I was at work in a brewery,
A tub of boiling liquid
Above my head;
I was in the act of removing it,
When it partially upset,
And the large sleeve
About my right arm
Was filled with the hot juice.
I called for help;
It took a full minute
Before assistance came.
I had to hold the tub,
or have my whole body scalded if I relaxed my grasp. But that minute seemed an hour. I supposed my arm was ruined for life. The fearful agony I suffered no mortal tongue can describe.

My physician who was called in ordered a plut of WOLCOTT'S PAIN PAINT. My whole arm, although cooked, was sopped and kept constantly wet with Pain for two hours. I was relieved of all my pain in less than twenty minutes. The circulation continued perfect. Not even a blister. It seemed a miracle. The evaporating quality of the Pain Paint kept the whole limb perfectly cool, and the very next day I resumed my business as usual. The only difficulty experienced after the first day was in my wrist, where a piece of skin slipped off in removing my clothing. Knowing that the late disaster on the Bowery has produced at least a score of mangled or scalded limbs and bodies, I would most earnestly recommend Wolcott's Pain Paint as the most cooling, most efficient remedy that can be used. I know it will give relief at the very first application, and continuing its use freely, by keeping the wounds constantly wet, heal and cure those who would otherwise die or be crippled for life.
15-1t ONE WHO KNOWS THE VALUE OF PAIN PAINT.

CRICKET.

TOUR OF THE NONANTUM CLUB OF BOSTON

On the 21st inst. the Nonantum Cricket Club, one of the best organisations in the old Bay State, arrived in New York, to meet our best clubs in friendly rivalry. The visit of the Nonantums was made without previous notice to our metropolitan clubs, and in consequence their advent was unheralded and unknown except to a very few. Failing to get on a match with the St. George Club, a game was hastily arranged for the 22d inst. with the Willow Club, of Brooklyn. Owing to the short notice the Willows were unable to present as strong an eleven as they would otherwise have done, and this accounts for the signal defeat they received.

The Nonantum Club has a magnificent ground of seven acres at Newton Corners, just out of Boston. They are mostly young gentlemen of wealth, who play cricket for the love of the thing, and on this occasion presented an eleven composed of Americans, with the exception of Hammond, their professional. In style of dress and fielding they very much resemble the noted young America Club of Philadelphia, although as batters they do not approach them.

The Nonantums were first to the bat, facing the professional Crossley's bowling, with Morrison *vis-a-vis*, and though both these gentlemen were in good play, the visitors found no difficulty in hitting them away with ease. Jardine, Filmer and Anthony were also sent in as change bowlers, but it was all to no purpose. The young Americans were in fine batting trim, and before the last wicket fell, 144 had been scored. Hammond, by a succession of good hits, obtained 48, when he was neatly caught by Sleigh off Crossley. G. and W. Linder, Stearns and Bixby also scored doubles.

The Willows, when they went to the bat, found it extremely difficult to make runs of the bowling of the Linders and Mixer, supported, as they were, by good fielding. Filmer, who made the scoring a single, was prettily caught by Smallwood. Brown was bowled by W. Linder without scoring. Sleigh was fairly at work when Mixer got on his stumps and he retired for 4. Crossley was more fortunate, running up 19 very cleverly, when he was bowled by T. Linder. The tenth wicket fell for the total of 33, only 2 being for extras. The Willows followed their innings, and had lost six wickets for 31 when stumps were drawn, it having been previously arranged that the game should terminate at a certain hour.

The gentlemen of the Willow Club paid every attention to their guests, and the Bostonians departed highly pleased with their treatment. The following is the score of the first innings:—

NONANTUM.		WILLOW.	
G. Linder b Morrison	10	Filmer c Smallwood b W. Linder	1
T. Linder b w, b Crossley	4	Brown b W. Linder	0
Stearns c Rollins b Anthony	15	Sleigh b Mixer	4
Hammond c Sleigh b Crossley	48	Crossley b T. Linder	19
Bixby c Sleigh b Crossley	12	Smallwood b W. Linder	3
Smallwood b Filmer	7	Jardine b Mixer	3
Mixer c Sleigh b Crossley	5	Cowan b Mixer	1
W. Linder not out	14	Rollin, Jr., c Hammond b T. Linder	0
Parker c Sub., b Filmer	1	Anthony b T. Linder	0
Walker c Morrison b Jardine	0	Hutchings b T. Linder	0
Page c Brown b Jardine	2	Sweetland not out	0
Byes, 4; leg byes, 2; wides, 10	16	Leg bye, 1; wide, 1

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

For THEATRICAL or other Advertisements coming under the head of AMUSEMENTS, *fifteen cents per line* for each and every insertion.

FOR MISCELLANEOUS AND SPORTING Advertisements, *twenty cents per line* for each and every insertion.

Pure Notices—to be incorporated in our *News* Departments—such as comments from other papers, etc., *thirty cents per line;* the same to be allowed to be inserted more than once.

In our LEADER OR EDITORIAL COLUMNS nothing of a paid character will appear, as we reserve that space for a free and independent expression of our own opinions.

OUR TERMS ARE CASH. Advertisements to be paid for at the time of insertion.

A LIBERAL DEDUCTION from these rates will be made for Advertisements when paid for three months or longer *in advance.*

ADVERTISEMENTS should be sent in by noon of Mondays, at latest, to insure their appearance in that week's issue.

ALL BUSINESS LETTERS or communications must be addressed to the undersigned:

FRANK QUEEN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR NEW YORK CLIPPER,
No. 22 Spruce street, New York.

AMUSEMENTS.

HOOLEY'S OPERA HOUSE,
BROOKLYN.

OPEN THE YEAR ROUND. NO CLOSING FOR REPAIRS.

The house has been Repainted and Redecorated, and the Company Reconstructed for 1867 and '68. The Company, as now organized, embraces a larger array of First Class Talent than has ever been concentrated in a Minstrel Troupe, comprising Comedians, Tragedians, Vocalists, Dancers and Instrumentalists, who will appear nightly in their Musical Illustrations. First class artists, particularly those having specialties, can always secure an opening by addressing

N. M. HOOLEY, Proprietor.
6-tf E. GREENLAND, Business Manager.

HOWARD'S OLYMPIC THEATRE,
(HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA.)

Now in the eleventh (11th) week of a most successful season, with the following

FIRST CLASS DRAMATIC COMPANY:

MR. FRANK ROCHE,
MR. JOHN DAVIS,
MR. T. H. BURNS,
MR. WM. NANNARY,
MR. S. T. PIERCE,
MR. ALLEN PARTRIDGE,
MR. C. BRAMHALL,
MR. ALFRED HOGAN,
MR. JOHN W. NORTON,
MR. W. H. DANVERS,
MR. T. H. SHANNON,
MR. D. F. MORRILL,
MR. GEORGE CRANE,
MR. R. F. HILLS,
MR. ALBERT NIX,
MR. T. C. HOWARD,
MRS. D. R. ALLEN,
MRS. ANNIE HAYES,
MRS. EMMA WINSLOW,
MISS BELLA HOWITT,
MISS ADA GILMAN,
MISS CARRIE LISLE.

JAMES ALDEN, Treasurer. A. W. HAYES, Leader.

Together with a
COMPLETE ORCHESTRA AND BRASS BAND.

All communications must be addressed to
T. CHAS. HOWARD, Sole Manager.

STAGE STRUCK

MISS OLIVE LOGAN
"OUT WEST."

"A great success."—St. Paul Dispatch.
"She looked the very queen of the drama."—St. Paul Press.
"The largest and most brilliant gathering of the flower of St. Paul society we ever saw at a lecture welcomed the beautiful and brilliant Miss Logan. Beautiful and brilliant she surely is, in the highest degree, as she stands before her audience in her silks, laces and diamonds, firing off a ceaseless fusillade of fun, epigram, anecdote and eloquence."—St. Paul Pioneer. 49-3m*

TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES THEATRE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

R. W. WILLIAMS..... Lessee and Manager

THE ONLY LEGITIMATE PLACE OF AMUSEMENT IN THE CITY!

WHERE PERFORMERS ARE ENGAGED FOR THE MERITS OF THEIR PERFORMANCES!

NO OUTSIDE INFLUENCE!

NOW IN THE 46TH WEEK
OF THE MOST SUCCESSFUL SEASON
EVER KNOWN IN PITTSBURGH!

ALL WOULD-BE COMPETITORS QUAIL AND EXCLAIM: "IS IS A WONDER HOW THEY DOES IT, BUT THEY DOES!"

The present Season will terminate on the 4th of July, and the Fall and Winter Season will commence on or about
AUGUST 15TH, 1868.

First class Performers and Sensational Stars wishing good engagements apply as above. 13-1t*

WANTED.—A first class Variety
Company, a good Property Man and Stage Carpenter, 2d Young Ladies for the Ballet. Artists of ability and sobriety will find it to their interest to address H. J., Clipper Office, stating lowest salary, business, etc. Enclose no stamp; consider silence a negative. 13-1t

RICHINGS' ENGLISH OPERA COMPANY.
The celebrated troupe, now fully re-organized for the coming season of 1868 and 1869,

Commence their Fall and Winter Campaign at the Arch Street Theatre, Philadelphia, September 14th.

ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS must be addressed to
A. S. PENNOYER, Business Manager,
8-3t* No. 1,743 Marshall street, Philadelphia.

JIG & CLOG DANCING WITH-
OUT A MASTER.—The most perfect book of the kind, giving a full explanation of every step. Sent to any address for 50 cts. Address CHAS. J. BIERMAN, 825 Washington st., St. Louis, Mo.
N. B.—Also, Clog Shoes, iron $5 to $11. 13-4t*

HEAR ME, YE FAKIRS AND
AMATEURS.—As I have no further use for the following TRICKS, I offer them for sale very cheap: One Goblin Drum, One Inexhaustible Bottle, One of Groove's Three Cup Batteries; also One Shocking Battery, and one other good Trick. Any of the above I will sell for cash, or exchange for other apparatus. Address
13-1t* C. MELVIN, Jr., Box 15, Honeham, Mass.

WILLIAMS & SANFORD,
DOUBLE SONG AND DANCE PERFORMERS,

and other specialties (ages 15 and 17), are at liberty to negotiate with managers for long and short seasons.
Address as above, care Clipper Office, New York. 13-1t*

MR. J. E. BURK having recently
completed his engagement at the Theatre Comique, New York, is now ready to negotiate with responsible managers. Business, "Fighting Minstrel and Bayonet Drill;" acknowledged as the best performer in his line. Address J. E. BURK, Box 5,449, P. O., N. Y. 1*

FRED AND JEROME LUBIN,
FOR EXCELLENCE IN THE WIZARDS OF THE WORLD, Continue the manufacturing of MAGIC APPARATUS at their SALON DE LUBA, 550 BROADWAY.

Persons wishing to engage their services will address as above. Sundays excepted. 13-1t*

THE ST. NICHOLAS VARIE-
TIES will move into their new quarters on the 15th of July, corner of BROAD AND CHERRY STREETS, when will be inaugurated one of the finest and most complete Variety Theatres in the United States, to be called the ACADEMY OF MUSIC, which is being finished, decorated and completed regardless of expense.

Talent of acknowledged ability in the Variety Line, including Gymnastics, Trapeze and Sensation Performers, will be treated liberally. Address ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
13-7t* Nashville, Tenn.

TO RENT.
ARLINGTON HALL, CHICAGO,

Will be let on reasonable terms to any first class Entertainment by the night or week till September 1st. Arlington Hall is handsomely fitted up, with dressing room, stage, gas and scenery, and has all the appointments of a first class theatre. For terms address or apply to HARRIS & BRADWAY,
13-2t No. 47 La Salle street, Chicago, Ill.

MISS FANNY PIERSON, Sing-
ing Soubrette, Light Comedy and Burlesque Actress, late of the Memphis, Tenn., Theatres, can be engaged by addressing
13-1t* FRANK RIVERS & CO., or in care of Clipper Office.

ALEXANDER FITZGERALD,
TRAGEDIAN AND CHARACTER ARTISTE,

Has returned after a lengthened tour in the Australian Colonies and California. Managers will please address
13-1t* MESSRS. LOWELL & SIMMONDS.

TO CIRCUS AND SIDE SHOW
MANAGERS.—JAMES MARTIN & SON, Manufacturers of Circus and Side Show Canvass. We keep on hand 30, 25 and 40 feet Side Show Canvass; and also a large stock of Campaign Flags, Base Ball Bounds, etc.

JAMES MARTIN & SON,
3-3m* 111 Commercial st., Boston.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE,
OTTAWA, CANADA.

R. MILES..... LESSEE.

This commodious Theatre—the only central place of amusement in the capital of the New Dominion—has been recently thoroughly REFITTED AND REMODELED, and is now ready for the accommodation of Dramatic Companies, Troupes, Lecturers, etc., on the most REASONABLE TERMS. The building is of stone, and will accommodate over 1,000 persons; is brilliantly lighted with gas, and contains all necessary appliances. Companies and others intending to visit Canada can apply by letter to E. MILES, London Music Store, who will be happy at all times to communicate all necessary information. Reference are permitted to Sylvester Bleeker, Manager Gen. Tom Thumb; to Ned Davis, and the principal Agents who have visited Ottawa. 11-4t

MASON'S HALL,
GLOVERSVILLE, NEW YORK,
(3,000 inhabitants,)

Connected with the Mason House; entirely new, with galleries and gas. Will seat 800 people. A good show town. This property for sale. Terms easy.

I will sell the furniture and rent the property to any first class hotel man. A photograph of the house can be seen at the Brandreth House, New York, or Stanwix Hall, Albany, N. Y.
11-3m J. J. MASON.

GEORGE LASCELLES,
OLD MEN AND CHARACTER BUSINESS.
Address CHARLES T. PARSLOE,
11-3t* 556 Broadway, New York.

LECTURERS AND SHOWMEN
ATTENTION.

MUSIC HALL, HARTFORD, CONN,
Situated corner of Main and Morgan streets.

This new and pleasant Hall is a complete success. So easy of access; only one flight up.

The community are pleased to have a hall so handy and so easy to get in and out of. Large and airy, well lighted, and shows to wonderful effect when lighted outside as well as in, thus advertising itself during performances.

Will seat comfortably twelve hundred people. The Stage is 36x16 feet, with side rooms and foot lights. No better place for amusements in the city. For further particulars address
13-3t WM. TOOHEY, Hartford, Conn.

JOHN BROUGHAM'S
Last great success,
"THE LOTTERY OF LIFE,"

Now playing at Wallack's Theatre. Managers wishing to negotiate for its production, or for any of Mr. Brougham's pieces, must address THOMAS E. MORRIS,
13-1t 179 West Tenth street, New York.

CONTINENTAL THEATRE,
BOSTON.

The undersigned having purchased this establishment, to be hereafter known as

WILLARD'S THEATRE,

After reconstruction and refitting, will open as a
FIRST CLASS STAR THEATRE
on or about September 1, 1868. Stars wishing time from that date will be liberally treated with by addressing
7-3m HENRY WILLARD, 112 New st., Newark, N. J.

CONTINENTAL THEATRE,
BOSTON.

This Establishment can be rented by the night or week up to July 5. Address GEORGE E. BETTON, Esq., 24 Tremont Row, Boston, or HENRY WILLARD, 112 New st., Newark, N. J.

SHANAHAN'S OPERA HOUSE,
NEWPORT, R. I.,

Is open for transient engagements on reasonable terms. For DRAMATIC AND OPERATIC representations the accommodations offered by this splendid hall are unequalled in the States, and surpassed by none outside of Boston in New England. It will be let for

FIRST CLASS ENTERTAINMENTS ONLY.

For terms, etc., address J. RUDOLPH,
41-6m Newport, R. I.

HENDERSON'S
THEATRICAL AND MUSICAL AGENCY,
7 NEW COVENTRY STREET,
LEICESTER SQUARE, LONDON, ENG.

MR. ALEX. HENDERSON begs to inform his friends and the Profession generally in the United States, that having recently disposed of his Liverpool Theatres, where he has been Manager for the last eight years, he has undertaken the establishment of a THEATRICAL AGENCY on a scale of great magnitude.

MANAGERS and ARTISTS have equally felt the want of such an institution, the formation of which is intended to offer the greatest advantages to FOREIGN ARTISTES who may wish to visit England, and for the transmission of Stars and Leading Members of the Profession in this country to the United States and the Colonies, where it is intended to establish Branch Agencies.

MR. HENDERSON'S great experience as a Manager, his knowledge of the individual talents of nearly every member of the Profession, and his personal acquaintance of all the leading Managers, Stars and Dramatists, has obtained for him the appointment by them of their sole agents, through whom all business engagements are now made. Stars and Artists of acknowledged position wishing to visit England are requested to communicate at once with Mr. HENDERSON, as above, through whose influence engagements can be procured and first appearances insured either in London or the Provinces. Managers in the States wishing to engage Artistes from England, or requiring any commissions executed, connected either directly or indirectly with the Profession, can have all their requirements fulfilled.

S. M. HOOLEY, Proprietor.
E. GREENLAND, Business Manager.

THEATRICAL HOSIERY
Of Every Description.

VANDERLIP & TAYLOR,
(Late A. RANKIN & CO.—Established 1823.)

No. 96 Bowery, New York.

THEIR FACILITIES IN MANUFACTURING are such that orders for any style and of any material can be furnished at very short notice.

Orders by mail receive particular attention.
26-52t*

SKATING RINK,
NEW MUSIC HALL, Ottawa, Canada.

This immense establishment, capable of seating comfortably 1,200 persons, is now being refitted for the summer season and will be ready for rental on or about the 15th OF MAY INST.

Its great success last season shows conclusively that it is the best and coolest summer hall in Canada.

Operatic and Dramatic Companies, Minstrel Troupes, Lecturers, &c., intending to visit Canada during the present season will find it their interest to secure this popular establishment, as it contains every requisite comfort, together with a GOOD STAGE, SET OF STOCK SCENERY (Plain), COMMODIOUS DRESSING ROOMS, &c.

Apply by letter (prepaid) to the undersigned or to Messrs. ORME & SON, Music Store, Ottawa. O. W. LESTER,
4-13t* Manager for the Directors.

AMORY HALL,
FOND DU LAC, WIS.

This large, popular and first class hall has a large stage, good scenery, and is centrally located in the city, which contains 15,000 inhabitants. The hall will be rented on reasonable terms.
4-3m T. S. WEEKS, Agent.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
CORRY, ERIE CO., PA.

The only well appointed Theatre in Western Pennsylvania. Rent $21 per night, including city license, usher, scene-shifter and curtain man. Address EUGENE WRIGHT,
4-13t* Proprietor.

SHOW PAINTING.—J. BRUCE
continues to paint show pictures of every description in the very best style, at moderate charges, at his Mammoth Show Painting Establishment, 800 Broadway N. Y. N. B.—Terms of payment invariably half cash in advance, balance on delivery. No orders attended to unless on the above terms. 4-26t*

FOX'S NEW AMERICAN VARI-
ETY THEATRE,
WALNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA.
THE ALHAMBRA PALACE OF AMERICA.

R. FOX..... Proprietor and Manager.

THE BEST STANDARD VARIETY COMPANY IN AMERICA.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

FIRST CLASS LEADING DANSEUSES WANTED.

Also Forty Ladies for the Corps de Ballet, for a new Grand Spectacle now in active preparation. Engagements for the Season.

FIRST CLASS ARTISTS IN ALL BRANCHES wishing engagements can apply to R. FOX,
7- American Theatre, Philadelphia, or his only authorized Agents, LOWELL & SIMMONDS, 609 Broadway.

THE "BLACK CROOK."
The contract for the performance of this famous spectacle, North, South, East and West, by Frederick G. Maeder, Esq., (Maeder, Curran and Davey), expire by limitation July 6th. That of Meech & Co. expires October 1st. Parties desiring to negotiate for the production of the "Black Crook," after the above dates, in any of the territory now held by the above gentlemen, will please address
CHAS. M. BARRAS,
7-tf Care of Pike's Opera House, New York.

ODD FELLOWS' TEMPLE,
ASHLAND, PENN.,
Southeast Corner of 7th and Centre Streets.

The Public Hall of the TEMPLE is 50 feet wide by 80 feet long and is to let for Balls, Concerts, Minstrels, Theatricals, Lectures, &c.

It is the only hall in the place. ASHLAND and vicinity has a population numbering over 15,000.

Apply to
7 13t* GEO. H. HELFRICH,
Secretary Odd Fellows' Temple Associatio

CONTINENTAL HALL,
At Greenpoint, opposite East 10th st., to let for Balls, Concerts, Minstrels, Lectures, &c. It is the only suitable Hall in the place, and is surrounded by a population numbering 15,000. Apply to
ALBERT STEARNS,
8-13t* Greenpoint, N. Y.

CLARRY & REILLEY,
PRINTERS AND ENGRAVERS
12, 14 AND 16 SPRUCE STREET,
NEW YORK.

THE LARGEST SHOW BILL PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT IN THE WORLD.

THIS FIRM Pays particular attention to getting up all kinds of FANCY SHOW BILLS

For traveling companies, and have on hand a large and splendid assortment of large and small WOOD CUTS

Suitable for Circuses, Menageries, Ethiopian Performers, Gymnasts, Magicians, &c., &c., which can be printed in one or more colors, to suit customers.

A deposit required on all work ordered. 45-tf

THE ETHIOPIAN DRAMA.
63 Nos. Fifteen Cents each. Sent postpaid by
O. A. ROORBACH,
10-tf 102 Nassau street, N. Y.

HOGAN AND HUGHES,
OF BRYANT'S MINSTRELS,

Are prepared to receive pupils for Clog, Jig, and Song and Dance. Address as above. 9-5t*

JOSEPH SOMERS,
THEATRICAL AND FANCY BOOT AND SHOE MAKER.
270 BOWERY, NEW YORK.

Every description of work used by the Dramatic, Dancing, Equestrian and Gymnastic Profession made to order and sent C. O. D. 11-3m*

BUFFALO ACADEMY OF
MUSIC,
FORMERLY METROPOLITAN THEATRE.

This establishment being newly painted, upholstered, altered, entirely refitted and put in thoroughly complete order; will open for a season of Forty-nine weeks,
JULY 27TH, 1868.

Only artists of acknowledged ability need apply; and they will please consider silence a negative. Address
J. H. and H. L. MEECH, Managers,
11-3t* Buffalo, N. Y.

HENRY C. TRIPPLE,
THEATRICAL BOOT AND SHOE MAKER,
No. 110 NORTH FIFTH STREET, PHILADELPHIA,

Makes to order at reasonable rates, and expresses to all parts of the country, Opera Slippers, Equestrian and Gymnastic Pumps, Sandals, Clogs, and Stage Shoes generally, except Russett Boots.
N. B. Established 1819. 2-13t*

ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
WATERLOO, NEW YORK.

Splendid new Hall, just completed. Scenery, Gas, etc. Seats 1,000 people. Town and surrounding population 14,000. Good town for first-class concerts, circuits. Terms easy. 47-1

METROPOLITAN THEATRE,
IN INDIANAPOLIS.

The above Theatre, completely stocked with Scenery and Properties, will be for rent by the night or week from and after May 10th next.
V. BUTSCH, Proprietor.
4-13t

VARIETIES THEATRE,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

CHAS. H. H. BROOM..... Proprietor
CHARLEY WHITE..... Stage Manager

THE MODEL MUSIC HALL OF THE GREAT WEST.

Open the year round. Talent of acknowledged ability only to secure engagements by addressing Stage Manager.
Good relief wanted. 5-11*

SCHUYLER, HARTLEY &
GRAHAM,
19 MAIDEN LANE
Importers and Dealers in
THEATRICAL LACES, FRINGES,
9-13t* CLOTHS, SPANGLES, ETC.

MISS KATE FISHER,
All communications addressed to her agent
33-tf C. T. PARSLOE, 556 Broadway, N. Y.

WELL'S NEW HALL,
PORTCHESTER, N. Y.

This Hall will seat 500 people comfortably; has a stage, with dressing rooms, etc., and is lighted with gas. Parties desiring to rent the above Hall, can do so by applying to G. C. WELLS, Wells' Hotel, Portchester, N. Y. 4-12t*

MELVILLE & HULL'S
S. MELVILLE SOUTHERN DRAMATIC GEO. W. HULL.
MUSICAL AND EQUESTRIAN AGENCY,
NO. 93½ FIFTH STREET,
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

Having established ourselves we are now prepared to treat with the Dramatic Profession, Minstrel and Variety Troupes.

All First Class Performers in the above line of business—our facilities being such we will be able to give entire satisfaction.

We are also prepared to furnish
COSTUMES and WIGS
of every description, in fact everything appertaining to the profession, at the lowest market prices. Particular attention paid to Ladies and Gentlemen wishing to adopt the stage as a profession. We have on our books now 200 First Class Professionals in both the Dramatic, Equestrian and Variety Business. All letters address to
W. S. MELVILLE & CO.,
7-13t 93½ Fifth st., Louisville, Ky.

UNION HALL,
MONMOUTH, ILL.

This new and magnificent building is now open to the public. The main Hall is 108 by 80 feet; large stage, beautiful scenery, ample dressing rooms, and lighted with gas; comfortable seats for 2,000 persons; 200 orchestra armed chairs.

First class Dramatic and Minstrel Companies, Concert Troupes, Lecturers and Miscellaneous Entertainments can secure this Hall by the day or week by applying to
5-13t* J. K. RUSSELL, Business Agent.

COLUMBUS HALL,
DUNKIRK, N. Y.
NEW, BEAUTIFUL AND SPACIOUS.

This Hall is new, spacious, elegant, pleasantly located in the central part of a flourishing young city, and is the only public hall of any considerable magnitude in town. It is elaborately and beautifully frescoed, abundantly lighted with gas, well ventilated, and capable of seating an audience of 1,500. The Stage is large and commodiously arranged, with Dressing Rooms contiguous; an abundance of Foot-Lights, Side-Lights and Top-Lights; a beautiful Drop Curtain; a complete outfit of Scenes, all new, and highly artistic in detail and finish, which may be enumerated as follows: 1st, a Street; 2d, a Parlor; 3d, a Kitchen; 4th, a Dungeon; 5th, a Woodland; 6th, a Garden; 7th, he sea—all these accompanied with appropriate Side Scenes.

There is not a more beautiful Public Hall in the State, out of the City of New York.

Population of Dunkirk approximates 13,000.

RENT REASONABLE.

Apply to the subscriber, personally, or address him by letter.
15-tf F. MAY, Agent,
Erie Hotel, Dunkirk, N. Y.

FOR RENT—Richmond Theatre,
11 R. D. OGDEN, 22d East 2d st., New York City, or LANCASTER & CO., Bankers, Richmond, Va.

TAYLOR HALL, Trenton, N. J.
Built on the plan of the Philadelphia Academy, with Parquet, Dress Circles and Balconies. Elegantly furnished; seats 1,600; pronounced by all to be the finest auditorium in the United States outside of New York and Chicago. Scenery and properties complete. Rent $60 per single night, including License, Bill Stands and Boards, Stage Hands, &c. Sharing terms will be offered first class entertainments. On business address
52-3m* T. B. TAYLOR, Manager.

WRIGHT'S VARIETIES,
RICHMOND, VA.

H. C. WRIGHT & CO..... Proprietors
NOW IN THE FULL TIDE OF SUCCESS,
WITH A LARGE AND
POWERFUL COMPANY OF STERLING ARTISTS.

Wanted immediately—12 Danseuses and 2 Lady Vocalists.
52-tf Address BILLY RICE, Stage Manager.

BUTZEL'S HALL, Saugerties, N.
Y.—Large and Commodious, and newly erected stage 18 by 25. Good troupes can draw crowded houses. 52-6m*

HARRY HILL'S NIGHTLY
CONCERTS and Comicalities, with ever varying and new features of Popular Amusement, not the least attractive of which is the introduction of the Genuine English
PUNCH AND JUDY PANTOMIMES,
continue to attract crowds of delighted visitants to
1-tf 26 EAST HOUSTON STREET.

STETSON & SEXTON'S
THEATRE.

ORGANIZED JANUARY 21, 1868, now performing in the State of New York, is acknowledged by the Press and Public to be the most perfect of any company now traveling. The popular Tragedian,
MR. E. J. STETSON,
Supported by 24 First Class Artists, Full Brass Band, Splendid Orchestra, under the personal supervision of
PROF. M. C. STETSON.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

"The company is a first class one, and their acting is universally conceded to be far superior to anything ever presented in this place."—[Canandaigua Messenger.

"They are worthy of the patronage and support of every admirer of the Drama, and we most cordially wish them the largest measure of success."—[Hornellsville Tribune.

"They have the best company that ever visited this place—they are gentlemen we can recommend in perfect confidence to all with whom they may have business relations as honorable and trustworthy."—[Bath Courier. ALL THE NEW SENSATIONS.

Parties wishing engagements address care of N. Y. Clipper Office.
3-3m* A. D. FITCH, Agent.

ENGRAVING ON WOOD
ROYLANCE & PURCELL
105 NASSAU ST. N.Y.

For Theatres and Circuses.

MAMMOTH POSTERS—In one or more Colors.
PORTRAITS—Large and Small.
PROGRAMME CUTS, ETC.

Sketches made from Scenes or Acts—Positions in Character, or from Manuscript. 11-

JAS. THACKERAY, Pittsburgh,
Pa., BILL POSTER.
Agents and Mangers Secure your Bill Boards in advance. 3-14t*

BOSTON THEATRE.
Parties wishing to make arrangements for the use of the BOSTON THEATRE
during the months of June, July and August, will please address
5-8t* J. B. BOOTH, Boston.

WALDEN'S OPERA HOUSE,
PATERSON, N. J.

This popular Theatre can be rented by the week or night for all first class entertainments. JOHN WALDEN, Agent,
5-13t* Box 235, Paterson, N. J.

THE ART OF PUBLIC SPEAK-
ING.—An Exposition of the Principles of Oratory. By Samuel Neil. Price 25 cents. Sent postpaid on receipt of the price, by O. A. ROORBACH, 102 Nassau st., N. Y.
6-tf

THE ACTOR'S ART.—Its Re-
quisites, and how to obtain them; its Defects, and how to remove them. Price 15 cents. Send orders to O. A. ROORBACH,
6-tf 102 Nassau st., N. Y.

ESTABLISHED 1815.

THEATRICAL GOODS,
HORSTMANN BROS. & ALLIEN
FORMERLY
No. 8 MAIDEN LANE,
REMOVED TO
540 BROADWAY, N. Y.
LACES, SPANGLES, SWORDS, BROCADES, JEWELRY, &c.
3-3m*

ROEDER'S HALL,
PEARL STREET, CLEVELAND, O., WEST SIDE.

A splendid new Hall, recently centrally located in a thickly settled part of the city, with a seating capacity of 500—600. Well fitted for concerts, lectures, minstrels, &c. Can be rented by the night or week. Apply to P. ROEDER, personally, at his office, 113 Seneca st., or by letter, 251 St. Clair st., Cleveland, O.
7-12t

GRIFFITH MORGAN & SON,
SCENIC AND GENERAL ARTISTS, Established 1841.

Having finished our new Studio we are prepared to furnish Drop Curtains, Scenes, Panoramas, Transparencies, &c. Photographs and Carte de Visite copied life size in Oil, Water or Crayon; Plain, Character or Grotesque. Franklin, next door to Gates ave.,
8-13t* Brooklyn, N. Y.

LEE POWELL,
CLOWN, COMIC VOCALIST
and Business Manager,
LATE OF JOHN ROBINSON'S CIRCUS AND MENAGERIE, can be engaged by addressing
LEE POWELL,
9- Palmyra, Wayne County, N. Y.

FOR SALE.
20 SNAKES, 25 MONKEYS, 2 PACAS, 1 WATER HOG, 1 PAIR OF SACRED CATTLE, 2 BLOOD HOUNDS.

I have got the largest Snake in the country.
All these things can be seen at
J. PERCIVAL'S,
10-4t* No. 21 Bowery, New York City.

MR. R. D. OGDEN,
CAN BE ENGAGED AS
LEADING MAN OR MANAGER.
Direct to No. 228 EAST 2D STREET,
52-tf NEW YORK CITY.

GIBBONS' OPERA HOUSE,
CORNER OF SIXTH AND MAIN STREETS,
KEOKUK, IOWA,

Is now completed and to rent for FIRST CLASS entertainments. The stage scenery has been prepared with great care and in accordance with the most modern improvements. No pains have been spared to make this Hall a model of beauty and convenience. It is furnished with chairs, and is capable of seating 900 to 1,000 persons. Population of the city about 16,000. Address
1-26t* PATRICK GIBBONS.

DAYTON LEDGER Job Rooms.
All kinds of
SHOW PRINTING
Executed in the BEST STYLE, and at Reasonable Rates. Information concerning matters connected with Amusements cheerfully furnished.
Address, LEDGER,
1-26tf Dayton, O.

COLERICKS HALL,
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA, continues as ever the popular Hall of the City, centrally located, and the Only Hall without going into the third story. Stage 32 feet deep, fine stock of scenery, 4 Proscenium Boxes, Parquette and Dress Circle and upper tier. Stage and aisles carpeted. Five dressing rooms. The Hall owns and controlls the principal and desirable bulletin boards and walls of the city. Terms reasonable. C. C. COLERICK, Agent, 84 Columbia st.
13-13t* E. F. COLERICK, Proprietor.

OLYMPIC CONCERT HALL,
NORFOLK, VA.

RICHARD DUDLEY, - - - - SOLE PROPRIETOR.
NOW IN THE FULL TIDE OF SUCCESS WITH A FIRST CLASS COMPANY.

A LADY VOCALIST AND DANSEUSE WANTED IMMEDIATELY. ARTISTS OF ACKNOWLEDGED ABILITY TREATED WITH. All letters answered. Address J. W. BERKLEY,
52-4t* Act'g and Stage Manager

ROYAL LYCEUM,
TORONTO, ONTARIO, CANADA,

Lessee and Manager..... MR. GEO. HOLMAN
Acting and Stage Manager..... MR. J. R. SPECKMAN

FALL AND WINTER SEASON OF 1868-69.

This popular and highly successful establishment will open for the Fall and Winter Season of 1868-69 on or about
SEPTEMBER 1.

Stock Artists of known ability desiring engagements will apply to the above.

NOTICE.—During the absence of the HOLMAN TROUPE in the principal Canadian cities, the Royal Lyceum, in complete order, will be let on reasonable terms to traveling companies not
OPERATIC OR DRAMATIC,
by the night or week. Applications, prepaid, to be made to H. KERBY, 81 King street, West. Dates open between June 1 and September 1, excepting week beginning June 15. 11-44t*

MUSIC HALL, Milwaukee, Wis.
This new, elegant and splendid Hall, with full Stage Appointments, Dressing Rooms, and all the modern improvements; capable of seating Eighteen hundred people, is now offered at reasonable rates, for Operas, Concerts, Lectures, theatrical and other performances. The Acoustics of the Hall are perfect. For particulars apply to
A. TEFFTER, Agent Mus. Hall.

WANTED,
For the
AMERICAN FREE CONCERT HALL,
NO. 53 HUDSON STREET,
ALBANY, N. Y.,
A FIRST CLASS LADY VOCALIST,
FIRST CLASS BALLAD SINGER,
ALSO, AN IRISH COMIC SINGER.
Apply to FITZPATRICK & WILLIAMS,
12-2t* Albany, N. Y.

TALENT WANTED,
By the CARTER ZOUAVE TROUPE, of all descriptions, for next season, commencing about the end of August. Also an AGENT WANTED. State full particulars and very lowest terms. Address
J. HENEAGE CARTER, Albany, N. Y.
P. S.—Silence a negative. 12-3t

ANNETTA GALLETTI,
premiere danseuse and star, and GUSSEPE CARDELLA, first dancer and ballet master, are at liberty to engage with any responsible manager for grand ballets, spectacles, having withdrawn from the American Theatre, Philadelphia, in consequence of the non-fulfillment of contract and bad faith of the management. 12-3t*

TO SHOWMEN. Great Living
CURIOSITY FOR SALE. Water Buffalo-Cow and Calf. These are the only specimens of these animals, of pure blood, ever imported into this country. The Cow weighs 1,250 lbs., has a Skin like an Elephant, perfectly smooth, without a particle of Hair. Calf weighs 250 lbs. Address 12-3t* GRIFFEN BROS., Salem, Mass

MR. R. JEAN BUCKLEY will
confer a favor by sending his address immediately, to J. L. DAVIS' Music Hall, 5 Market Space, Baltimore, Md. 12-2t*

WANTED,
For a short Summer Season, at the Howard Athenæum, Boston, commencing July 6th, a first class Singing Chambermaid, Low Comedian, Juvenile Lady, and Leading Heavy Man. State lowest salary. Address
CHAS. A. WING,
Business Manager for
MISS KATE FISHER,
12-2t Howard Athenæum, Boston.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
OMAHA, NEBRASKA.

Proprietor and Manager..... H. CORRI

This popular and highly successful establishment will close an eleven months season the first of August, and will open for the FALL AND WINTER SEASON OF 1868 AND '69, on or about
SEPTEMBER 15,

Stock Artists, of known ability, desiring engagements, will apply to the above. Silence considered a negative.

☞ STARS WISHING TIME WILL BE LIBERALLY TREATED WITH.

During the month of August the Academy of Music will be let on reasonable terms to respectable traveling companies, not dramatic.
10-8t

NOW IN ITS SUMMER SUIT.
"THE BALTIMORE OPERA HOUSE."

Thoroughly renovated; attractively improved; increased ventilation; encircled with mammoth open windows—THE NEW PLATFORM—and now crowded nightly. Make a note of this. ☞ Variety performers—regular and special—can rely on advantageous engagements by addressing or telegraphing (pre-paid), KERNAN & ERO.,
9-2t Baltimore Opera House, Baltimore, Md.

WALNUT ST. THEATRE.
Parties wishing to make arrangements for the use of the WALNUT ST. THEATRE, PHILADELPHIA,
during the June and August sets, will please address
THOS. J. HANLEY, Business Manager.

DODWORTH HALL,
NO. 806 BROADWAY.

JNO. M. KINNEY..... Lessee and Manager.
MONDAY, JUNE 8TH, and every night thereafter,
MR. ALF. BURNETT,
The Inimitable Humorist, assisted by the Poetic Reader, Miss Helen Nash, and the accomplished Vocalist, Mrs. Hattie Green. 13-1t*

C. E. COLLINS
AND JOHNNY QUEEN

are playing a most successful engagement at TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES, PITTSBURGH, previous to re-joining KELLY & LEWCOMB'S MINSTRELS, Cincinnati, on the 4th of July. 13-1t*

BOB HART AND J. C. CAMP-
BELL are at liberty for short engagements after July 4th.
13-2t* Address BOB HART, Box 302, Pittsburgh, Pa.

MANAGERS AND AGENTS
of Traveling Companies visiting Trenton, New Jersey, will consult their interest and comfort by calling on
UNCLE CHARLEY FOW, at the MADISON HOUSE.
Charley knows how to keep a hotel.
13-1t* CHAS. B. ORDETH,
Agent Charley Pettengill's Minstrels.

HAMILTON'S NEW HALL,
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA,

Opposite the Public Square and Post Office. The Hall is 120 feet long, by 55 wide, has two dressing rooms, raised seats, foot and border lights and carpet. The entrance is twelve feet wide.

Hamilton Hall is by far the most popular hall in the city.

N. B.—Hamilton Hall owns all the Bulletin Boards, and has leased all the desirable walls in the city for posting bills.

TO LET (for first class entertainments only.)

The above Hall will seat over 1,000 persons, is fitted with entirely new and elegant scenery (Plain).

The most centrally located building in the city, and every way adapted for
FIRST CLASS EXHIBITIONS.
H. N. WARD, Agent.
43-13m*

PIKE'S MUSIC HALL,
IN PIKE'S OPERA HOUSE BUILDING,
CINCINNATI, O.

This magnificent Hall, with seating capacity of about two thousand persons, is now ready for occupancy. Parties desiring to engage for one or more nights will address
S. N. PIKE,
Pike's Opera House, New York, or
WM. R. WILLIAMSON,
45-tf Care of S. N. PIKE, Cincinnati, O.

OPERA HOUSE,
QUINCY, ILL.

Just finished. Scenery, etc., complete. Capacity over 1,200. For rent by the night, week or year. Apply to
5-3m* T. DENYER WOODRUFF, Quincy, Ill.

R. B. KENT'S Theatrical Hosiery.
262 BOWERY, N. Y.,
FORMERLY GARNEY'S ESTABLISHMENT,
344 BOWERY.

All kinds of THEATRICAL AND CIRCUS CLOTHING constantly on hand and made to order. 8-13t*

ST. PAUL OPERA HOUSE.
New and handsomely fitted up, with good Stage Scenery, Green Room, etc.

For particulars, terms, etc., address
5-26t* R. C. MUNGER Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

GOMERSAL & FISKE,
GRAND DUCHESS COMBINATION, Burlesque Operas, Musical Pieces, etc. Managers wishing to negotiate address
CLIPPER OFFICE,
9-tf New York City.

THE NEW AMERICAN CORNET
AND BAND INSTRUMENTS.

LOUIS SCHREIBER'S PATENT—WITH WATER VALVES.

THE SWEETEST TONED, the MOST POWERFUL, the EASIEST BLOWN, the VERY BEST EVER MADE. THEY ARE NOVEL IN FORM, IN ACTION, AND IN THE MAKE OF THE VALVES.

Each part is made by machinery invented for the purpose. Years of close study and experiment enabled the talented
LOUIS SCHREIBER
to bring forth these beautiful instruments for the admiration and delight of all real lovers of
BAND AND ORCHESTRAL MUSIC.

Already they have made their MARK, and won golden opinions from some of the highest
MUSICAL AUTHORITIES.

They have taken the
FIRST PRIZE MEDAL AT THE PARIS EXPOSITION.
GRAND GOLD MEDAL AT THE FAIR OF THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE FOR 1867.

Such men as OLE BULL; C. S. GRAFULA, 7